"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today, colder by night; Thursday, fair, colder; northwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,250. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1918. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WILSON SAYS HE FINDS EUROPE FOR A JUST PEACE AND CLOSE CO-OPERATION IN MAKING IT SECURE; STARTS TO SPEND CHRISTMAS WITH OUR TROOPS

DANIELS LAUDS NAVY AS FLEET NEARS HOME PORT

Tells of Our Part in Keeping the Seas Free and Making Land Victory Possible.

COMING TO GREET FIGHTERS

Flashes Wireless Christmas Message to American Sailors the World Over.

REVIEW AND PARADE HERE

Battle Fleet Will Open Thunder of Guns Off Statue of Liberty Tomorrow Morning.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The vital importance of naval power, something that the British have never neglected since the days of Drake and Nelson, was emphasized by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the American Navy, tonight in a statement issued by way of tribute to the service rendered by the American naval forces now nearing New York from European waters.

In his statement, which was issued on the eve of his departure for New York City to review the returning warships, Mr. Daniels asserted that "these powerful ships, the equal of anything in the world, in co-operation with the powerful British fleet, gave such predominance of sea power in the North Sea that the German fleet never dared to invite suicide by coming out and offering battle." Further on in his statement Mr. Daniels asserts that "sea power once again demonstrated its primacy in making land victories possible. The text of Mr. Daniels's statement follows:

"In welcoming home the powerful American dreadnoughts, which have been engaged overseas during the war, the American people will greet the officers and men with pride and congratulations. These powerful ships, the equal of any in the world, in co-operation with the powerful British fleet, gave such predominance of sea power in the North Sea that the German fleet dared not invite suicide by coming out and offering battle. They did not try conclusions because they knew there never was a fleet in being that could have had a chance of victory against the British and American fleet, working together with the same signals, and the same strategy as if they were of the naval power of a single nation. Their mission was as single as if they had represented only one instead of the two great English speaking nations. Their united service typified and cemented the ties between our country and Great Britain. Their silent vigils protected commerce, secured safe passage of troops and supplies, and effectually bottled up the German fleet, rendering it as impotent for harm as if it had never been constructed.

"Sea power once again demonstrated its primacy in making land victories possible. While the American dreadnoughts, an important part of the world's strongest armada, were not given an opportunity to win a great victory, they did more: They co-operated in receiving the surrendered German fleet which capitulated to the superior force of the allied fleets, and they will be received at home with all the honors given to valiant victors."

Secretary Daniels today flashed by wireless to the officers and men of the American navy, in all parts of the world, this Christmas message:

"Voicing the sentiment of the whole world, which is proud of the achievements of the American navy, I send Christmas greetings with congratulations upon high achievement. All in the navy will celebrate this Christmas with knowledge of the appreciation of the American people for the important part they bore in bringing peace on earth this Christmas Day.

"The navy never so well deserved the confidence of the people and it never possessed it in so large a measure. It is safely anchored in the affections of all Americans. This thought must give happiness to all in the service. My good wishes for happy Christmas to all in the navy and to all who are near and dear to them."

HOMECOMING WARSHIPS HOLDING TO SCHEDULE

Due in the Harbor Tomorrow Morning—Program of Review and Great Land Parade.

The dreadnoughts, which for more than eighteen months have stood ready for battle in European waters, are coming in on schedule, according to late wireless advices received yesterday from Admiral Henry T. Mayo, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, who is leading the returning ironclads on his flagship the superdreadnought Pennsylvania. The ships are due off Fire Island at 4 o'clock tomorrow. They are expected to be abreast the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 7 A. M., and the head of the column should pass the reviewing yacht Mayflower off the Statue of Liberty soon after 9 o'clock.

The superdreadnought Arizona of the battle squadron which operated off

Continued on Page Three.

ZIEGFELD 8 O'CLOCK REVUE and Midnight Frolic atop New Amsterdam Theatre. Two entirely different entertainments. "A Night of Beauty such as even Paris has never seen." Two shows so far superior to anything ever seen in New York that no one can afford to miss them.—Advt.

14 Carloads of Yule Gifts Reach Our Troops on Rhine

COBLENZ, Dec. 23, (Associated Press.)—Fourteen carloads of Christmas packages from the United States arrived here today for divisions along the line, and distribution will be started immediately by means of motor trucks and the railroads. Hundreds of soldiers have been pressed into service to assist the civilian mail employes.

Word reached the Transportation Bureau of the Third Army today that more than 200 Knights of Columbus and Y. M. C. A. entertainers were on the way to the occupied territory by special train to give entertainments.

Drills will be dispensed with on Christmas, and for a week there will be drills only in the morning.

Snow fell early this morning.

OUSTED SAILORS MUTINY IN BERLIN

Chancellery Blockaded for a Time by Guard Which Rebelled at Being Shifted.

FIGHT ON UNTER DEN LINDEN

Casualties Reported in Clash with Republican Troops—Strikes at Mines Spread.

BERLIN, Dec. 23, (Associated Press.)—The German Foreign Office and the Chancellery adjoining it, which is at present the seat of the Government, were blockaded for an hour and a half this afternoon by a squad of sailors which had been doing guard duty there for the last month.

The sailors, who were about to be replaced by a republican soldier guard and sent back to Kiel, objected to the new ruling. As a protest against the action of the military commander, small squads of them attempted demonstrations in various parts of the downtown district.

At a guardhouse in Unter den Linden the sailors clashed with members of the new republican guard. Shots were exchanged, and it is reported that there were a number of casualties.

A wild bullet entered the classroom in the University of Berlin of Professor Winer Sombart, a well-known economist, but no damage was done.

The presence of the sailors in Berlin has been a source of dissatisfaction among the troops returning from the front, and friction is frequent. Suspicion is general that the bluejackets have leanings toward the Spartacus group.

New strikes have broken out in the Silesian coalfield as a result of agitation carried on by agents of Dr. Liebknecht, the Radical Socialist leader, the Tageblatt says it is informed. The agents succeeded in inducing the miners to repudiate the recent agreement with the mine owners. New demands with the condition that they be accepted at once were refused by the owners, and five of the leading mines have shut down. The present Silesian output is half the normal yield.

The Rhenish Westphalian coalfields are also partly paralyzed by a strike, which has cut down the usual output one-third.

The Socialist Vorwärts says that the entire industrial activity of Saxony will be crippled within fourteen days unless more coal is assured. In November the coal shortage in Saxony amounted to 30,000 tons. The December supply, it is said, will show a greater decrease.

BROCKDORFF WANTS LEAGUE OF NATIONS

New Berlin Foreign Minister Adheres to Wilson's 14 Points—Socialist Fusion Fails.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, German Minister to Denmark, who has jjust been appointed Foreign Secretary at Berlin in succession to Dr. Solf, was interviewed today by the Berlin correspondent of the Copenhagen Politiken.

He said he cherished no illusions as to the difficulty of the task confronting him, but that he had confidence that the German people had now taken their own fate into their hands. The Count said that his earnest aim would be to achieve a peace based on President Wilson's fourteen points and thereby secure a League of Nations.

An agreement has been reached between the Berlin Government and the German General Staff by which Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Gröner, the Chief Quartermaster General, retain their offices, according to the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin.

Vice Admiral Hipper, Commander in Chief of the German High Seas Fleet; Vice Admiral Bachmann, Commander of the Baltic Fleet, and Captain Hinke, Director of the dockyards at Kiel, have been dismissed.

It is reported from Berlin that parleys between the Majority Socialists and the Independent Socialists concerning elections to the National Assembly have failed and that the Independents have decided to nominate candidates in all districts.

Seizure of property owned by the Prussian Royal family (the Hohenzollerns) would produce immediately the sum of 900,000,000 marks, according to figures compiled by the Frankfort Nachrichten.

The circulation of German bank notes increased during the war from 1,500,000,000 marks to 30,000,000,000 marks, Herr Simon, Prussian Finance Minister, states. In Prussia during the period from April 1 to Oct. 31, 1918, the State expenditures exceeded the income by 218,000,000 marks.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

WILSON PROBLEM IN LONDON

Liberal Organs Inclined to Put Indemnity Ahead of League.

BRITISH POLICY UNDEFINED

But Widespread Demand That Germany Be Required to Pay to the Utmost.

FOLLOWS PREMIER'S IDEA

President's Conference with Premier on Friday Awaited with Keen Interest.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Great interest is being displayed in all sections of the press on the peace discussions that are to attend the visit of President Wilson in London and significant opinions are expressed with regard to the League of Nations in at least two of the Liberal organs.

A. P. Nicholson, The Daily News's political correspondent, writes:

"Arrangements for the Inter-Allied Peace Conference in Paris were altered by President Wilson's sudden intention of visiting this country. This delay in the counsels of the Allies was not at first anticipated and welcome as is the earlier opportunity afforded to Britain of greeting the President, his visit undertaken in these circumstances obviously has a special significance at this stage of the preliminary conversations between the chief allied representatives.

"During the last two days club rumor and political gossip here has deduced from the President's visit some preliminary differences of opinion between the United States and this country, and it is being suggested that there is difficulty on the subject of the freedom of the seas. There is good reason for saying that these deductions are entirely inaccurate. So far from President Wilson's sudden visit implying any lack of co-ordination in the views of the United States and Britain, it is likely to bring them into closer sympathy. Preliminary difficulties which need composing have arisen in other quarters."

The Star, the evening edition of The Daily News, prints a note to the effect that the conferences which President Wilson will have with the Prime Minister and his colleagues on Friday will be concerned with the "extremely important aspect of the peace terms to be imposed upon Germany," adding: "The question at issue is not the freedom of the seas nor Great Britain's naval preponderance, which could have been discussed as opportunely in France as here. The disarrangement of plan which keeps the court and Cabinet in London over Christmas is due to developments of opinion which have become known to the President since his arrival in Paris."

Significance of the Statements.

Put in plain language, these statements in the two Liberal organs quoted mean that President Wilson found Continental opinion on the subject of retribution by Germany very hard set, and there is the implied suggestion that the chief object of his visit here is to ascertain the views of the British Government on the question.

This may or may not be a correct hypothesis. It can, however, be stated that it does reflect the very widespread opinion that there is a tendency to force the note of retribution and restitution to a pitch not far below punitive indemnities. The French press has been conducting a strong campaign for payments by Germany on a scale which would necessitate long occupation of German territories by allied troops.

Some sections of the British press support a similar policy, and the popular vote at the recent general election probably will be found to have been cast heavily in favor of making Germany pay to the limit of her capacity. That was Lloyd George's phrase, and a British commission was appointed to determine what is her capacity.

If it be a correct assumption that President Wilson found in Paris that his hopes of establishing a League of Nations, into which Germany shall be at once admitted with equal economic rights, are incompatible with French

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Lord Mayor Voices London's Eagerness to Greet Wilson

By SIR HORACE MARSHALL, Lord Mayor of London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The visit of President Wilson is an event of the greatest interest and importance to us in London, and he may be certain of the warmest and most cordial of welcomes, not only on account of his commanding position as head of the American people, but by reason of that winning personality of his of which every one is talking.

We want to tell him the debt of gratitude we owe to America for expediting the victory of the Allies and to thank him for those lucid and insistent explanations of the terms of victory and peace which have won the warmest assent of those who have been engaged in the conflict of right against might which has now been brought to a triumphant conclusion.

We desire, too, to express through him our deep gratitude to all his compatriots, official and otherwise, who have assuaged the lot of our prisoners of war and alleviated the sufferings of our fighting men and those civilian victims on whom the wrath of the enemy fell with most malignant and persistent harshness.

For all these, and many other reasons too numerous to mention, the President, both officially and personally, will be greeted with affectionate enthusiasm, and we look forward to his visit (alas! all too short) with the greatest and most pleasant anticipations.

LONDON DECKED IN WILSON'S HONOR

Route from Charing Cross to Buckingham Palace to be a Riot of Color.

STARS AND STRIPES ABOUND

Venetian Masts Looped with Bunting and Evergreens Line Way for Miles.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—If the sun shines on Thursday afternoon President Wilson will see this gray old city a perfect riot of color all along the three miles that he will traverse in his drive to Buckingham Palace, except as he passes down Constitution Hill, where the park itself will present the decoration. He will see the smoke-begrimed buildings almost hidden by many-hued bunting and thousands of flags fluttering in the breeze.

The time has been short to work this transformation, but a thousand men have been put on the job, and most of them will sacrifice their Christmas holiday tomorrow to put it through.

The system of decoration is uniform throughout, and consists of planting Venetian masts at intervals along the curb and connecting them up by festoons of evergreen and hanging on each a shield with the British and Dominion arms, topped by great clusters of flags. The effect when complete will be excellent, and the President will drive through an avenue of colors and under a roof of greenery.

Prominent everywhere is the Stars and Stripes. It will be the first thing President Wilson sees as he steps off the train at Charing Cross. It will be the first thing again to catch his eye as he comes out into the station yard. Crossed with the Tricolor of France, it flaunts from the first of the masts on the line of route. It divides with the British Union Jack the front of the National Gallery in Trafalgar Square, and it will be hoisted with the Union Jack on many of the large buildings.

Stars and Stripes Everywhere.

The Stars and Stripes will be everywhere and will be far more in evidence than any other flag, but, according to British precedent, colors of every kind will be used. Naval signal flags will be mingled with national ensigns and combinations of colors that have no special meaning will be used with the result of producing an effect of almost bewildering brightness and warmth.

To some extent the decorations finally displayed must depend on the weather. In this treacherous climate it would be foolish to hang out some of the materials until the last moment, but it is hoped to make St. James Palace, picturesque enough in itself, particularly joyous with its brilliant rugs and priceless tapestries hung along the outer walls. Then the scene in front of Buckingham Palace will be most striking. Venetian masts have been planted all around the great circle, in the centre of which stands the Queen Victoria Memorial, and its

Continued on Page Two.

SIX BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

SENATE CRITICISM HEEDED

Our Commissioners Disclaim Intention of Ignoring Legislators.

PROMISE LIGHT IN DUE TIME

American Position Will Be Disclosed to Press When Inter-Allied Exchanges Begin.

WHITE COUNSELS PATIENCE

Said to Have Advised Republicans to Await Developments in Wilson's Course.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Some impression appears to have been made on the American peace delegation by criticism in the Senate directed against the failure of President Wilson to keep the Senate informed of the progress of the exchanges with allied statesmen in Paris. At least that is the conclusion I draw from comment in official American quarters concerning the speeches by Senators Lodge and Knox last week, summaries of which are appearing piecemeal in the European press.

Not that anybody regarded as qualified to speak for the American delegation will admit that these criticisms are well taken. The interpretation of the feeling created here by what Senators Knox and Lodge said is based rather on the suggestion put forward that these Republican leaders have set up a straw man to knock him down.

The contention that the Senate as part of the treaty making authority, had a right to participation in the American delegation's exchanges with the Allied Peace Commissions, was brought forward in America and debated very thoroughly before the President's departure for France. The President then showed no sign of being moved by the considerations advanced by leading Senators, and appointed a commission in which the Senate was not represented, ignoring the precedent established by McKinley in choosing a majority of the Spanish War Peace Commission from the Senate. Now that this contention has been revived inferentially in another form—that the President is not carrying out a virtual promise to keep in touch with Washington in order that what is taking place at Paris during his visit may be known in America—those qualified to represent the American Commission's views furnish their answer in a statement that nothing has yet been done that justifies communicating with Washington. This response carries with it the inference that as soon as progress toward actual negotiations is begun, the President will authorize communication with America—whether directly with the Senate or in some other way is not being stated.

Peace-Making Not Started Yet.

To all outward appearance, the explanation that nothing has yet been accomplished toward a definite understanding with the allied Governments in making peace seems to have some justification, despite the fact that President Wilson has had many conversations with European statesmen. But these conversations, it has been intimated, had more to do with establishing basic principles than with determining details. The American Peace Commissioners assert daily that they are more occupied in matters of administrative organization than in oral or other exchanges with allied statesmen having to do with the actual business of making peace, and that the real start in that direction has not been made. They do not assume to speak for President Wilson, but do convey the idea that the President's conferences with European officials must be considered in the light of informal preliminaries, and not as committing the United States to steps justifying the Senate as part of the treaty-making authority in demanding that it be informed.

In other words, the President is merely feeling his way in order as it were, to study the ground before formulating his plans. This conforms to the understanding previously given and set forth in Paris dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES that President Wilson came to Europe with an open

Continued on Page Two.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Golf—Shooting—Racing—and other sporting Tournaments in full swing.—Advt.

Wilson Sends Christmas Greeting And Cheer Over Peace Prospects

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—President Wilson in Paris sent to the American people today the following Christmas message:

I hope that it will cheer the people at home to know that I find their boys over here in fine form and in fine spirits, esteemed by all those with whom they have been associated in the war and trusted wherever they go, and they will also, I am sure, be cheered by the knowledge of the fact that throughout the great nations with which we have been associated in this war public opinion strongly sustains all proposals for a just and lasting peace and a close co-operation of the self-governing peoples of the world in making that peace secure after its present settlements are formulated.

Nothing could constitute a more acceptable Christmas reassurance than the sentiments which I find everywhere prevalent.

FIVE PEACE ENVOYS FOR EACH NATION

Wilson's Preliminary Conferences with Allied Statesmen Have Decided This Point.

ALLIED SLATES INCOMPLETE

England, France, and Italy Have Still to Name Their Full Delegations.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—One of the decisions arrived at in the conferences held by Wilson, Lansing, Clemenceau, Orlando, Sonnino is that each power shall have five delegates at the Peace Conference. The five who will represent America are already known. No other power has yet announced the complete personnel of its delegation.

Clemenceau, Pichon, and Foch are sure to represent France. Léon Bourgeois is almost certain of a place at the table. He is the chief French authority on the League of Nations and all matters pertaining to international arbitration. He was the head of the French delegation at The Hague and has been Premier.

Captain André Tardieu has been until recently the man most frequently mentioned for the fifth place in the French delegation, but within the last ten days considerable doubt has developed concerning his chances.

Aristide Briand is a prime favorite just now. He was Premier and Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the earlier part of the war, and is probably more familiar than any other Frenchman with treaties, secret and open. But the chief difficulty with Briand is that he is too big a personage for a subordinate place in any delegation, and, of course, all the French delegates must be subordinate to Clemenceau.

Another strong possibility is Louis Loucheur, the Minister of National Reconstruction. Since taking that new portfolio he has devoted himself to the study of what is needed for the rehabilitation of the invaded regions of France, and so has first-hand knowledge of important items of the damages Germany should be made to pay.

For the Italian delegation three names are taken for granted—those of Orlando, Sonnino, and Diaz. Two others often mentioned in Paris are Nitti and Marconi, but there is considerable doubt concerning both. Nitti is looked upon in France as a statesman who was long committed to the traditional Italian policy of trying to maintain equilibrium between the central and western groups of European powers. He is by no means accused of having belonged to the Giolitti school while the war was in progress or before Italy entered it, but now that the fighting is over there is a feeling that he may be inclined to give Germany too much opportunity to regain her former political power in European affairs. Nevertheless, Orlando may be compelled to choose Nitti because of domestic political considerations.

For Belgium, Hymans, the Foreign Minister, and Emile Vandervelde are sure of two places, and a member of the Catholic Party will be one of the other three delegates.

The Grand Patriarch of Serbia and Vesnitch, Serbian Minister to France, will lead the Jugoslav delegation. Bratiano will be Rumania's chief man, and Benes will be spokesman for the new Czechoslovak State, probably with President Masaryk as one of his associates.

According to speculation in Paris, Lloyd George and Balfour are the only men certain to be named as British delegates. France looks for radical Cabinet changes in London after the results of the election are known, and thinks that the personnel of the British peace delegation will be largely determined by those changes after Christmas.

SAY RUSSIA MUST SAVE HERSELF

Allies Decide Not to Send Vast Military Expedition, Paris Press Asserts.

ARE READY TO CO-OPERATE

Will Extend Support and Practical Help When the Orderly Elements Have United.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Important conferences in an effort to find a ground for co-operation between the Allies and the United States on the one hand and the order-loving, patriotic elements in Russia on the other, were held yesterday at the Russian Embassy, today's newspapers report.

The Entente Governments, the press accounts declare, are completely in accord in a decision to refuse to undertake a vast military expedition into Russia. It is considered the part of Russia herself to get together her orderly elements, which, when united, it is declared, will find support and practical help forthcoming from the allied nations and the American Republic.

The Russians here, representing many parties, have apparently reconciled their political differences and are working toward a common end.

Vladimir N. Kokovsoff, former Russian Premier, contends in a statement in the morning papers that allied intervention is essential.

"A military dictatorship," he goes on, "must be established. However repugnant such a solution may appear to French minds, a military dictatorship alone can put an end to the present anarchic régime and permit the establishment of a new, healthy and honest Government. Should the Allies not intervene, it would permit the Germans to strengthen and extend their grip on Russia and finally bring about close political relations between the two countries."

"Will the Allies intervene? Frankly, I hardly think so. I bring from London a rather pessimistic impression. In that capital they aspire, above all, to complete the settlement of the cataclysm which upset the world and seem afraid of the mere idea of fresh complications."

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The British Government will lay before President Wilson all information it has gathered respecting the Russian situation, which is the cause of considerable anxiety in some circles here.

Dispatches from Archangel point out that the Bolshevist forces there are well supplied and that they include good fighting material. Any serious reverse to the Allies in Northern Russia, who have an enormous front to guard, would result, it is said, in the territory being overrun by the Bolsheviki and probably the massacre of those Russians who have been friendly to the Allies.

It has been suggested that more seasoned troops should be sent to Russia. Sections of public opinion here and in France, however, are opposed to entering into a further large venture into Russia which might mean the starting of a new war.

HOLD 3,205 IN ONE PRISON.

Bolsheviki in Petrograd Continue Wholesale Arrests.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—In the Kresti penitentiary, one of the prisons of Petrograd, 3,205 persons are being detained by the Bolshevist authorities, according to Russian advices received by Reuter's Limited. The prisoners comprise the following:

Condemned by peoples' tribunals, 1,108; awaiting trial on accusation of breaking Bolshevist decrees, 330; arrested by the Bolshevist authorities without being accused of any specific crime, 1,504) arrested and no accusation made for more than two months, 260; imprisoned for more than two months and authority for arrest unknown, 3.

Among the prisoners are 350 bourgeoise, 87 Monarchists, 270 Social Democrats, 311 Social Revolutionaries, 32 Social Communists, 5 anarchists, 25 Bolsheviki and 461 of no definite party.

SIX BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

12 HOURS WITH SOLDIERS

Presjdent Will Review 10,000 Men and Dine at Their Mess.

FEAR DELAY OF CONGRESS

Some Diplomats Doubt if It Can Begin Its Work Before February.

HOOVER'S PLANS SHAPING

Belief Grows That Food Distribution Will Be Centred in His Hands.

PARIS, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson left Paris tonight for a week's trip, which will take him to American Army headquarters at Chaumont and to England. He was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, Rear Admiral Grayson, and a small party. The President is traveling by military train and will reach Chaumont Christmas morning.

On Christmas he will spend twelve hours in the Chaumont region, where he will take dinner with the men at their mess and review 10,000 American soldiers. The forces taking part in the review will consist of one infantry battalion from each of these divisions: 6th, 29th, 77th [Upton], 80th, and 82d. There will be an artillery unit from the 77th Division and two troops of the 6th Cavalry. Later he will inspect the billets in several of the villages, and, returning to Chaumont, will be the guest of General Pershing and his staff.

Mr. Wilson will leave American Headquarters at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening for Calais, and on Thursday morning will embark on a warship for England. As far as is known here, there will be no further changes in the President's program in England unless the British Government suggests them.

American officials here are deeply interested in the reception which will be accorded the President by the British people, and especially in the Manchester industrial district. The President himself looks forward with high expectations to the review of the troops and his visit to England.

With his return to Paris from England on New Year's Day he hopes that the most necessary preliminary organization work of the American Commission will be completed. The business of beginning to make peace may get under way if by then the other Governments concerned have named their delegates. Official notification of the appointment of the various delegates, it is believed, will come within ten days, although it is realized that the British delegates may not be chosen until the elections are entirely out of the way.

Delay in Opening the Conference.

The question of the admission of German delegates is still undecided, while that of Russian representation has gone no further than some informal discussions between the American Commissioners and prominent Russiahs here. Doubts are being expressed by some diplomatists that the conference can begin work in the first week of January, as has been expected. Some of them are inclined to think that the first meeting may not be held before February.

In that event the President's plans would be somewhat disarranged, because he has been planning to return to the United States before Feb. 15, with a good deal accomplished, in a preliminary way at least. He will be ready to return to Europe in the Spring, but hopes that this may not be necessary.

This morning Mr. Wilson paid a visit to Premier Clemenceau. His only official engagement this evening was with the Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs.

With regard to the President's approaching visit to England it is surmised that in addition to the social functions of his stay the occasion may arise for the discussion of important subjects with the British statesmen, and the President is prepared for such an eventuality. It is evident from the attitude of French people that his visit to London and elsewhere in England will be followed by them with the greatest interest.

Since the end of the social functions in Paris in connection with the President's visit here his conferences with various American officials, with the evident purpose of familiarizing himself with the details of the important questions to be discussed, have been

closely followed by the French public, as have been his exchanges of views with the statesmen of other nations. Particular interest has been attached to the action of himself and his advisers in giving attention to the provisioning of the European countries that are lacking food, which he regards as one of the most immediately pressing problems.

Conferring with Hoover and Hurley.

Herbert C. Hoover, American Food Administrator, and Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the American Shipping Board, called on the President by appointment late yesterday. Mr. Hoover's visit had to do with the problem of provisioning sections of Europe where great food shortage exists or is threatened as the result of the overrunning of the country by German troops, or the inability of the inhabitants to find labor to till the soil.

Suggestions that relief work in these sections be placed in the hands of an international committee have come from some Entente countries, but it now seems assured that the original plans of the administration in this matter will be adhered to. It is probable that the work of supplying food will be kept under one head in the interest of rapidity of action and efficiency. This head, it seems certain, will be Mr. Hoover, who has prepared tentative plans for the extension of the machinery he has already created for the relief of devastated portions of Belgium and France.

Mr. Hurley talked with Mr. Wilson on shipping subjects. One feature of the problem under consideration is the application of the French Government for permission to rehabilitate its merchant marine through the use of great American shipbuilding plants which were developed to meet war ends. The French Government has already, through Captain André Tardieu, who was French High Commissioner to the United States, reminded Mr. Wilson that France was compelled, in the common interest of the Entente, completely to suspend the construction of merchant ships.

Captain Tardieu at that time told the President that France could not even undertake to replace ships destroyed by German and Austrian submarines if she turned her great shipbuilding plants into munition factories to supply the Entente armies with artillery and ammunition. He explained that the end of the war, therefore, would find France almost without ships and dependent upon foreign bottoms for tonnage if her appeal for aid was unheeded.

Due consideration is being given this claim, but it is understood that the Chairman of the Shipping Board is disposed to withhold American shipbuilding facilities from all foreign customers until the final peace treaty is signed.

Mr. Hurley intended to return immediately to America, but has changed his plans, and, because there is a probability that these subjects will soon become a matter of negotiation, has decided to remain in France indefinitely.

It is understood the French building program calls for 6,000,000 tons within the next three years. The French Government already has placed orders for 500,000 tons in British yards, and had hoped to order 800,000 tons in American yards. The aggregate after three years would be about three times the merchant tonnage of France before the war. The increase is said to be due largely to changes by which the Mediterranean ports will become the centres of the commercial penetration of Europe instead of the North Sea ports.

Crowds Getting Used to Wilson.

After ten days of enthusiastic demonstrations in his honor the Parisians have become accustomed to the presence of President Wilson. Although they are still interested in all his movements they are now satisfied to follow them with respectful deference to his wish to be able to move about town without provoking a crush everywhere he goes.

Although yesterday's crowds on the boulevards were almost unprecedented, the President and Mrs. Wilson strolled through the principal shopping district in comparative tranquility. They were recognized repeatedly, but were never embarrassed by too demonstrative attentions. Hats were doffed often as they passed, and occasionally a discreet "Vive Wilson" was heard, but after paying their respects the boulevard Christmas shoppers went their way, leaving the American Executive and his wife to follow their own bent. Thus they were able to do their Christmas shopping without discomfort, despite the holiday throng.

They spent two hours in the shopping district yesterday, walking from the Murat residence down one of the principal boulevards, and going first to a widely known American book store, where Mr. Wilson was at once recognized. After making several purchases there, they went to some shops that Mrs. Wilson desired to visit and spent some time "window-wishing," as it is sometimes called in the United States.

The show windows were full of pretty things, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson strolled from one to another arm-in-arm, stopping to admire and chat and often to go inside to buy. They made remarkable progress with the French clerks, who did not always recognize them; but all Americans gave greetings, which the President and his wife returned with smiles and bows.

When the shopping was finished, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson had accumulated many packages, an automobile driven by one of the American Motor Corps drivers took them home. The President always remembers those who are members of his immediate staff at holiday time, and this year they will have presents bought in Paris.

Mrs. Wilson today made personal and official Christmas calls, leaving the President's cards.

The members of the American peace delegation will take a Christmas holiday. Secretary Lansing will visit his two sisters, who have been doing war work at the front.

KING NICHOLAS WILL MEET WILSON

Wants Montenegro to be Included in the Jugoslav Federation.

HOPES FOR A WORLD LEAGUE

Believes Self-Determination Would Bring Peace and Happiness to All.

PARIS, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—King Nicholas of Montenegro intends to visit President Wilson as soon as possible. The King has been suffering from an attack of the grip, and yesterday, for the first time since he was stricken, he was able to stroll along the Bois de Boulogne. Speaking to The Associated Press, he said:

"The aspirations of Montenegro are in common accord with those of the other peoples of the same race—to become a part of the Jugoslav Confederation, but preserve its autonomy, independence, and customs.

"Montenegro wishes Europe to make it possible for it to have its own intellectual life, although maintaining cordial and fraternal relations with neighboring peoples. Montenegro might be called the dean of the Jugoslav peoples. It was first to insure its independence, fighting for five centuries against Mussulman oppression for the liberty of itself and its neighbors.

"Montenegro has never ceased to shed its blood and in the beginning of the great war showed its solidarity with Serbia's cause. In 1914 the whole Montenegrin population took up arms. It provided 45,000 soldiers, which, considering the number of its inhabitants, is the largest proportion of men given by any nation during the struggle. Every Montenegrin citizen from 18 to 63 years of age is a soldier.

"Montenegro was nearly exhausted by the sacrifices made during the Balkan wars, in which it lost 13,000 men and almost all its war material. The new war constituted a new series of privations. Our dead on the battlefields number about 10,000, the number of prisoners is as yet unknown, and many succumbed to starvation and exposure."

When asked for his opinion on the proposed League of Nations and other subjects likely to come before the peace conference, King Nicholas said:

"I hope that I can live long enough to see such a plan realized. As to the freedom of the seas, Montenegro is interested only indirectly. I have not as yet studied the matter sufficiently to give a positive view on such a complex subject. I think the right of self-determination should be granted to each nationality. It is a principle from which the entire world may expect peace and happiness, if applied without restrictions and reserve."

MANCHESTER AWAITS WILSON.

Industrial City Deeply Interested in Proposal for World League.

MANCHESTER, England, Dec. 24.—The visit to Manchester next Monday of President Wilson is being looked forward to eagerly as an important event in the history of the city, which is making elaborate preparations for his reception and entertainment.

According to present arrangements the President will receive the freedom of the city in a large room in the Town Hall which accomodates about 800. As virtually all of Lancashire is expected in Manchester, it has been suggested that the much larger Free Trade Hall be utilized for the occasion.

It is hoped that President Wilson and his party will arrive here before sunset on Sunday, but should it prove otherwise the city will be illuminated. The party will be met at the station by the Lord Mayor and his wife, a reception committee, the town clerk and the chief constable and will be conducted to the Town Hall through the principal streets. There will be guards of honor at the station and at the Town Hall, while the streets will be lined with troops.

Monday will be a busy day for the President. He will leave the Town Hall at 8 o'clock to inspect the Manchester ship canal. The party will drive to and from the canal and give the populace a good opportunity to see the President. At 11 o'clock the ceremony of presenting the freedom of the city will take place at the Town Hall, after which the party will be entertained at luncheon at the Midland Hotel.

The population of Manchester is desirous that the President deliver an address on the subject of a League of Nations, in which it is interested, at the Free Trade Hall, but it is not believed likely that the President will have time to make a speech there. The Presidential party will depart for London in a special train at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

WILSON INVITED TO HOLLAND.

Sent Queen Wilhelmina His Acknowledgments Before Sailing.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 24.—Before the departure of the President and Mrs. Wilson from Washington, Queen Wilhelmina sent them an invitation to visit Holland. The reply, which was sent to the Queen by the President early in December, has just been published. It leaves the question of acceptance of the invitation open.

The reply expresses "sincere gratification" at the Queen's invitation and promises that the President and Mrs. Wilson will keep in mind "your kind and generous offer of hospitality, and take the liberty of letting you know, if you will not deem it discourteous of us to do so, whether it will be possible to give ourselves the pleasure of accepting your offer." It concludes:

"Please accept from Mrs. Wilson and myself the assurance of our most respectful friendship."

FREEDOM OF ROME FOR WILSON

City Council Votes to Bestow the Honor Upon Him.

ROME, Dec. 24.—The freedom of the City of Rome will be bestowed upon President Wilson on his visit here. The City Council yesterday voted to take such action, as proposed by Prince Colonna, the Mayor of Rome. The resolution was adopted by acclamation.

SHARP COMING TO AMERICA.

Ambassador Is Called Home by the Illness of His Brother.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The State Department announced today that William G. Sharp, American Ambassador in Paris, sailed from Brest today on the transport Mauretania for New York on leave of absence. He has been called home on account of the serious illness of his brother at Elyria, Ohio.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Ambassador Sharp called on President Wilson last evening to bid good-bye, as he has been unexpectedly called to America by the severe illness of a brother. He started last night for Brest, there to sail for New York on a transport. Robert Woods Bliss, counselor of the embassy, will be Chargé d'Affaires during his absence.

Mr. Sharp's decision was reached after the receipt of two cablegrams concerning the condition of his brother. Mrs. Sharp and the family will remain here, as it is expected that the Ambassador's absence will not be prolonged.

ELYRIA, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Ambassador Sharp's twin brother, George Sharp, has been ill for several years. Last Saturday he suffered a stroke of paralysis and on Monday a second attack.

George Sharp is 60 years old, has been retired for several years, and formerly was a State Senator in Michigan. He lives here with his mother.

PLEA OF FRENCH FARMERS.

Not Likely to Have Representation at Peace Congress.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—In reply to a communication from the agricultural associations of France, asking that they be represented at the Peace Congress, the French Government has informed them that it will defend equally all French interests.

It is improbable that delegations representing particular interests will be admitted to direct participation in the conference, but the promise is made that if any are thus admitted farmers shall be represented as well, and any communications expressing the views of the farming population will be received by the Government.

JAMAICA FOR BIG INDEMNITY.

Wants It Commensurate with the Empire's War Expenditures.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 24.—The Jamaica Imperial Association, representing the great majority of landowners of the island, has cabled the British Empire Producers' Organization of London its support of the latter's resolution demanding that the Central Powers pay an indemnity fully commensurate with the cost of the war to the Empire. In this sum is included the contribution to England by Jamaica, to be paid in forty years at £60,000 yearly.

The association has received advices from London that Jamaica sugar will receive preferential treatment. It is also gathered from speeches of Lloyd George and other statesmen that coffee and cocoa will enjoy a measure of protection.

Telegrams which have passed between the Governor and the Secretary of State are to the effect that Jamaica will have state-aided central factories.

CHINA'S PEACE ENVOYS LAND.

Reach Seattle and Are Met by Marshall Langhorne.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 24.—Chinese delegates to the Versailles Peace Conference arrived today on the way to Washington. Lou Tsing Tsiang, Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs and former high Chinese diplomatic representative in Russia and Holland, who is head of the peace party, was ill, but he expected to be able to continue his journey.

Haw Ling & Yen, counselor of the Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs, said that although the party was bound for the European peace table, it had not yet been officially designated as China's delegation. He said China had no set peace program.

"We are watching developments, and probably will not formulate our policy until we reach France," he said. "China has been with the Allies strongly during the war, and will be with them in the same manner at the peace table. China at times has been misrepresented by enemies, but it has been proved that this 'made in Germany' propaganda was false and misleading."

Marshall Langhorne, a repersentative of the State Department, and American naval officials met the delegation.

WILSON MAY SPEAK IN CARLISLE CHURCH

Invited to Address Congregation in Edifice Where His Grandfather Was Pastor.

MOTHER'S OLD HOME FOUND

Former Pupil of the Rev. Mr. Woodrow Locates House Where the Pastor-Teacher Resided.

CARLISLE, England, Dec. 24.—The visit of President Wilson to the home of his maternal grandfather in Carlisle on Sunday will be almost coincident with his sixty-second birthday, which occurs on Saturday. His visit will have a double object.

The President will attend worship in the Lowther Street Congregational Church, of which his grandfather was pastor for fifteen years, and will visit the scenes of his mother's early childhood. The Rev. Edward Booth, pastor of the church, has invited the President to make an address at the morning service. Arrangements are not yet completed to offer the President the freedom of the city, and it is doubtful if the presentation can be made while he is here.

The President's grandfather left few records of his ministry here. Doubt regarding the house where the Rev. Mr. Woodrow lived was dispelled yesterday by a man 90 years old, who was a pupil at Mr. Woodrow's Academy. Documentary evidence also has been found. The document says:

"The Rev. Mr. Woodrow resided for some time in the chapel on Annetwell Street, but his income from the church was so small and his family was increasing so that he was obliged to open a school. He removed to Cavendish Place to a house that has pillars at the door. His income from the church at the time of his resignation was only £50 a year.'

The house with the pillars is now known as 83 Warwick Road. The Rev. Mr. Woodrow leased it from the Duke of Devonshire for 200 years. It appears to be settled affirmatively that Mr. Woodrow himself lived there. When the Woodrow family went to the United States they left no branches in Carlisle.

The Warwick Road house, except for a little portico, is a plain, square flat-fronted building, with a few evergreens in the narrow front yard. An old lady who sold the house a month ago after her family had possessed it for fifty-five years, said of it yesterday:

"Don't you think that the character of a man who laid such a foundation and built so solidly and well is fitly reproduced in his grandson?"

It has been reported incorrectly that the President's grandmother was buried in Carlisle. She accompanied her husband to America. They landed in New York on their way to Canada, and she became ill and died in New York.

WISE WILL SEE COL. HOUSE.

To Confer with Him in Paris Regarding the Zionist Movement.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—A delegation of American Jews, headed by Rabbi Wise, will arrive in Paris in a few days to confer with Colonel E. M. House regarding the Zionist movement.

The appointment was made today by telegraph.

DISPUTES ITALY'S CLAIMS.

Serb Minister Says She Has No Right to Eastern Adriatic Coast.

PARIS, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—The aspirations of the Serbian Government for the future of its country were explained tonight to the correspondent by Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, Serbian Minister to France, who, in all probability, will be one of the Serbian delegates to the Peace Conference.

Dr. Vesnitch, who said that the frontiers of Greater Serbia, formed by the union of Croats, Slovenes, and Serbians living within the boundaries of what hitherto had been called Serbia and in the former Austro-Hungarian Empire, were Greece, Bulgaria, Rumania, Hungary, and the Adriatic, was asked about the Italian claims to the Adriatic coast.

"Italy," replied Dr. Vesnitch, "according to the convictions of the Serbian Government, has no just claim to the Eastern Adriatic coast. The Governments of Great Britain, Russia, and France arranged by agreement with Italy to give her that coast, or a large part of it, at the London conference in April, 1915. Had Russia the right to dispose of the Adriatic coast? or England? or France? They were each giving away what had not belonged to them. We do not recognize the title of Italy under that agreement to any part of the Eastern Adriatic."

"Not to Trieste?" inquired the correspondent.

"No," declared the Serbian Minister. "Not to Trieste but I will not go into that question at this moment. Italy's claims to Trieste have been so persistent and continuous for a long period that we are willing to leave that question apart.

"There being relatively few Italians on the eastern Adriatic coast, as compared with Slavs, the Italian Government must consider this as a political question, while we consider it a racial one."

LEAGUE OF NATIONS BUREAU.

International Body Formed to Secure Unity of Principles.

PARIS, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—An international organization has been formed to secure uniformity of principles respecting a League of Nations for presentation at the Peace Congress.

This action follows Premier Clemenceau's recent suggestion to Léon Bourgeois and Baron d'Estournelles de Constant that the advocates of a League of Nations should reconcile their differences and present a common front before the Peace Congress.

An International Bureau accordingly has been established, with offices in the Boulevard St. Germain for the purpose of reaching an accord between the British, French, American, Italian, and all other national organizations supporting the league.

It is expected that three separate English societies will be consolidated under the presidency of Viscount Grey. Three Italian societies, at Rome, Milan, and Turin, will be similarly consolidated.

The initial meeting, held last night, was for the purpose of arranging plans for the harmonizing of viewpoints into one joint declaration of principles. A telegram already has been forwarded to the American and British societies with the purpose of establishing a common agreement.

It is understood the representatives of all nations have virtually agreed on the principles of compulsory arbitration and the limitation of armaments and that the chief differences requiring reconciliation are the economic penalties to be enforced against nations making war and whether the maintenance of peace shall be enforced by military measures.

DUBLIN TO EXTEND ITS HAND.

Mayor Prepares to Offer Freedom of City to President.

DUBLIN, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—The Lord Mayor has summoned a special meeting of the Corporation to confer the freedom of the city on President Wilson.

At many towns in Ireland resolutions were recently adopted inviting President Wilson to visit that country.

BISHOP SEES VIENNA NEAR REVOLUTION

Only American or British Occupation Can Prevent Upheaval, Says Dr. Waitz.

FOOD CONDITIONS SERIOUS

Clerical Party Said to be Plotting to Replace Ex-Emperor Karl on the Throne.

By JULIAN GRANDE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Dec. 22.—I had a long interview yesterday with Dr. Waitz, Bishop of Innsbruck and Arlberg, Tyrol, who said the only hope of saving what remained of Austria and preventing a sanguinary revolution in Vienna was that American or British soldiers should occupy Vienna.

He and several other personages just come from Austria all confirm accounts of deplorable conditions prevailing there, especially in Vienna. Bohemia and Hungary could supply Vienna with food and coal, but refuse, and nothing save Anglo-American pressure can make them do so.

Dr. Waitz, who was religious instructor to ex-Emperor Karl, says he never abdicated and was never deposed, but merely resigned from participation in the Government. The Clerical Party of Austria still dreams of replacing him on the throne and hope that should President Wilson be induced to visit the Vatican the Pope would succeed in enlisting his sympathies for Karl, meanwhile Clerical agents, Austrian, Hungarian and German, are working for this end in Switzerland and trying to influence the Roman Catholics of the allied countries.

The clericals allege that Cardinal Hartman of Cologne is now reconciled with Cardinal Mercier of Belgium and that the Clerical Party of France is ready to help replace Karl on the throne.

Whatever may result from such plotting, it is certain that, unless allied troops occupy Vienna, the people there will become desperate. Already everyone possessing any wealth has left Vienna, or is leaving, for there is no security on property and little for life. Fully 100,000 unemployed are parading the streets, demanding food and work. Vienna gets only 70,000 liters of milk daily, instead of the 800,000, which it needs, and the food ration is insufficient by half to enable the people to exist.

VIENNA, Dec. 23, (Associated Press.—With shops closed at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, after which the streets are in semi-darkness, with food and clothing at famine prices and more than 50,000 persons unemployed, Vienna's first peace Christmas promises to be far gloomier than any during the four years of the war.

Persons with unlimited means can get nearly everything they need, but the middle classes and the families of professional men, who before the war and even two years ago were comfortably off, are forced to undergo many privations.

Since the armistice was signed the shopkeepers have brought out amazing stores of goods, especially clothing, which only a few days previously they asserted were non-existant. Prices have fallen to one-fourth the previous fantastic rates, but are still too high for any but the war profiteers. Food prices show no reduction and are still prohibitive in many cases, while some products, such as milk, are almost unobtainable.

The newspapers report that 50,000 persons were waiting at the meat markets on Saturday morning, of whom 10,000 had been standing in queues all night, hoping to be able to buy a small quantity of bacon. Turkeys cost $6 a pound, beef $8 and pork $5. The prices of all Christmas fruits are exorbitant.

The only bright spot is the comparatively mild weather, which already has saved thousands of the poor from inexpressible misery.

President Spares Lives of Deserters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Death sentences imposed by courts martial for desertion upon Recruit F. C. Laub and Private George O. Jacobs, 150th Infantry, were commuted by President Wilson today to dishonorable discharge and twenty years' imprisonment at hard labor. Laub was convicted at Camp Dodge, Iowa, and Jacobs at Camp Shelby, Mississippi.

PERSIA TO PRESENT CLAIMS.

Wants Territories Taken from Her by Russia Restored.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—A project based on the practical application of President Wilson's fourteen points to Persian affairs has been drafted by the Persian Government, at an extraordinary sitting of the Ministry, dignitaries, and notables, according to advices reaching Washington, and will be submitted to the Peace Conference at Paris by the Persian Peace Delegates.

Among other things Persia will ask for the rectification of her frontiers and the restoration of territories taken from her. This would restore most if not all the territories acquired by Russia by the treaty of Turkmanchai in 1829, and possibly also those regions taken by Russia by the treaty of Gulistan in 1813.

By the latter document, Persia acknowledged the Russian annexation of Georgia and ceded the Caspian Districts of Baghestan, Baku, and Shirwan. The treaty of Turkmanchai gave to Russia Nakhitcheran and Erivan, the key to the heart of Persia.

WANT A GREATER RUMANIA.

Natives of Transylvania, Bukowina, and Banat Urge Union.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The creation of a greater Rumania capable, with the cooperation of her Balkan Allies, of commanding the respect of Germanic races, was advocated last night at a meeting of the Paris Committee of Rumanians of Transylvania, Bukowina, and Banat.

In the resolutions adopted the close relations between the Rumanians and the French were emphasized and attention was called to the fact that the Rumanian National Council, representing the Transylvania, Banat, Marmaros, and other regions, had proclaimed the independence of these former Hungarian districts and declared for their union with the Kingdom of Rumania.

The hope was expressed that the treaty which was concluded by Rumania in 1916 with France, Great Britain, Italy, and Russia would be respected with regard to the western frontiers of Rumania which had been fixed "in conformity with the desires of the Rumanians of Transylvania and Banat."

FRENCH CITE 185 AMERICANS

Names Soldiers for Bravery in Fighting Last October.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The names of 185 American soldiers, cited for bravery in the fighting of Oct. 3 to Oct. 10 at St. Etienne, Blanc Mont and Medeah Farm, in Champagne, are printed in the Journal Officiel.

The men belonged to the 6th Regiment of Marines, the 9th Infantry, the 23d Infantry, the 5th Regiment of Marines, the 6th Marine Machine Gun Battalion, the 5th Machine Gun Battalion, the 4th Marine Machine Gun Battalion, the 2d Regiment of Engineers and the Ambulance Corps.

BELGIANS REACH DALSDORF

Advance of First Cavalry Brigade Into Germany Reported.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The first cavalry brigade of Belgian troops today entered Germany, having reached Dalsdorf.

This announcement was made by the Belgian War Department.

BERGER HELPED I. W. W.

Letter Snows Financial Aid—Coercion Charged at Chicago Trial.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Charges that counsel for the Government had attempted to coerce a witness were made today at the trial of Congressman-elect Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee and four other Socialist leaders, charged with conspiracy to violate the espionage law.

The charge was made by M. Deutsch, State organizer for the Young People's Socialist League of New York, who testified for the defense after having been subpoenaed by the Government.

The Government has in its possession a letter which it is alleged was written by Deutsch to William Kruse, General Secretary of the Young People's Socialist League, and one of the defendants, stating that many Socialists in New York had been caught in the army draft and were considering turning hobo to evade military service.

Deutsch testified that he was brought to Chicago as a Government witness on Dec. 9. He said he was questioned about the letter by Assistant District Attorney Fleming and was threatened with indictment when he failed to identify it.

Assistant District Attorney Fleming read a letter written by Berger in May, 1917, in response to an invitation to speak at an I. W. W. meeting in Milwaukee. Berger in the letter said he regretted that he would be unable to speak, but enclosed $10 to help pay the expenses of the meeting. He added that while he did not approve all the principles of the I. W. W. he believed that it was infinitely better than any trade union, and that ultimately it would take the place held by the American Federation of Labor.

The trial will be resumed Thursday.

LONDON DECKED IN WILSON'S HONOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

white statuary will contrast most effectively with the circle of rainbow bunting that will form a veritable Court of Honor.

The Presidential procession will also be picturesque enough, even though the khaki of wartime has not yet yielded to the splendid uniforms of the Life Guards. It will consist of five open landaus, each drawn by four horses, and the sovereign's escort of cavalry. Each carriage will have two postilions in scarlet royal uniforms, and as they are all old soldiers and wear many medals they alone will give the splash of color needed to brighten up the scene.

First will come two or three mounted policemen and then the first division of the escort. The King, President Wilson, and the Duke of Connaught will occupy the first landau, beside which will ride two equerries. Then will come Mrs. Wilson, Queen Mary, and Princess Mary in the second carriage, attended by an equerry and an officer of escort.

Behind will come the second division of the escort, and in the third carriage will be Ambassador Davis, the Lord in Waiting, and Master of the Horse. In the fourth carriage General Biddle, Admiral Grayson, Lord Reading, and Lord Herschell will ride, while the occupants of the fifth will be Brig. Gen. Harts, Major Pierce, Captain Garfield, and Sir Charles Cust, who is to be attached to the President's staff while he is in England.

To Meet President at Calais.

President Wilson will pass into British hands and will begin to feel the warmth of the British welcome even before he leaves French soil. He will be met at Calais by Sir Charles Cust, the naval officer who accompanies the King wherever he goes and who may be compared in the intimacy of his relation with Admiral Grayson, and by Vice Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, the famous sailor who planned the Zeebrugge and Ostend affairs and who has been the trusted commander of the Dover patrol.

That patrol will be represented as the President crosses the strait by a squadron of destroyers. They will be lying outside of Calais harbor, and will escort the Brighton, the comfortable and swift cross-Channel packet that has been selected for the use of the Presidential party. Their duties on Thursday will be merely ceremonial, but they will be performing precisely the same functions as they have at all hours of the day and night and in all weathers during the four years of war.

Presidential Salute at Dover.

As the President steps ashore at Dover and the batteries roar out the twenty-one guns of the Presidential salute, he will be greeted by the Duke of Connaught, representing the King, and Lord Reading, England's Special Ambassador to America, the Mayor and Corporation of Dover. The officer commanding the garrison, and other local dignitaries, will also be present, and his first moments on British soil will be marked by all the honors that can possibly be paid to him.

Full details of the arrangements for the few days the President can spend in London are as yet incomplete. The desire of his British hosts to keep the President free from the importunities of unnecessary vistors and to give him the fullest freedom to arrange the few precious hours to the best advantage, is making it difficult to lay down a precise program. It is expected, however, that some time after the President and Mrs. Wilson have driven with King George and Queen Mary from the station to the palace, they will leave again to pay a ceremonial visit to Queen Alexandra at Marlborough House. Her Majesty will, according to precedent, return that call almost immediately to Mrs. Wilson, and there will be a number of official callers on the President the same afternoon.

The dinner set for Thursday night is briefly chronicled as a dinner with the King and Queen, and so far no list of guests has been announced. But that is merely camouflage for what may be one of the most important evenings the President will spend in England.

Chance for Informal Conference.

There will be no formal speeches, but much quiet conversation, and the President is likely to get nearer to the heart of England by his informal chat with the King and those who aided him than by half a dozen full-dress official banquets.

Then, on Friday, come consultations with British Ministers, which may take place in Downing Street or in the President's suite at Buckingham Palace, as is most convenient. So far no other engagements have been set for that day, and the very absence of formal announcements shows how important it will be. The state banquet in the evening, which will serve the double purpose of showing how anxious England is to do honor to its guest, and of giving an opportunity for speeches of international importance, will after all be not nearly as significant as what the President and Lloyd George will say quietly to each other earlier in the day.

The apartment which will be allotted to President and Mrs. Wilson in Buckingham Palace will be that known as the Belgian suite, named after the first King of the Belgians, who occupied the apartment during his frequent visits to Queen Victoria, to whom he was nearly related. The suite, comprising seven principal rooms, all situated on one floor, is in close proximity to the rooms occupied by the King and Queen.

Notwithstanding the fact that many valuables were removed from the palace during the air raid period, the rooms placed at the disposal of the President are the last word in exquisite furnishing.

The banquet on Friday evening will be laid in the ballroom, the largest apartment in the palace. It is understood that the speeches will be limited to two. His Majesty will welcome the President and Mrs. Wilson and pledge their health, and the President will in turn pledge the health of the King and Queen and the members of the royal family.

The address from the Corporation, which the Lord Mayor will present to President Wilson in the Guildhall on Saturday, will not be inclosed in the suitable gold box which is customary on such great occasions. The box is not ready owing to the shortness of time, but it is hoped to find another occasion on which to present it to President Wilson.

SENATE CRITICISM HEEDED

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

mind as to many matters at issue and without the purpose of attempting to compel his allied associates to adopt a set program devised by himself. It has been clearly understood that he is fixed in adherence to the organization of a League of Nations and has definite views as to what constitutes freedom of the seas; but, while many suggestions as to the details for carrying out the league principle have been suggested and are understood to be "in the back of his mind," to use one of his favorite expressions, he has not indicated, unless perhaps to the few with whom he is most intimately associated, what his judgment will be.

White Advises Patience.

As has been told in a Paris dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES, Henry White, when the American delegation first read Senator Knox's criticism of the President's attitude, sent for Senator Wadsworth, who was then making a visit to the American front. Mr. White, who nominally at least is the Republican Party's representative on the Peace Commission, has been an intimate friend of Senator Wadsworth's father-in-law, John Hay, and has known Mr. Wadsworth since the latter's boyhood, so that he could discuss the situation with him on the most confidential terms. Besides, Mr. White has been a long-time friend of Colonel Roosevelt and Senator Lodge, whose influence on the situation from the Republican standpoint is accepted as considerable.

The substance of what Mr. White said to Senator Wadsworth is understood to have been to advise the Senate Republicans to be patient and await developments as to the President's course. That is the advice given today to those who seek information after fuller summaries of the Lodge and Knox speeches have been published here. With it is coupled a broad intimation that when the American attitude assumes tangible shape information will be furnished regarding the proposals which have the support of the President and the American delegation. A virtual promise is given that when the interallied exchanges are begun as actual preliminaries to the formal determination of peace terms, the American delegation will communicate to the press statements showing the American position. Whether this is to be the method of informing the Senate of what is taking place, or whether fuller explanations will be cabled to Washington for the Senate's consideration, is not yet disclosed.

President Wilson, from the indications at hand, has begun a policy of seeking the support of neutral nations for the League of Nations. It became known today that he discussed the subject with the Spanish Premier, who visited Paris at President Wilson's invitation, and it is now understood that the Premier's adherence to the principle was obtained.

WILSON PROBLEM IN LONDON

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

demands, which included repayment of the 1870-71 indemnity, with compound interest at 7 per cent., it is an almost certain corollary that he will find somewhat similar difficulties confronting him in London. Nevertheless, it must be remembered that a British policy in the matter not only has not yet been defined, but has not yet been determined, and there is very good ground for believing that an agreement as to where just retribution ends and punitive indemnities begin will be reached.

There are two strongly marked lines of British thought on the subject. Today's Westminster Gazette and Evening Standard have editorials which may be taken as representing these two views. The former says:

"If any peace is to be permanent, and if a League of Nations is to supersede the conflicts and intrigues of old diplomacy, there must be a change of spirit which will give reality and meaning to the message of peace and good will. We read in the newspapers daily that the Allies will insist on enforcing enormous indemnities and continuing occupation of enemy country until they are paid off or keeping the enemy countries outside the League of Nations while they are being paid, and doing various other things which must maintain a half state of war in the world for at least a generation to come."

The Evening Standard on the other side says:

"Germany will have to right as far as she can the wrongs she committed and give solid guarantees even to the occupation of territory before we can discuss the possibility of a League of Nations to which she can be admitted. This position is logically and morally unassailable, but it is certain that agents and friends of Germany will make every effort to suggest that a rigorously just war settlement by which the Central Powers are compelled to make restitution within the limits of their capacity will operate to the prejudice of President Wilson's healing policy. We may expect a great deal of argument on these lines, and naturally such argument will tend to harden against the whole League of Nations idea opinion which would otherwise be favorable

"The average man is quite well disposed toward a League of Nations as a precaution against future wars, but he is quite reasonably hostile to it the moment he suspects that it is to be used as a means of letting down Germany lightly."

Considerations of this character, and in fact the whole trend of recent discussion on the question of a League of Nations, seem to point to the probability that, while the Peace Conference may very well adopt in its initial stages the principle of a League of Nations there can be little likelihood of a successful attempt to embody a concrete scheme for its operation in the terms of peace. President Wilson's visit to London is anticipated with the keenest interest from this particular point of view, especially as reports which have preceded him from Paris indicate that opposition to his views is not confined to the United States Senate.

The Daily Express's lobby correspondent says that Premier Lloyd George was engaged all day yesterday on the final arrangements for President Wilson's conference with members of the Cabinet. The Imperial War Cabinet had a prolonged session, discussing well into the evening the whole range of British policy in relation to Mr. Wilson's fourteen points. The correspondent adds:

"Perhaps the paramount question which will come before Friday's momentous meeting will be relative to the British naval policy. In addition to the leading points of the peace policy the question of reconstruction, as it affects Britain, America, and the Allies generally, is likely to have an important part in the discussions.

World League a British Ideal.

LONDON, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—"The arrival of President Wilson will be one of the greatest events in our own and in American history," says The Times in an article of welcome to England of the American Executive. "He will come at a critical period in our history. We have won the war, thanks, in no small measure to American assistance. We have now to win peace, and peace will not be won for this country or the world unless it is based on the warm, active friendship of the two great English-speaking nations.

"History never repeats itself, least-wise in the same form, but our statesmen, American and British now have the power to remake the destinies of the English-speaking peoples, to remold them as they might have been molded if the two nations had parted not in anger but in amity and good fellowship.

"There are many bonds of fellowship between us, but next to common language is the joint possession of our common law. We are attempting to turn aspirations and international jurisprudence into genuine operative international law and to endow it with sanctions like those of municipal laws. Without the active good fellowship of England and America it simply cannot be done.

"We alone speak of the common idiom of law, we only have it in us to translate political ideals into the form of international legislation, and only our cordial friendship can give this legislation the sanction necessary to give it validity. A League of Nations is the ideal of the English-speaking peoples, and it is a libel, traceable ultimately to the enemy, that we in England have less enthusiasm for this ideal than they in America.

"If President Wilson has a great popular following in Europe it is because he expressed this ideal of future international relations with the greatest clearness and force. It is an ideal nowhere held more strongly than here—an ideal to which no nation can contribute more practicaly than our own.

"A league of nations, however, will seem to be policemen on both land and sea. The British Navy always has worked in behalf of ideals like those of a league of nations. Let us not throw away a tried and trusty weapon until we are sure that we have another as good. That is the English view, and we believe that when ideas have been exchanged it will be found to be President Wilson's also.

"In coming to us he is awakening harmonies rich and deep enough to resolve into themselves all minor discords."

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

MORE TROOPS HOME; FRET AT PIER DELAY

Lighters Slow in Reaching France, Which Brings 3,865, with 2,554 Convalescents.

200 HELD ABOARD FOR NIGHT

Dr. Mott of Y. M. C. A. to Investigate Demonstration by Soldiers, Suspecting It was Prearranged.

The transport France arrived from Brest yesterday having on board 3,865 officers and men of the American Army. The vessel was docked at the West Fifteenth Street Pier at 1:30 o'clock P. M.

The homecoming soldiers did not mind the wet weather in their eagerness to get ashore and either see or communicate with their families on Christmas Day. They did feel hurt and annoyed, though, that apparently there had been no arrangements made for their reception by the debarkation officials at Hoboken, and at 9 o'clock last night, nearly eight hours after the transport had reached her pier, lighters were still alongside waiting to take off the sick and wounded.

Two hundred bedridden cases, it was said, would be left on board until this morning. The first of the lighters to take off the men did not reach the France until several hours after she had docked.

As the France was being made fast, at 1:15 o'clock, in the midst of the pouring rain many of the soldiers, including a number of the convalescent wounded, stood on the foc'sle deck on the starboard side. A big soldier with a powerful voice, who had two wound stripes on his sleeve, started cheers for the Salvation Army and the Knights of Columbus, which were given heartily, and then called for cheers for the Y. M. C. A., which were met with groans.

When Dr. John R. Mott, Chief Executive of the National War Council of the Y. M. C. A., was told over the telephone at his home in Montclair, N. J., last night of this incident, he said:

"That is very significant. From what you tell me it would look very much as if the demonstration had been organized, either for some very good reason or some very bad reason. We shall get in touch with some of the men who came back on the France in the hope of obtaining some concrete evidence of Y. M. C. A. inefficiency.

"We do not propose letting up for a moment on the investigation which already has been started, and now that we have asked that the Government assist us in that investigation we hope for a speedy bettering of whatever bad conditions exist. We have many months of work overseas before us, and we are going to see to it that whatever inefficiency exists it shall be rooted out. But in order that the reorganization may be thorough, we must have concrete cases brought to our attention and not hearsay evidence. That is why I appreciate the bringing of this incident to my attention. We shall interview as many of the men she brought over as possible."

Praises Salvation Army.

Captain C. E. Burke of the Medical Corps, whose home is in New Bedford, Mass., and who was wounded three times while serving as battalion surgeon with the 121st Artillery, 32d Division, complained bitterly after the wounded officers and men had been kept waiting three hours in the companion ways of the transport for the army tender.

"Here is the whole thing in a nutshell," he said. "You see how we are treated on Christmas Eve in New York after going through hell in France. The Salvation Army is the only organization that looks after us."

While he was speaking a Salvation Army woman worker passed along the crowded alleyways on the France and gave out chocolate, buns, and other good things to the wounded and sick.

Lieutenant B. H. McCullough of the 77th Artillery, 4th Division, also of New Bedford, who was wounded in the Argonne Forest after going over the top nine times, went over as a private in Battery D, 102d Artillery, 26th Division, and took part in the fighting at the Chemin des Dames, Toul sector, Champagne, St. Mihiel and in the Argonne, and was commissioned last August for bravery. Lieutenant McCullough was gassed in the Argonne, also wounded by shrapnel in the left side and shellshocked at Mont Faucon, the last casualty affecting his hearing.

The 3,865 officers and men on the France, apart from the wounded, were mostly casuals from artillery brigades, medical corps, and aero squadrons.

The transport arrived at Quarantine during a wind and rain storm yesterday morning, which did not dampen the ardor of the welcoming committee on the police boat Patrol, who were there with the band, chocolates, cigarettes and cheers. Following the complaint made by pilots and Captains, published in THE TIMES on Tuesday, there was very little whistling by the river craft to drown the ships signals in the confusion. The powerful siren of the police boat was also still, but salutes were given occasionally by passing boats when there was no danger of an accident through their being misunderstood.

In the crowd waiting on the French Line pier was Major General G. W. Goethals, who had come from Washington to greet his son, Major Thomas R. Goethals of the Medical Corps, who went to France in June, 1917, with the Harvard unit.

Among the other officers on board was Colonel Ashor Miner of the 107th Artillery, 28th Division, formerly the Pennsylvania National Guard. His home is at Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

Colonel Miner wore the Distinguished Service Cross and had two shrapnel wounds in his left leg and another in his face, but he smiled as he looked at the cheering crowd on the pier, and said: "Oh, brother, and it's only four hours by train from New York to Wilkes-Barre!"

Among the aviators was Lieutenant Nathan G. Post of 2,903 Somerton Road, Cleveland, Ohio, who hobbled around the wet decks of the France by the aid of a stout malacca cane, and told one or two incidents of his experiences abroad. These included two falls, one from 13,000 feet. How he escaped death that time he could not tell. He did some flying over the Argonne and in the Toul sector, and was with the big aerial squadron during the drive on the German lines last September.

Pilot Killed, Wounded Himself.

Lieutenant Post said that on Nov. 10, in the Toul sector, his pilot, Robert Cole, was killed by anti-aircraft bullets, and he took his place on the seat of the falling plane and carried the dead man back inside the American lines, although he himself had been hit in the chin by a bullet that went into his neck underneath and came out at the left side. Another time, in the same sector, his pilot, Charles Morrison of Dallas, Texas, was riddled with bullets as they came down inside the American lines. The Lieutenant had his left leg fractured and his right lung punctured in that affair.

Lieutenant Robert E. Perkins of the 310th Infantry, 78th Division, who lives at 614 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, not only wore the distinguished service cross, but the Croix de Guerre, with one star and his brigade ribbon. He was shot in the left hip and gassed on Sept. 8. His decorations were awarded to him for establishing a liaison between the 77th and 28th Divisions under terrific fire.

With his left side fractured, Dr. John Brownlee Voorhees, pastor of the Asylum Hill Congregational Church, Hartford, Conn., told how he had been bed ridden for the last six months, after a German shell struck and demolished his Y. M. C. A. canteen on the Toul sector. He was a Y. M. C. A. worker with the 26th Division. His hut was situated at Royaumex, and on June 19, while standing behind the counter serving his soldier trade, a high explosive shell dropped within twenty feet of the building, creating havoc. As he started to leave the building, another shell exploded a few feet from him, wounding him. As he lay on the ground, fully conscious, big German shells exploded all about him.

Some New York Wounded.

There were plenty of wounded on board who had lost arms or legs and had been cited and received decorations for bravery. One of them was an old 69th man. He was Corporal Van York of Company K, and lives at 279 Summit Avenue, Mount Vernon. He was shot through the thigh in the Argonne on Oct. 14 last, which was his third wound in the war.

Another wounded New Yorker was Paul de Martini of 621 West 159th Street, a member of the 309th Infantry, Company M, who was in the hospital ward with a bullet in his left leg, which he had received in the Argonne Forest in October.

Lieutenant Earl W. Porter of Omaha, Neb., an aviator with an official record of downing five enemy machines, wore the French War Cross and the Distinguished Service Cross for his daring feats around Soissons.

The Persia Maru also arrived yesterday with eighty-seven officers, who have been attending training schools in France, and twelve wounded men.

WANTS Y. M. C. A. INQUIRY.

Mott Will Ask Army to Investigate Specific Complaints.

Dr. John R. Mott, head of the International Y. M. C. A., announced yesterday that complaints of returning soldiers concerning overcharges in association canteens would be investigated through army channels. At the same time he made public the report to him by Chaplain Percy T. Edrop, who had been commissioned to make an investigation of soldiers' complaints. The complaints that are specific will be referred to Third Assistant Secretary of War Frederick P. Keppel, Dr. Mott said, with the request that they be investigated through the Inspector General's Department, A. E. F. Chaplain Edrop's report said:

"I have examined the written complaints of overseas Y. M. C. A. service in an effort to determine the specific nature of the soldiers' grievances. In addition I have personally interviewed returning overseas soldiers. By the very nature of such an investigation as I have been able to make, it is only possible to obtain one side of the story completely, namely the complainants. The remoteness of the individuals complained of has made it impossible to obtain their replies to the charges, although the official Y. M. C. A. view has been available in some instances.

"From the material before me, it is possible to summarize the complaints as follows:

"In certain sectors the canteen charges were excessive.

"There was a lack of supplies for free distribution in the vicinity of certain of the firing lines.

"There was an inadequate supply, even for sale, in the immediate vicinity of certain theatres of activity.

"There was a congestion of secretaries in the large cities, while there was a noticeable lack of workers at certain portions of the front.

"There was an assumption on the part of certain of the secretaries that the life of the soldier was necessarily demoralizing, and these workers thus alienated the sympathy of the soldiers.

"There was a lack of spontaneity on the part of some secretaries, that they went about their tasks grudgingly and idled when possible.

Praise for Some Workers.

"The other side of the picture is presented in many of the letters before me. Soldiers, both officers and enlisted men, have testified to the devotion, and even the heroism of many of the Y. M. C. A. workers. I have read and heard records of such splendid fortitude and consecration that thrills are occasioned as one reads and hears. In addition I have seen the records of official citations which confirm the personal testimonials.

"The incidents of devotion and heroism need no more than passing mention. They are their own commentaries and complete in the records we have before us. In the matter of complaints I think prompt action should be taken along the following lines:

"All the records of the Y. M. C. A. in connection with the canteen should be obtained from abroad and published. There is a great deal of confusion in the minds of soldiers and the general public as to this matter.

"Discussing the complaints seriatim, I make the following recommendations:

"Complaint No. 1. It has been stated in a telegram signed by the Third Assistant Secretary of War, Dr. F. P. Keppel, that this condition was the subject of a War Department investigation and would be remedied. It has been stated in many interviews with members of the War Work Council that a definite and arbitrary scale of prices had been adopted by the Y. M. C. A. for canteens abroad, and that the prices would meet those of the Quartermaster stores yet the soldiers persist in their complaints that the charges are still exorbitant and widely at variance with those of the Quartermaster stores.

"I would recommend that transcripts be made of letters complaining specifically in this matter, and that these transcripts be forwarded to Secretary Keppel, with a request that he refer them to the Inspector General's Department, A. E. F., for appropriate action. Only by an impartial and official investigation by investigators on the ground, can the truth be ascertained.

"Complaint No. 2.—Figures of free distribution of cigarettes, chocolate, &c., as announced by the Y. M. C. A., seem to controvert the statements of returning soldiers. I would not rest there. I would submit this matter to an impartial investigation, using again, if possible, the channels of the Inspector General's department, and I would recommend that depositions be taken from officers and enlisted men who operated in the sectors complained of.

"Complaint No. 3.—This is related to the immediately foregoing, and the same action is recommended.

Should Scan Overseas Records.

"Complaint No. 4.—This is voiced so frequently that it should be the subject of an immediate report. The records of the Overseas Department should be scrutinized to determine whether there was any inadequacy of administration. The report should tell in detail the number of men held in the large centres and haw many of them were idle and why.

"Complaint No. 5.—This strikes right at the heart of the soldiers' own attitude toward organizations like the Y. M. C. A. It is undeniable that many persons once assumed that the soldier was different from the civilian and that he was hopelessly tempted. But our men abroad have belied this old assumption and have written a new record into the history of soldiering. Some of the soldiers to whom I have talked resented the manner and the method of certain of the Y. M. C. A. secretaries. I can only recommend that the Y. M. C. A. secretaries be instructed to lay emphasis upon the new tradition created by our men of the A. E. F. rather than upon the old assumption.

"Complaint No. 6. If an organization within the Y. M. C. A. could be erected similar to that of the Inspector General's Department, it would be possible to weed out shirkers. Perhaps you have such an organization abroad. I venture the suggestion in case there is none.

"Finally, I cannot urge too strongly upon you that you take advantage of official channels of investigation. The temper of some of the returning men is heated; the public is eager for information. I am confident you are just as eager."

On receiving Chaplain Edrop's report Dr. Mott said that it had always been the policy of the Y. M. C. A. to pursue the policy of perfect frankness, and he quoted the following statement made by him in a recent public address, as substantiation of this view:

"We want to know all our shortcomings, both of omission and commission, so that as far as possible they may be corrected. If we aren't delivering the goods after the way the people of this country have supported us, then we ought to be made to do so, and that can be done. If I have been inefficient I ought to be removed if anybody else has, he or she ought to be removed."

LOOT SWISS EMBASSY OF 9,000,000 RUBLES

Legation Invaded by Bolsheviki —Staff Has Moved to Christiania.

RED GROUP GAINS RECRUITS

Joined by the Mensheviki, the United Force May Become a National Party.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHRISTIANIA, Dec. 24.—The Norwegian Legation in Russia has arrived at Christiania, and the members describe the situation in Russia as more horrible than ever. The Bolsheviki's power, however, must not be underestimated, now that the Mensheviki have joined them, and the result of allied intervention may be that the Bolsheviki will become a national party. Their army is not very strong and well organized.

The legation was stopped on the Russian frontier and treated in a disgraceful way by the Bolshevist soldiers, who tried to enter the luggage vans, but did not succeed. In that way the Norwegian Legation saved 10,000,000 rubles from confiscation.

The direct cause of the departure of the legation from Russia was the irruption of the Bolsheviki into the Swiss Legation, the two being located together. On that occasion 9,000,000 rubles were stolen. The Danish Legation has now left Petrograd, and soon the Norwegian Consul will depart and all diplomatic connection between Russia and Scandinavia will be discontinued.

RED ARMY DRAFTS RETURNING PRISONERS

Awaits 2,000,000 Men Slowly Making Way Homeward from Captivity.

WARSAW, Dec. 23, (Associated Press.)—Two million Russian prisoners, the first thousands of which are slowly passing homeward, are being picked up by the Bolsheviki for the formation of their new army, all of whom appear to be tainted with Bolshevism, and there is danger of this spreading to Poland and Bohemia.

The Poles are rapidly organizing their own army around the nucleus of General Pilsudski's phalanxes. The old Polish legions of home-weary troops, which are coming home, have no Russian or German sympathies, merely desiring to be left alone.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 24.—The Bolsheviki are making considerable progress with their penetration of Esthonian territory, the official statement of the Esthonian Republic for Monday shows. They have taken Dorpat, about twenty-five miles west of Lake Peipus, and have forced the Esthonians back on the Wesenberg front, northwest of Lake Peipus. The German forces in this region are continuing to fall back upon Riga. The text of the statement reads:

The Bolsheviki have taken Dorpat. Our troops are retreating on the Wesenberg front. German troops are marching toward Fellin, en route to Riga.

FRANCE EXPELS MILUKOFF.

Ex-Russian Minister Had Been Accused of Pro-Germanism.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Paul N. Milukoff, former Russian Foreign Minister, who was accused last July of Germanophile leanings, has been obliged to leave Paris, according to the Matin. His presence here was believed to be unnecessary.

Professor Milukoff obtained a passport for France at Constantinople by mistake, the newspaper says. He had been in Paris four days.

Professor Paul N. Milukoff for many years has been one of the most prominent liberal leaders in Russia. He has been the leader of the Constitutional Democrats. He played an important part in the revolution of March, 1917, and was appointed Foreign Minister in the first Revolutionary Cabinet, retaining that position until May 16, 1917. Since the overthrow of the Kerensky régime there have been various reports of countermovements headed by him against the Bolshevist Government.

Last July there were repeated rumors that he had joined the Germans, but this was denied by his friends in allied and neutral countries. He arrived in Constantinople from Odessa on Dec. 15 and in a statement urged that an allied army be sent to Southern Russia. From Constantinople he went to Paris.

POLISH CABINET'S POLICY.

Suppression of Anti-Jewish Movement One of Its Aims.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Official advices reached Washington crediting Andrew Moraczewski, the Premier of Poland, with having just declared in a statement made at Warsaw that it was the purpose and intention of the Polish Government to put an end to the anti-Semitic movement. The Premier outlined the policies of his Government, reaffirmed its loyalty to the Allies and described the composition of the Ministry.

"My first object," declared Premier Moraczewski, "is to reunite all Polish territories and to restore order and security to all their inhabitants. The worst days are over and the restoration of order and security is being gradually effected everywhere.

"The Government is going to carry out a series of measures intended to put an end to the anti-Semitic movement.

"At the beginning of the year we sent to Paris and London one of our friends who was to ask the Allies to inform us what would be the most favorable time for us to start military action against the Germans. The manifestations we have organized in honor of the allied officers who made us a brief visit in Warsaw are testimony of our great sympathy for the allied powers.

"The present Cabinet is a truly national one. It is composed of the best citizens, who represent the Popular Party, the Democratic Union and the National Independent Party. It comprises, besides, a Radical Socialist, a National Democrat and four specialists who are members of no political party, those being the Ministers for War, Finance, Agriculture, and Commerce.

"Six seats remain vacant. Three are held for the representatives of Posen and three for representatives of other parties.

"We have the confidence and assistance of the working classes of the peasants of all popular parties, of the educated classes and of the army. Our Constituent Assembly will be convoked at the appointed time, Jan. 20, 1919, and this assembly alone will say what we want."

CALLS RUSSIA A TRAGEDY.

Crane Says Need of Relief and Care of Railroads Are Desperate.

SEATTLE, Dec. 24.—Charles R. Crane, formerly member of the Root Commission to Russia, just back from Siberia and the Orient, said today:

"No one knows anything about Russia. It is a tragedy. There are two things which stand out distinctly which are desperately needed—relief and maintenance of the Trans-Siberian Railway."

Men who possessed great knowledge of Russia prior to the war and even during her participation in the war, Mr. Crane believed, could not now give correct views on the country. To supply food and relief and save the country from a dangerous position, he said, the Trans Siberian Railway must be improved and kept in steady operation.

CHARGE ARMISTICE BREACH.

Germans Say French Arrests Prevent Delivery of Locomotives.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 24.—The French troops of occupation have included Nied, a suburb of Frankfort, in their zone, and the Chairman of the German Armistice Commission complains that, contrary to the promises of Marshal Foch, the French Commandant has ordered all males there who were not residents before the war to be interned.

The Commandant's decree, the complaint declares, concerns a large number of railway officials and several hundred workmen in a great locomotive factory which has been doing work for the Entente, and has now been shut down.

The Berlin dispatch containing this complaint adds that the measure prevents Germany from carrying out the delivery of locomotives to the Entente, as had been agreed upon, and announces that the German Armistice Commission at Spa has entered a protest.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The Germans have not completely complied with the clause of the armistice providing for the delivery of all their submarines, according to the Matin.

The newspaper points out particularly in this connection the presence at Trondhjem, on the Norwegian Coast, of submarine cruiser U-157. This is a vessel of the most recent type, displacing 1,800 tons, credited with having made a cruise of four months and a half without making port.

DEMANDS RIGHTS FOR ALL.

Rabbis Applaud Appeal for Decent World for Jews to Live In.

The second annual convention of the Jewish Ministers' Association of America and the Federation of Orthodox Congregations began last evening at the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Lexington Avenue and Ninety-second Street. It will continue three days. Dr. Samuel Buchler, Deputy Commissioner of Charities in this city, was elected Chairman of the convention.

The 300 delegates applauded Judge Jacob S. Strahl, Grand Master of the Sons of Zion, when, after speaking of the anti-Jewish discriminations and pogroms, he said:

"President Wilson stated at the beginning of the war that we must make the world a decent place to live in. It is now due time for us to see that the world is made a decent place for a Jew to live in."

Other speakers included Congressman Goldfogle, Rabbi Moses Hyamson, and Isidore Hirshfield. Letters and telegrams of greeting from Nathan Straus, Archbishop O'Connell of Boston, Secretary of War Baker, Louis D. Brandeis, Senator Johnson of California, and Secretary of the Navy Daniels were read.

AMERICA NOW RANKS THIRD IN ARTILLERY

Army Will Have an Equipment of Modern Guns When It Reaches Home.

NONE FROM HERE IN ACTION

Practically All Used by Our Armies Overseas Had Been Bought from the French.

By EDWARD L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Dec. 23.—When our army and its trappings get back home the United States will have an artillery equipment of strictly modern guns, which will rank third in the world, being exceeded only by that of France and England. For all of the thousands of 75's, 155's, and other artillery we had amassed in the last days of the war will be taken home. Because technically the war is not yet over, I cannot give the total number of our guns.

I am able to state now that with the exception of one regiment supplied with twenty-four 4.7's, no American-made guns ever reached the American front in France. When the fighting stopped a number of 75's had reached France from the United States, but did not get into action. Practically all our cannon were bought from the French.

SIX DIE IN MUNITION BLAST.

Nineteen Injured by an Explosion of Shells at Watertown.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 24.—Four men and two women were killed and nineteen persons were injured by an explosion of shells late today in a small building used for shell loading at the plant of the J. B. Wise Munition Company.

The dead are Mrs. Ruby Abby, Miss Rita Kirkpatrick, E. E. Larabee, Alfred Marculler, Wesley Black, and William M. Black.

Twenty-five workers were in the building when the explosion occurred, and not one escaped death or injury. A primer cap exploding in a loading machine set off the other shells, and the workers were trapped in a miniature barrage.

The force of the concussion was terrific, and scarcely a building in the neighborhood escaped damage. Windows were broken, crockery and pictures smashed, and débris from the loading room was scattered.

Every available ambulance and a score of doctors were rushed to the scene, and private automobiles aided in taking the injured to hospitals. The dead were all residents of Watertown.

A woman asleep in her home near the wrecked building was hurled from her bed across the room. Her left arm was injured. In another home a baby was showered with falling glass, but escaped without even a scratch.

GERMANS LEAVE ALSACE.

First Convoy Quits Mulhouse—Bad Treatment Denied.

PARIS, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—The first convoy of German civilians has left Mulhouse. Each person was allowed to carry out eighty pounds of baggage. They were transported from the city by automobile trucks.

The Temps today prints a reply from Strasbourg to a Wolfe Bureau dispatch which declared that Germans remaining in Alsace had been badly treated by the French authorities. The reply said:

"The Germans were in no way molested. Not a single German was sent to Belgium or France. The French authorities, in response to the unanimous demands of the Alsatian population, merely arrested and incarcerated certain Germans who had shown marked hatred to the Alsatians during the war, such as Magistrates who presided at exceptional courts, and Judge Aaron, at the head, who condemned Alsatians to thousands of years in prison at hard labor on accusations of being anti-German.

BERLIN'S DARK CHRISTMAS.

Little Joy for the Masses, Dissipation for the Suddenly Prosperous.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 23.—The spirit of Christmas is not nearly so much in evidence in Berlin as it was a year ago. Then there were hopes of victory. Now the dull atmosphere of defeat hangs about the people. Food is much scarcer than before, although it is true that the restaurants, hotels, bars, cabarets, music halls, dancing places, and theatres are gay and bright; but that is only the scant tinsel on the sombre robe. The frivolous and, in their way, happy crowds in these places of amusement are but the smallest fraction of the people.

Germany's capital, once a scrupulously clean city, is now, people who come from it say, terribly dirty. Those who kept it clean are now governing the country, and the streets are left filthy. The all-powerful policemen, who kept order, have gone, and traffic is lamentably jumbled.

Thousands of demobilized soldiers crowd the city's central thoroughfares. They wander about dejectedly or try to earn a living by selling cigarettes, newspapers, postcards, or crude Christmas toys.

Berlin hears what it never heard before, the shouting and singing of poverty-stricken street venders. Beggars in rags abound. Most of them but a few weeks ago were soldiers in the Grand Army of Kaiser Wilhelm.

Almost everything one can buy is Ersatz, (substitute.) The Christmas of Berlin and Germany, indeed, is an Ersatz Christmas.

But there is another Berlin besides this sombre one. The restrictions on drinking and dancing have been removed. One section of the population takes full advantage of this first installment of liberty and tries to show that Berlin is light-hearted, dances, drinks, and doesn't care.

I have before me a single advertisement sheet of a popular Berlin midday paper, the Zeitung am Mittag. There I see announced the opening or reopening of no fewer than twenty-eight establishments variously described as cabarets, bars, or wine saloons, all in the centre of the city. In addition, there are thirty advertisements of dancing places, announcing the lure of 5 o'clock tango teas.

Berlin may only drink and dance till 9 o'clock at night, but there is no one to see that such a regulation is obeyed. The revolutionary soldier is no enemy of gayety and wine, and the frivolous section of Berlin dances and enjoys itself as if no doom were hanging over the country, as if no enemy were on the frontiers, as if there were no famine to be feared, as if the people were celebrating victory.

Hundreds of dancing places in the centre and west end of the city are overcrowded daily, and there dancing, eating, and drinking go on unchecked till 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning. Money is spent there in an incredible way, for that portion of the population is earning fabulous wages under the revolution. Many people who once had 20 marks a week now have 40 marks a day, and after four years of dullness, they have leaped to the other extreme to spend the fruits of their thrift in the frivolity which marks the vast semi-starved population and is a tremendous advertisement for Bolshevism.

HOMECOMING SHIPS HOLD TO SCHEDULE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

France, under Rear Admiral Thomas S. Rodgers, is expected to head the column, followed in order by the Oklahoma, Nevada, Utah, Pennsylvania, New York, Texas, Wyoming, and Arkansas. As each ship passes the Mayflower, from which Secretary Daniels will review the armada, each ship will fire the Secretary's salute of nineteen guns.

The Aztec, which will carry Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt and a large party of guests; the Xarifa, which will be the press boat, and perhaps two or three other ships, not yet named, will be anchored near the Mayflower during the review under way and will follow in the wake of the Presidential yacht when Secretary Daniels reviews the fleet at anchor. Altogether a total of 570 guns will be fired in Mr. Daniel's honor between 9 o'clock and noon. The Mayflower will salute only the flag of Admiral Mayo, firing seventeen guns.

Secretary and Mrs. Daniels will leave Washington at 2:40 P. M. today and on their arrival will go aboard the Mayflower, which will be anchored in the North River, off Ninety-seventh Street. The Mayflower has sailed from Washington and will arrive this morning.

The Mayflower will leave the pier at the foot of Ninety-seventh Street at 8 A. M. tomorrow and will proceed to its anchorage near the Statue of Liberty. The following have been invited to be aboard the Mayflower as guests of the Secretary of the Navy: The members of the Cabinet, Admiral Grant, Commander in Chief of the British naval forces in the Western Atlantic; the senior Naval Attachés of the allied nations, members of the War Council; Bernard M. Baruch, Chairman of the War Industries Board; Vance McCormick, Chairman of the War Trade Board; A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian; Samuel Gompers; Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves, U. S. N., commanding cruiser and transport force; Mrs. Gleaves; Rear Admiral N. R. Usher, U. S. N., Commandant of the Third Naval District; Mrs. Usher; General March, Chief of Staff, United States Army; Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, U. S. A., commanding Department of the East; Major Gen. David F. Shanks, commanding Port of Embarkation; the Mayor of New York; Dr. John A. Harriss, Chairman of the Naval Committee of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense; former Ambassador James W. Gerard, former Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador Abram I. Elkus, Dr. and Mrs. Henry van Dyke. Mrs. George Dewey, widow of the late Admiral Dewey, will be the guest of Mrs. Daniels.

On board the Aztec as guests of Assistant Secretary Roosevelt will be members of the Senate and House Committees on Naval Affairs, the Governors of various States, including Governor Whitman and Governor-elect Smith of New York; the members of the Naval Consulting Board, of which Thomas A. Edison is the Chairman; the Naval Attachés—other than the senior Attachés—of the allied nations; Rear Admiral W. C. Burrage, and Rear Admiral William Strother Smith.

As soon as the ten dreadnoughts under Admiral Mayo have dropped anchor in the Hudson between Fifty-fifth and 120th Streets the flag officers and the Captains commanding the returned vessels will pay their respects to Secretary Daniels on the Mayflower. These ceremonies will be formal and brief, and as soon as the officers have returned to their commands the review of the fleet at anchor will begin. This should be shortly after 10 o'clock, according to present plans. The review at anchor will include all the ships in the river, the route of the Mayflower on the northern journey being up the Jersey side to Fort Washington Point and then south along the New York side of the river to a point just south of the anchorage of the Florida, off Fifty-fifth Street. The band on each of the dreadnoughts and old line battleships will play "The Star-Spangled Banner" as the Mayflower passes abreast.

The order of the anchorage in which the fleet will be reviewed was made public yesterday. The dreadnought Florida of the returning Grand Fleet Division will be at the southern end of the column and the repair ship Vestal at the northern end, off Fort Washington Point. The ships will be reached from landings at Fifty-ninth, Seventy-ninth, Ninety-seventh, 129th and 158th Streets.

The following table gives the anchorage of each ship that will be in line tomorrow morning, together with the principal facts regarding each vessel:

Reached from Foot of West Fifty-ninth Street.

FLORIDA.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Fifty-fifth Street. Captain Montgomery M. Taylor, commanding. Authorized 1908. Commissioned September, 1911. Cost, $10,242,495.73. Personnel, 52 officers and 901 enlisted men. Armament, 10 twelve-inch, and 16 five-inch guns, and 2 three-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 22 knots. Displacement, 21,825 tons. Two funnels. Five turrets. Was Admiral Fletcher's flagship at Vera Cruz in 1914.

WYOMING.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Sixty-second Street. Captain Harley H. Christy, commanding. Authorized 1909. Commissioned September, 1912. Cost, $9,018,309.06. Personnel, 54 officers and 987 enlisted men. Armament, 12 twelve-inch, and 21 five-inch guns, and 2 three-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 21 knots. Displacement, 26,000 tons. Two funnels. Six turrets.

ARKANSAS.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Sixty-ninth Street. Captain Louis R. DeSteigeur, commanding. Authorized 1909. Commissioned September, 1912. Cost, $9,040,213.06. Personnel, 68 officers, and 988 enlisted men. Armament, 12 twelve-inch, and 21 five-inch guns, and 2 three-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 21 knots. Displacement, 26,000 tons. Two funnels. Six turrets.

Reached from Foot of Seventy-ninth Street.

TEXAS.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Seventy-sixth Street. Captain Victor Blue, commanding. Authorized 1910. Commissioned March, 1914. Cost, $10,070,013.80. Personnel, 52 officers, and 974 enlisted men. Armament, 10 fourteen-inch, and 21 five-inch guns, and 2 three-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 21 knots. Displacement, 27,000 tons. Two funnels. Five turrets.

NEW YORK.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Eighty-second Street. Flagship of Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, who commanded the American Division of the Grand Fleet under Sir David Beatty. Captain Edward L. Beach, commanding. Authorized 1910. Commissioned April, 1914. Cost, $11,242,396.34. Personnel, 52 officers, and 974 enlisted men. Armament, 10 fourteen-inch, and 21 five-inch guns, and 2 three-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 21.50 knots. Displacement, 27,000 tons. Five turrets. Two funnels.

PENNSYLVANIA — Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Eighty-ninth Street. Flagship of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, the Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet. Captain Louis M. Nulton, commanding. Authorized 1912; commissioned June, 1916. Cost $11,510,244.68. Personnel, 69 officers and 1,029 enlisted men. Armament, 12 14-inch and 22 5-inch guns and 4 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed 21 knots. Displacement 31,400 tons. Five turrets. Two funnels.

BRIDGE — Repair ship. Anchored opposite West Seventy-second Street, on the New Jersey side.

PRAIRIE—Repair ship. Anchorage opposite West Eighty-second Street, on the New Jersey side.

SOLACE—Hospital ship. Anchored opposite West Eighty-sixth Street, on the New Jersey side.

Reached from Foot of West 97th St.

UTAH — Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West Ninety-sixth Street. Flagship of Rear Admiral Thomas S. Rodgers, who commanded the American battle squadron which was based on Brest, France. Captain Frederick B. Bassett, commanding. Authorized 1908; commissioned August, 1911. Cost $8,507,251. Personnel, 52 officers and 892 enlisted men. Armament, 10 12-inch and 16 5-inch guns and 2 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed 21 knots. Displacement 21,825 tons. Five turrets. Two funnels.

NEVADA — Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West 102d Street. Captain William C. Cole, commanding. Authorized 1911; commissioned March, 1916. Cost $11,030,405.34. Personnel, 52 officers and 997 enlisted men. Armament, 10 14-inch and 21 5-inch guns and 4 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed 20.50 knots. Displacement 27,500 tons. Four turrets, the fore and aft turrets each mounting 3 14-inch guns. One funnel.

OKLAHOMA.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West 109th Street. Captain Charles B. McVay commanding. Authorized 1911. Commissioned May, 1916. Cost, $10,696,225.67. Personnel, 52 officers and 997 enlisted men. Armament, ten 14-inch and twenty-one 5-inch guns and four 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 20.50 knots. Displacement, 27,500 tons. Four turrets, two mounting guns in triplicate. One funnel.

ARIZONA — Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West 116th Street. Captain John H. Dayton commanding. Authorized 1913. Commissioned January, 1917. Cost, $9,707,380.69. Personnel, 55 officers and 1,028 enlisted men. Armament, twelve 14-inch and twenty-two 5-inch guns and four 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 22 knots. Displacement, 31,400 tons. Five turrets. One funnel.

BREESE. — Newly commissioned destroyer. Anchorage opposite West Ninety-second Street on the New Jersey side.

DENT.—New destroyer. Anchorage opposite West Ninety-eighth Street, New Jersey side.

RADFORD.—New destroyer. Anchorage opposite West 102d Street, New Jersey side.

LAMBERTON. — New destroyer. Anchorage opposite 105th Street, New Jersey side.

RINGGOLD.—New destroyer. Anchorage opposite West 108th Street, New Jersey side.

MAHAN.—New destroyer. Anchorage opposite 112th Street, New Jersey side.

Reached from Foot of West 129th Street.

NEW MEXICO. — Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West 122d Street. Flagship of Vice Admiral Albert W. Grant, commanding the Home Fleet. Captain Lucius A. Bostwick commanding. Authorized 1914. Commissioned June, 1917. Cost about $11,000,000. Armament, twelve 14-inch guns and twenty-two 5-inch guns and four 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 22 knots. Displacement, 32,000 tons. Four turrets, each mounting three guns. One funnel.

MISSISSIPPI.—Dreadnought. Anchorage opposite West 129th Street. Captain W. A. Moffett commanding. Authorized 1914. Commissioned May, 1918. Cost about $11,000,000. Armament, twelve 14-inch and twenty-two 5-inch guns and four 3-inch anti-aircraft guns. Speed, 22 knots. Displacement, 32,000 tons. Four turrets mounting guns in triplicate. One funnel.

MISSOURI, (old line battleship.)—Anchorage opposite West 135th Street. Commander Walter B. Decker, commanding. Authorized 1898. Commissioned December, 1903. Cost $5,258,260.55. Personnel, 45 officers and 757 enlisted men. Armament, four 12 inch, sixteen 6-inch, and six 3-inch guns. Speed, 18 knots. Displacement, 12,500 tons. Three funnels. Two main turrets.

MAINE, (old line battleship.)—Anchorage opposite West 140th Street. Captain Roscoe C. Moody, commanding. Authorized 1898. Commissioned December, 1902. Cost $5,381,903.81. Personnel, 45 officers, 757 men. Armament, four 12-inch, sixteen 6-inch, and six 3-inch guns. Speed, 18 knots. Displacement, 12,500 tons. Two main turrets. Three funnels.

WISCONSIN, (old line battleship.)—Anchorage opposite West 145th Street. Captain Yvan C. Wettengel, commanding. Authorized, 1896. Commissioned February, 1901. Cost, $4,723,894.28. Personnel, 43 officers and 661 enlisted men. Armament, four 13-inch, fourteen 6-inch, and four 3-inch guns. Speed, 17 knots. Displacement, 11,552 tons. Two main turrets. Two funnels.

Reached From Foot of West 158th St.

KEARSARGE, (old line battleship.)—Anchorage opposite West 149th Street. Captain George C. Gelm, commanding. Authorized 1895. Commissioned January, 1900. Cost, $5,043,591.68. Personnel, 44 officers and 694 men. Armament, four 13-

THE COST OF LIVING

What is called the high cost of living is often only the high cost of luxury. Take, for instance, the matter of food.

All that is necessary is that the food be wholesome and that it be properly cooked and served in a sanitary way.

All else is luxury.

CHILDS serves more than 30,000,000 such meals a year at an average cost to the public of only a little over 30 cents, and that too in spite of the present high cost of commodities.

Perhaps that is why CHILDS has been called a "national institution."

After all, everybody likes simple, homey dishes best. Corned beef hash, for instance, *browned in the pan.*

Childs

We are members of the United States Food Administration

"Of Extraordinary Importance"

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

MADISON SQUARE SOUTH NEW YORK CITY

ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK

To Be Sold at Unrestricted Public Sale

IN THE

GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE PLAZA

Tuesday Evening, January 7th, 1919,

The Important Collection of

Early American Portraits

FORMED BY

Mr. Thomas B. Clarke

INCLUDING FIVE PORTRAITS OF

WASHINGTON

By Gilbert Stuart, Charles Wilson Peale, Charles Peale Polk and Rembrandt Peale,

AND OTHER NOTABLE PORTRAITS

By James Peale, Sully, Pine, Copley, Vanderlyn, Jarvis, Inman, Morse, Earle, Eichholtz, Harding, Paradise, Smibert, Allston, Trumbull and other early American Portrait Painters.

*,*A Very Interesting de Luxe Catalogue with Photogravure and Half Tone Reproductions of all the Portraits, limited to 300 copies, will be supplied to Subscribers at $5.00 each, subject to an increase in price without further notice.

ALSO ON VIEW SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK

The Private Collection of

American Paintings

FORMED BY THE LATE

William H. Payne

Which Includes Representative Works

By Inness, Wyant, Murphy, Winslow Homer, Abbey, Blakelock, Tryon, Blum, Ulrich, La Farge, W. M. Chase, Mowbray, Thomas Moran, Eastman Johnson, Whittredge, Gifford, Dewey, Bliss Baker, Church, C. H. Davis, Millet, Curran, Richards, Wiggins, Harrison and other Prominent Artists.

Unrestricted Public Sale

IN THE

GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE PLAZA

Monday Evening, January 6th, 1919.

*,*Illustrated Catalogue Mailed on Receipt of 75 Cents.

The Sales Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his Assistants.

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers.

2, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

SHOES

Barr Co

338 MADISON AV. Between 43d & 44th Sts.

In addition to our custom made Shoes we now offer a complete line of ultra-smart Women's Shoes.

$7.00 $12.00

Established Over 30 Years.

RICH Gravies

THEY prevent waste because they make the meat go farther. Make yours luscious by flavoring them with plenty of the sauce with the Frenchy tang—

A-1 SAUCE

NEED NOT RETURN TO NATIONAL GUARD

Former Members Freed from State and Federal Service by Army Discharge.

MANY LIKELY TO RE-ENLIST

New York State Authorities to Hold Out All Possible Inducements to Them.

REGIMENTS TO KEEP HONORS

Will Have Right to Carry on Banners Names of Historic Battles in France.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Nearly half a million National Guardsmen in the Federal service as officers and enlisted men of the United States Army will be completely freed from military service, both Federal and State, when discharged from the army, under an opinion by Acting Judge Advocate General S. T. Answell, approved by Secretary Baker, and promulgated by General March, Chief of Staff of the Army, today, for they will not automatically revert to their former status as National Guardsmen.

On June 30, 1918, there were 16,978 National Guard officers and 417,431 National Guard enlisted men in the United States Army, a total of 434,409, every man of whom will be affected by the decision.

This decision, which strikes a severe blow at the plans which any State may have had looking toward the re-establishment of the guard automatically through the release of its men from the Federal service, grows out of the fact that the Federal military authorities take the position that when National Guardsmen were "drafted" into the Federal service, they ceased to be National Guardsmen, and that when mustered out they must revert to a civilian status.

Under this ruling it will be necessary for the various States, desirous of so doing, to create by voluntary enlistment new National Guard forces, or to enlarge the National Guard forces that have been created since the old guard was drafted, inasmuch as it is wholly optional with discharged National Guardsmen whether they will re-enter the guard after leaving the American Army.

Full Text of the Decision.

The full text of the decision as promulgated to the army follows:

"1—In a memorandum, dated Dec. 20, 1918, you call attention to a purported digest of an opinion of the Judge Advocate General in January, 1918, which digest contains the following sentence with reference to the discharge of persons drafted into the Federal service as members of the National Guard:

"'When mustered out of the Federal service they revert to their former status in the militia of the several States from which they were by the draft called into the Federal service, subject to the qualification that the time spent in the service of the United States will count upon their enlistment or terms of commission.'

"This sentence is found in a footnote on page 307 of the Supplement to the Military Laws of the United States, Fifth Edition. The correct digest of the opinion in question, Jan. 29, 1918, is found on page 7 of the Digest of Opinions of the Judge Advocate General for January, 1918, and the sentence above quoted is not found therein. The quoted sentence is based upon an obiter expression contained in said opinion, which was deduced from an opinion of this office dated Dec. 16, 1916, wherein the question and answer were as follows:

"'Q.—What is the status of the members who have just been mustered out of the Federal service? Do they automatically revert to the National Guard?

"'A.—The muster out is a release from Federal service under call and does not affect enlistment contracts of members of the National Guard. They therefore automatically revert to the status in the National Guard or organizations of their States in which they were at the date they were called into the service of the United States, except that the time served in the service of the United States will count upon their enlistments or terms of commission.'

"Construing the sentence first above quoted in the light of the opinion upon which it is based, it is perfectly apparent that it referred to a muster out of the Federal service after a call into the Federal service and not to a discharge after a draft into the Federal service.

"2—As a matter of fact, the opinion, in the digest of which this sentence occurs, holds without qualification that the draft of a member of the National Guard into the Federal service absolutely discharges him from the militia, which includes the National Guard. Furthermore, this office has held that a commission in the temporary forces is incompatible with a commission in the National Guard and operates to cancel the commission in the National Guard.

"It is, therefore, the opinion of this office that former members of the National Guard, both officers and enlisted men, who entered the service by draft under the President's proclamation of July 3, 1917, will, when discharged from the Federal service, revert to a civilian status and will not revert to their former status as members of the National Guard.

"Approved by order of Secretary of War; March, General, Chief of Staff.

"S. T. ANSELL,

"Acting Judge Advocate General."

Future of Guard Doubtful.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—Secretary of War Baker today expressed the belief that the problem of the National Guard was bound up closely with the question of what Congress might do later in framing legislation to establish a permanent military policy. Existing law provides for the regulars and the National Guard. Should some system of universal military training be worked out, however, army officers say, it is probable that the National Guard will cease to exist. The War Department has not as yet made any recommendations on the subject, having contented itself thus far with seeking appropriations only for the regular army in the coming fiscal year.

Mr. Baker said he expected that State authorities generally would not attempt to reconstitute any of the old regiments of the National Guard until after the divisions into which they had been merged returned from France. It would seem desirable, he thought, that a chance to re-enlist in the Guard be given to the men to be discharged from those divisions. This would enable the reconstituted regiments to be in fact as well as in name a continuation of the old organizations, with every right to carry on their banners the names of the historic battles in France the divisions made famous—of Château-Thierry, the second Marne, the Ourcq, the Vesle, St. Mihiel, Argonne Forest, Sedan, Côte Chatillion, and other places.

Guard Wants Old Members Back.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—New York State authorities will hold out every inducement to their former National Guardsmen who are in Federal service to return to military service in the State, Lieut. Col. Westcott, acting Adjutant General of the State Guard, said today. He also said that every effort would be made to have the State Guard recognized by Federal authorities as the National Guard was before it was actually Federalized.

New York's National Guardsmen, who were sworn into the Federal service Aug. 5, 1917, numbered approximately 28,000. About 20,000 made up the 27th Overseas Division, in command of Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, the only National Guard officer to retain such a high rating. The remainder were scattered among other detachments.

The 27th was completely equipped and comprised all branches of the service. It participated in some of the heavy fighting with British troops just prior to the signing of the armistice. Its casualties were heavy. However, it was specially commended by high British and French military authorities and many of its officers and members were cited.

The State Guard, which replaced the National Guard when it was Federalized, now numbers about 18,000 men.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 24.—Illinois National Guard regiments will be reorganized when the men composing them return from France and the identity of the old units will be preserved as far as possible, it was announced at the office of Adjt. Gen. Frank S. Dickson today.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 24.—State Adjt. Gen. W. F. Rhinow pointed out today that the new Minnesota National Guard now being organized has received Federal approval. It is believed that many members of the former National Guard will re-enlist in the new State organization after they are discharged from Federal service.

COLD WAVE FOR CHRISTMAS.

Rain Also Predicted for Tonight—Storms in the West.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The weather map today showed rain and snow in all of the territory east of the Mississippi River except parts of the South.

"In the South," the Chief Forecaster said, "it will turn clear and cold tonight, and in some sections of the South there will be a real cold wave. It will be cold in the Ohio and lake regions, with snow flurries, and in the Middle Atlantic States and Southern New England there will be rain with a drop in temperatures Christmas night. There will be snow in Northern New England, but out West the skies will be bright."

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—A driving rainstorm tonight drove to cover the numerous groups of Christmas carolers who had started out to sing before houses throughout the city where service flags were displayed. Other outdoor festivities were postponed until tomorrow night, but there were numerous indoor entertainments in which soldiers and sailors in uniform were the guests.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—The storm, which started in the western gulf region yesterday, manifesting itself in snow along the way, was general south of Chicago today. Trains were delayed and street car traffic, notably at Kansas City and in Chicago, was curtailed, as were the delivery services of stores. Thousands of belated Christmas shoppers and others had to walk home or to their work.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 24.—Heavy snow in Western Kansas today shut off Denver from train service East and South for a time, but through trains were dug out and sent forward tonight. Local trains will be released later, it is said, as the storm abated tonight.

SINN FEIN WINS, 2 TO 1.

MacNeill Elected as Dublin University Member of Parliament.

DUBLIN, Dec. 23.—The Sinn Fein scored a marked victory today by the election of Professor John MacNeill of Dublin University as the university representative in Parliament. He received twice as many votes as Professor Conway, the Nationalist candidate.

Professor MacNeill, although he took no part in the Irish rebellion of 1916, was courtmartialed and sentenced to penal servitude for his association with the Sinn Fein movement. He was released later through Government amnesty.

ARMY SENDS GREETINGS.

Home and Expeditionary Forces Exchange Holiday Messages.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The American armies in France and at home exchanged Christmas greetings today by cable. General Pershing cabled to General March:

"Please accept for the officers and men of the American Army in the United States cordial Christmas greetings and best wishes for the coming year from the American Expeditionary Force."

General March replied:

"Christmas greetings to yourself and the American Expeditionary Force. A Happy New Year and a speedy return home."

Increase Chemical Bank Dividend.

The Directors of the Chemical National Bank declared a dividend of 3½ per cent. bi-monthly yesterday, payable Jan. 2. This action raises the regular dividend rate of the bank from 15 per cent. to 21 per cent. annually and is equal to approximately 210 per cent. a year on the original capital of $300,000, which is all the money paid in for capital stock of the institution.

NEW YEAR'S EVE.

DECEMBER 31st, 1918

Hotel St. Regis.

Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street New York

Special Supper and Dancing

$6 PER COVER

Tables Should Be Reserved Immediately.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Beginning at 9 o'clock Tomorrow Morning, on the Second Floor

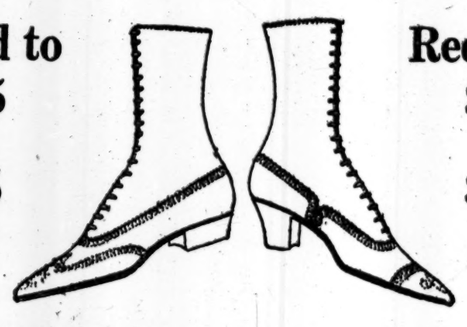
An Important Clearance Sale of

3,400 Pairs of

Women's & Misses' Fashionable Boots

All Taken From Regular Stock and

Reduced to $5.95 and $7.45



Reduced to $5.95 and $7.45

The season's Smartest Boots, in the leathers and combinations that are strictly correct for immediate wear. Each pair made according to our usual high standard, assuring much better than average service.

Sizes 2 to 8; Widths AA to D, with modish 1 in. to 1¾ in. military and Cuban heels and welt soles. A few styles may also be had with leather Louis XV. heels.

These Values in Fine Footwear Are Entirely Without Competition!

Beginning Tomorrow Morning, and Continuing Friday and Saturday

Important Pre-Inventory Clearance

Sale of Misses' Coats, Suits and Dresses

at liberal reductions from regular prices

These splendid garments are in the most successful styles for Mid-Winter, tailored in materials now very fashionable and of known dependability. These extraordinary reductions should receive your immediate attention.

110 Misses' Coats...Formerly $35.....Reduced to **$25.00**
75 Misses' Coats...Formerly $45.....Reduced to **$29.50**
100 Misses' Coats...Formerly $50.....Reduced to **$35.00**
75 Misses' Coats...Formerly $65.....Reduced to **$39.50**
150 Misses' Coats...Formerly $69.50 to $75.....Reduced to **$45.00**
75 Misses' Coats...Formerly $79.50.....Reduced to **$49.50** and **$59.50**
50 Misses' Coats...Formerly $85 to $95..Reduced to **$69.50** and **$75.00**
25 Misses' Coats...Formerly $100 to $150.Reduced to **$89.50** and **$98.50**
7 Misses' Coats...Formerly $198.50....Reduced to **$125**

25 Misses' Suits...Formerly $25 to $35.....Reduced to **$15.00**
59 Misses' Suits...Formerly $39.50 to $50.....Reduced to **$28.00**
27 Misses' Suits...Formerly $59.50 to $65.....Reduced to **$49.50**
24 Misses' Suits...Formerly $69.50 to $85.....Reduced to **$59.50**

75 Misses' Dresses.Formerly $18.50 to $22.50.....Reduced to **$14.75**
100 Misses' Dresses.Formerly $25.00.....Reduced to **$18.50**
96 Misses' Dresses.Formerly $30 to $35.....Reduced to **$25.00**
75 Misses' Dresses.Formerly $39.50.....Reduced to **$29.50**
64 Misses' Dresses.Formerly $45 to $50.....Reduced to **$34.00**

Size and Color Ranges Incomplete, but you will no doubt find your size in one of the many beautiful styles included.

For the New Year Festivities—

Fashion's Newest Evening Gowns for Women, Special at $39.50

In Two Distinct Styles That Have Won the Unstinted Approval of Leading Fashion Authorities.

One is a gracefully draped style, most exquisitely developed in Soft Satin, with rich embellishment of Silver and Gold Thread Embroidery. The trimming is of fine Silver Lace. To be had in White, Ciel Blue, Turquoise, Orchid, Maize, and Rose. Sizes 34 to 42. *(Illustrated at right.)*

The Second Model is a "Rainbow" Gown of Tulle in wonderful color combinations, enriched with Sequin trimming. Obtainable in Rose and Silver, Turquoise and Silver, and Jap Blue. Sizes 34 to 38. *(Illustrated at left.)*

We Have Assembled a Most Exclusive Collection of

Exquisite Evening Gowns

for the present social season—the very newest and most charming created by leading couturiers, in materials that lend themselves admirably to the development of Gowns of a highly individual type. The materials and prices are as follows:

Metallic Brocade Evening Gowns.....$89.50 to $175.00
Chiffon Velvet Gowns in High Shades.....$49.50 to $95.00
Sequin Trimmed and Paiette Gowns.....$75.00 to $150.00
Satin Meteor and Soiree Gowns.....$39.50 to $75.00
Chiffon Taffeta and Satin Gowns.....$22.50 to $39.50

Parents—Take Advantage of This Important Sale—

250 Girls' Gingham Frocks

Regularly $2.95 and $3.75

Special at $1.85

$1.85

Real Girlish Dresses in colorings and patterns Girls like to wear, in dainty Empire, Coatee and Waistline effects, trimmed with touches of hand-stitchery in contrasting colors and smocking.

Exceptionally Well Made of Plaid and Striped Ginghams, and Plain Chambrays that will give excellent service.

$1.85

Five distinct models in sizes 6 to 14 years (Two illustrated).

Women's Fashionable Fur-Trimmed Box Coat Suits

as shown in leading Paris Shops

Special $37.50

Fashion's latest and most charming caprice, reflecting the rare genius of some of Europe's best known couturiers. The originals of the various models are the most individual received from Europe, and are indicative of the trend of Fashion for early Spring. These reproductions have been tailored with but one thought in mind—to leave nothing to choose between original and duplicate.

Fashioned of Fine Wool Velour, with high Choker, Shawl, or Tuxedo Collar of Mole, Nutria, Hudson Seal, or Skunk Opossum.

Silk lined, and warmly interlined. Sizes from 34 to 44.

CITES BRITISH ORDER TO IGNORE BURLESON

Told Not to Submit Control of Cables Touching Britain, Says Commercial Co. Official.

'SILLY,' DECLARES CARLTON

Combination of Transatlantic Lines Now Under Way in London, It Is Said Here.

William J. Deegan, Secretary of the Mackay Companies, the holding corporation operating the Commercial Cable Company and the Commercial-Pacific Cable Company, issued a statement yesterday in which he said, without qualification, that the British Government had instructed that cable company not to submit to control by Postmaster General Burleson.

It was also said that the Commercial people would not lessen the fight against Government ownership, simply because the Postmaster General had disclaimed any intention of that, and that both Charles Evans Hughes and William W. Cook, as counsel, will appear in the Federal Court on Friday to fight Attorney General Gregory's motion to dismiss the cases.

"It's a silly statement; there's nothing to it," said Newcomb Carlton, Western Union head and Federal Cable Director, when shown the Commercial statement, which was as follows:

The Commercial's Statement.

The Commercial Cable Company has today received a message from its London office stating that the British Government is willing that the Commercial Cable Company assist the Western Union in the handling of cable traffic from Great Britain, as that company (the Western Union) has four cables interrupted, on condition that no control be exercised from America. Therefore the cable companies must ignore any instructions from Mr. Burleson or his representatives in so far as the operation of the cables landing in Great Britain is concerned.

This message knocks Mr. Burleson's cable control "higher than a kite." The British Government refuses, and rightly refuses, to allow the American Postmaster General to invade Great Britain, just as the American Government would object to any attempt of the British Postmaster General to dictate the operation of the American ends of cables. Mr. Burleson's control, therefore, so far as the Atlantic cables are concerned, is nullified, and the attempt of Burleson, Vail, and Carlton to ge control of the Commercial Company's cables is defeated and is a failure.

We wonder how Burleson feels now about turning out our President, general manager, and general counsel. Apparently these officials still continue to act in those capacities in Canada, Newfoundland, and the Azores, Great Britain and France, but are not President, general manager, and general counsel so far as operations are concerned in New York. We are wondering where we are at.

Mr. Deegan's reference to "cables terminating in Great Britain" includes all the commercial lines, except the Pacific line which starts at San Francisco and stretches 10,000 miles to China, via Midway Island, the Philippines, and Japan. Though this cable is also the subject of suit against Mr. Burleson, the British authorities are uninterested in it, since it does not touch on British soil.

Shortly after Mr. Deegan had issued the statement, it was ascertained that Postmaster General Burleson had appointed a committee to report on the land wire situation. Although the order directing that this be done was dated at Washington, Dec. 9, the order has not yet been published in the Government's Official Bulletin of the Post Office, nor was it ever given out for general publication.

Mr. Burleson's Order.

Its first appearance, so far as known, was in the current issue of American Telephony, a trade publication, issued in Chicago. The order reads:

Telegraph and Telephone Service
Order No. 2458.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9, 1918.

N. C. Kingsbury, Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company; A. F. Adams, President of the Kansas City Home Telephone Company, Kansas City, Mo., and W. W. Fanhbaugh, Vice President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, are hereby appointed a committee on organization and directed to submit a report at the earliest possible date on the plan of organization and the personnel of the same for conducting the governmental operation of the telegraph and telephone systems.

A. S. BURLESON,
Postmaster General.

The introduction of this order, previously unsuspected, into the Commercial offices provoked a storm of protest. It was quickly pointed out that no official of the Postal Telegraph Company had been directed to serve on the committee, and that the organization of the company's property would proceed without Postal officials "getting a bit of light on what is to be done."

It was pointed out that on Dec. 13, when Mr. Burleson announced that he had deposed Clarence H. Mackay as operating head of the Commercial Cable Company, and substituted Mr. Carlton as controller of all cables, the Postmaster General issued an order appointing an operating board for the land wires, again excluding all Postal officials.

The board's personnel was announced as: Union N. Bethel, Chairman, Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company; F. A. Stevenson, Plant Superintendent, Bell Telephone Company; G. M. Yorko, Vice President of the Western Union, and Mr. Adams, who, by the undisclosed order of Mr. Burleson, dated four days previously, had been assigned to the committee on organization.

After Mr. Carlton had expressed his opinion of the Commercial's disclosure about Great Britain, an official of the Western Union said:

"The British Post Office put several questions to us the other day. They declared, in effect, that if we answered these questions satisfactorily they would give approval to the cable operation. The first question, or requirement, was that all cable messages should be sent as routed, and that the British Post Office was to be promptly notified of any delay arising from the interchange of cable lines.

The second requirement was that no changes be made which would in any wise interfere with existing censorship arrangements. Thirdly, they required that nothing in the method of control be attempted which would involve, directly or indirectly, the control of one company by another company, even though the control be maintained by a person acting on behalf of the United States Government.

"We replied that there was no control of companies by other companies or one company for the Government, and on the strength of that, the British Post Office granted permission to us to route traffic as we saw fit. This shows that there is nothing to the Commercial's statement. The genesis of the Commercial statement, which, of course, was written by Mr. Cook, their counsel, is that it was designed by the lawyer to keep the pot boiling."

This same official said that combination of the cable companies was already under way in London, where the two main offices have been wired together, and that arrangements were being made to join the Commercial receiving station at Waterville, Ireland, to the Western Union station at Valentia. Similar steps are being taken in Newfoundland, where the Commercial station at St. John's is being connected with the Western Union office at Heart's Content.

Future Requirements

The law forbids you from buying alcoholic beverages after June, 1919.

The ideal highball or cocktail is made of BACARDI. It is preferred to other liquors by many good judges.

Have you considered the desirability of making provision for your future requirements by purchasing a stock of BACARDI sufficient for your needs? Later the cost will be advanced owing to increased taxation.

THE BACARDI CORPORATION OF NEW YORK
267 West Broadway, New York

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Begin---tomorrow---their

After-Christmas

Sales

Offering Very Pronounced Values

in

Furs---Gowns---Hats
Wraps---Coats---Suits
Including Imported Models

"Turner for Concrete"

FUTURE AMERICAN COMMERCE.
The Annalist Annual Review, Jan. 6, 1919, will deal with the prospects for financiers, manufacturers and merchants, and a mass of statistical matter. Stock and bond quotations for the past year for reference the year through. Ten cents—$4.00 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times Company.—Advt.

Start the New Year right—buy W. S. S.

London Paris

Best & Co.

Greeley 1234

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879

Beginning Tomorrow

Extraordinary Sale

Fur Scarfs—Muffs—Matched Fur Sets
Fur Coats—Wraps & Capes

at unusually low prices

BEGINNING tomorrow we inaugurate a noteworthy sale—dependable fur coats—scarfs and muffs—*desired* furs and *desired* styles at special prices.

We have purchased recently choice style garments to keep our fur stocks complete—some items of which will be offered for the first time tomorrow.

Fur Coats—Wraps—Capes

MOLESKIN DOLMAN, wrap effect, full length, finest Scotch pelts.
Reduced from . . 850.00 to 750.00

MOLESKIN WRAP with vestee effect—ermine collar—full length.
Reduced from . . 850.00 to 750.00

CARACUL DOLMAN WRAP with finest Black Lynx collar, exquisitely marked soft pelts, full length.
Reduced from . . 600.00 to 495.00

CARACUL FULL LENGTH COAT of finest pelts, Kolinsky collar.
Reduced from . . 600.00 to 495.00

CARACUL COAT of durable quality, full length, collar of Black Lynx.
Reduced from . . 450.00 to 345.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT, self collar and cuffs, belted. 195.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT, full length, belted, self collar and cuffs. . . . 225.00

HUDSON SEAL COAT, full length, belted, collar and cuffs of either Skunk, Beaver or Gray Squirrel. 295.00

HUDSON SEAL COATS, a group of model garments made from the finest pelts, collar and cuffs of various contrasting furs, Beaver, Squirrel, Lynx, Ermine, Skunk and others. 350.00 to 575.00

MARMOT COAT, belted, self collar and cuffs. 95.00

MARMOT COAT, belted, collar and cuffs of Skunk-dyed Raccoon. . . . 125.00

NUTRIA COAT, of natural fur, self collar and cuffs. 150.00

NUTRIA COAT, taupe dyed, splendid model for walking. 225.00

MUSKRAT COAT, walking length, self collar, cuffs and border, belted, of superior quality. 160.00

MUSKRAT COATS of various lengths and with contrasting fur collar and cuffs, natural Raccoon, Beaver, Hudson Seal, Skunk-dyed Raccoon. . . . 175.00 to 295.00

PERSIAN LAMB COAT, full length, collar and cuffs of Skunk. 295.00

NATURAL MINK COAT, 42 inches long, with tail trimming at lower edge, fine dark pelts. Reduced from . 1150.00 to 975.00

NATURAL MINK CAPE, coatee yoke effect back with Mink tail and Sable paw trimming. Reduced from . . 495.00 to 450.00

The above is representative only of the values offered—the assortment is complete with garments of Hudson Seal, Caracul, Mole, Squirrel and others.

Neckwear and Muffs

Scarfs		Muffs
30.00 — 45.00	HUDSON SEAL	15.00 — 20.00
35.00 — 45.00	BEAVER	35.00 — 45.00
18.50 — 25.00	NATURAL RACCOON	20.00 — 25.00
18.50 — 27.50	SKUNK-DYED RACCOON	20.00 — 29.50
45.00 — 55.00	BROWN AND BLACK FOX	45.00 — 60.00
45.00 — 55.00	NATURAL SKUNK	30.00 — 37.50

Furs described as Hudson Seal are fine quality dyed Muskrat.

You Never Pay More at Best's

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Exceptional Special Sales (Tomorrow) Thursday

WOMEN'S *and* MISSES' WINTER APPAREL *and* FURS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

About Three Hundred and Fifty
WOMEN'S PLAIN TAILORED *and* FUR TRIMMED SUITS
Assembled from the Regular Stock
REDUCED TO
28.00 38.00 48.00 85.00
Formerly 39.50 to 135.00

Included in this group are the season's most desirable models in strictly man tailored types, demi-tailored, sport, box coat and costume models. Made of velour, trico velour, duvet de laine, silvertone and velveteen.

About Two Hundred & Fifty
WOMEN'S PLAIN TAILORED *and* FUR TRIMMED COATS
Assembled from the Regular Stock
REDUCED TO
35.00 45.00 55.00
Formerly 39.50 to 79.50

Included in this collection are some of the season's most desirable styles, developed in English and domestic velour, silvertone and other soft, rich coatings in the fashionable colorings—with or without fur.

Special Values in Women's Fur Coats

Nutria Coats *135.00*
Smart models in chic trotteur styles.

Taupe Squirrel Coats *245.00*
Cape-coat models made from fine selected skins.

Hudson Seal Coats *165.00*
Walking length coats of choice dyed muskrat.

Hudson Seal Coats *245.00*
40 & 45 ins. long, collars and cuffs of skunk or squirrel.

Misses' Tailored Suits *38.00*
Regularly 49.50 to 65.00
A variety of smart styles in velour in strictly tailored models. Season's favored shadings. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Velour & Velveteen Suits *58.00*
Formerly 75.00 to 95.00
Loose back and straightline box coats; also panel back styles with fur-bordered waistcoats and chin fur collars. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Winter Coats ***Reduced to*** *48.00*
In crystal cord, bolivia and velour with large adjustable collars and novel belts. In all the favored shadings. Sizes 14 to 18.

Misses' Fur-Trimmed Coats & Wrap-Coats *58.00*
Formerly 75.00 to 85.00
A number of attractively youthful styles. Large collars or trimmings of taupe-nutria, dyed seal and Australian opossum. Sizes 14 to 18.

"The Fifth Avenue Fashion Shop"

Lee-Morris Co.

at 36th St. 394 Fifth Ave. *at 36th St.*

Tomorrow (Thursday), Friday and Saturday—

Pre-Inventory Clearance

Entire stock Women's and Misses' Apparel at intensive price reductions.

Fine Winter Coats—*were to 97.50*
Reduced to 19.00, 35.00, 57.50

Stunning Winter Suits—*were to 87.50*
Reduced to 22.50, 35.00, 45.00

Dresses, Frocks & Gowns—*were to 55.00*
Reduced to 12.75, 19.75, 25.00

LEE-MORRIS CO., 394 Fifth Ave.

THE NUMBER PAR EXCELLENCE.
December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, Victory issue—242 pages; 32 pages rotogravure portraits of victorious leaders, 18 pages international cartoons; official facts, records, utterances, armistices regarding surrender of Germany, Austria, Turkey; also twenty other imposing historical features. On news stands, 25 cents.—Advt.

Use Cuticura Soap For Your Skin
All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. S B, Boston."

If you wish to make sure that your plans for disposing of your property will be carried out after your death, appoint us trustees of your estate now.
Lawyers Title and Trust Co.
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Closed All Day Today
On and after Thursday store hours will be 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

Invest Your Christmas Gift Money in Diamond Jewelry

There's all the difference in the world between **spending** and **investing**, you know, and as the donor of that Christmas Gift Money would probably like to have the sentiment which prompted the gift perpetuated, why not invest the money?

The transitory enjoyment gathered from money spent is hardly worth the spending. But when one invests in Diamond Jewelry, the acquisition is one of permanent beauty and permanent worth. Surely a fitting use for the gift of money.

Always Ready

to meet the demands of any occasion the Diamond Jewelry Department takes particular pains to have on hand a complete stock of desirable Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, La Vallieres, etc., that the after-Christmas purchaser may have a full and varied selection.

Our well-known policy of cash buying and cash selling makes the prices here in our Jewelry Department consistent with those elsewhere in the store—"Lowest-in-the-City"

Macy's—Main Floor, Bway, 34th St.

For Men

Genuine Italian Briars at the Old Prices

Of all pipes, the real sweet Italian briar needs no "breaking in." And that comes as a statement from an old tobacco man.

LIVARNO Italian briar. In a dozen shapes and sizes, at $3.24 each.

MILANO Selected Italian briar. Also in a dozen styles, at $3.24 each.

WINDSOR—Famous among famous pipes. In twenty-four shapes. At the popular price of 94c each.

BAKELITE — Specially priced in two dozen varieties, at 94c each.

Our Collection of Amber Stems

is not, in our opinion, equalled in extent and assortment by any store in the city; certainly not for price.

ASH TRAYS, STANDS, HUMIDORS, CELLARETTES, HOLDERS, TOBACCO POUCHES, ETC., AT "LOWEST-IN-THE-CITY" PRICES

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St.

TAHITI BUILDS PYRES OF INFLUENZA DEAD

Seventh of Papeete's Population Succumbs and Bodies Feed Steady Fires.

FOOD AND MEDICINE SCARCE

Victims of Plague Everywhere Are Surrounded by Dying, While Disease Is Spreading.

PAPEETE, Tahiti, Dec. 9.—Influenza has turned the Island of Tahiti into a charnel place. At the crest of Papeete burn great pyres, with the stark, sheet-covered bodies of many natives waiting to be thrown into the glowing ashes of those who have been consumed by the flames.

The Associated Press' correspondent has learned that fully one-seventh of the population of Papeete are dead. In almost every native home families are with no medicine and little attention, while the fever consumes their lives. They beg in vain for food.

Those Europeans and Americans who escaped the disease formed a volunteer corps to carry food and medicine to the sick and take measures for the disposal of the dead. But the situation grew enormously, and soon got out of hand. The deaths became so numerous in the last week that to bury the victims was impossible. Only the pyre was left.

Attempts to keep the epidemic from spreading have failed. It now has reached the Island of Moorea where there are no doctors, and is exacting enormous toll.

In Papeete the victims of the plague are everywhere, surrounded by the dying. Day and night trucks rumble through the street, filled with bodies for the constantly burning pyres.

The disease has virtually wiped out the elder generation of Tahitians, noted for their hospitality and charm. Reports from other points say that the mortality is appalling.

The start of the epidemic has been traced to the arrival of a steamer here on Nov. 17 with many cases on board.

Tahiti, a French possession in the Eastern Pacific, is the most important of the Society Islands. Papeete, the chief town or. the island, has a population of 3,617, of whom 1,969 are French.

TO USE INFLUENZA SERUM.

Boston Decides on Step as Cases in the City Increase.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Boston health authorities today decided to treat influenza-pneumonia patients with blood serum taken from those who have been cured of the disease.

Dr. W. C. Woodward, City Health Commissioner, issued a call asking persons who have recovered and are willing to give their blood for this purpose to register at the Health Department. He said that while the blood serum had not demonstrated beyond a doubt its curative value, the results obtained by its use justified resorting to it in severe cases.

Reports of influenza and pneumonia reaching the State Board of Health today from 84 cities and towns outside of Boston showed 1,794 new cases and 29 deaths. Only 1,000 of the cases, the board estimated, developed yesterday, as many of the reports covered periods of several days. Officials pointed to the low death rate as indicating that the present outbreak was not as serious as the earlier epidemic, and they believed that many cases reported as influenza were merely colds.

Reports indicated that the disease was on the increase in Boston, there being 298 new cases and 36 deaths during the twenty-four-hour period ending at noon. This was the highest day's total since the recurrence of influenza.

FLIER KILLED IN NOSE DIVE.

Lieut. Munford Was Testing New Plane at Mineola Field.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Dec. 24.—Lieutenant E. S. Munford was killed here today when an Albree scout monoplane, which he was testing at the army aviation field, fell 200 feet in a nose dive, burying its operator under the wreckage. Several officers and the designer of the craft saw the accident. Lieut. Col. M. S. Harmon, in command of Hazelhurst field, appointed a board of three officers to investigate.

Sergeant J. Walsh had flown the plane a few minutes earlier, and had been forced to descend by engine trouble. This appeared to have been adjusted when Munford went up. Apparently he tried to turn, banked too sharply, side-slipped and fell.

CALDWELL, N. J., Dec. 24.—Lieutenants Rose and Tillague narrowly escaped death today when their machine overturned while landing in a wheat field near here. They were on their way to the Hazelhurst field from Easton, Penn. They ran out of gasoline, and the machine landed nose first and turned completely over. The ground was soggy from rains and save the fliers from a bad fall.

GERMAN ARRESTED IN PARIS

Prisoner Declares He Is a Member of Armistice Commission.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Some mystery attaches to the arrest of a man who arrived at the Grand Hotel this morning.

Speaking correct French, he asked for a room, and when asked to show his papers he produced them. They gave his name as Rudolph von Hanover, a native of Berlin, and showed him to be coming from Spa, the former German headquarters, where the international armistice commission now sits. He declared himself to be a member of that commission.

The man was turned over to the police, who afterward declined to say anything about the arrest.

Commerce H. S. Honors Its Heroes.

Memorial services in honor of the students of the High School of Commerce who had given up their lives in the war, were held yesterday afternoon at 155 West Sixty-fifth Street. Of the nine who had been killed, Edward Ray Gozzett, 16 years old, the youngest of the students who had enlisted, was lost on the transport Alcedo when it was torpedoed on Nov. 5, 1917. The others who lost their lives were Murray E. Cramer, Oscar P. Lippe, Harold M. York, Isidore Senter, Irving J. Pincus, Samuel J. Lewin, Charles Goetz, and George P. Ryan. The memorial program contained musical selections and addresses by Samuel W. Grafflin, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, and Captain W. E. Denison of the Commerce High School Cadet Corps.

American Sugar's Christmas Gift.

The announcement was made by the American Sugar Refining Company yesterday that each of its 10,000 employes would be insured at the company's expense for from $500 to $1,000. The company has had a pension plan in operation for some years. Earl D. Babst, President of the company, in his Christmas letter to employes, said that "both the insurance plan and the pension plan are undertaken by the Board of Directors for the purpose of manifesting a serious interest in the welfare of the organization and of promoting a spirit of co-operation and of helpfulness, both in the daily task and in the home."

Stanley & MacGibbons

5TH AVENUE AT 36TH STREET

Second Floor -Take Elevator

New Ultra Fashionable

COATS AND DRESSES

At One Price Only—$35—You Can't Pay More—or Less.

For $35.00 You Can Buy Here

Afternoon & Evening Gowns

Designed for Southern Wear

Smartly new, chic and tempting. Executed in fashionable materials.

Beaded Georgette Dress new model $35.00

AT ONE PRICE ONLY

$35.

Values Out of All Proportion

Tasteful, critical women will find themselves repaid for a visit to our unique up-stairs shop.

The wealth of new styles, the variety and character of the apparel, and the wonderful values we offer are attractively different.

Evening Gown of Tulle & Silver Cloth $35.00

Fur Trimmed Coats and Wraps

Coats of Crystal Cloth, Duvet de Laine, Wool Velour and Silvertone, with extra large collars of Nutria, Australian Opossum, Raccoon and Hudson Seal; silk lined and warmly interlined. Evening Wraps of soft Velveteen in pastel shades, with contrasting fur collars and cuffs; richly silk lined and warmly interlined.

$35.

Announcing an Extraordinary Shoe Clearance Sale

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

For Tomorrow, Thursday

About 900 Pairs

Women's High-Grade Shoes

At Extraordinary Reductions

Shoes that Sold Regularly from 9.00 to 12.50

This Season's Desirable Models Reduced to

7.90

No Approvals
No Exchanges
No C. O. D.'s

Taken from our regular stock, an extraordinary assortment of exclusive *Oppenheim, Collins & Co.'s* models, in every desirable leather and combination

Also on Sale in Our Brooklyn Store

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

A Most Important and Extraordinary Coat Sale

To-Morrow (Thursday), December 26th

500 Women's and Misses'

Distinctive Fur-Trimmed Coats

Silk lined throughout and warmly interlined

In a number of smart models of Velour Cloth and Pom Pom Cloth in every desirable color. Large collars of Seal, Nutria, Raccoon and Australian Opossum.

Regular 50.00 to 65.00 Values

Sale Price 35.00

Women's Coats—2d Floor — *Misses' Coats—3d Floor*

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street—New York

Dependable Fur Coats and Furs

Offering Exceptional Values Thursday

595.00

Presenting a choice collection of superior Fur Coats and the smaller Furs which are so essentially a part of the fashionable Winter Costume. Developed from carefully selected pelts, in the season's newest styles, featuring exquisite workmanship.

Women's Fur Coats

Australian Seal Coats (*dyed Coney*), 45 inches long. Shawl self collar and cuffs. *Special*	115.00
Hudson Seal (*dyed Muskrat*) **Coats**, 30 inches long; self or Nutria collar and cuffs. *Special*	175.00
Genuine Mole Coats, 30 inches long, with large shawl collar and cuffs. *Special*	195.00
Natural Nutria Coats, 45 inches long; shawl collar, belted and pocketed model. *Special*	195.00
Trimmed Caracul Coats, 45 inches. Collar, cuffs and border of Natural Skunk. *Special*	250.00
Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 45 in. long; collar, cuffs and 12-inch border of dyed Skunk. *Special*	275.00
Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 45 inches long; collar and cuffs of Beaver or Skunk. *Special*	295.00
Genuine Mole Coats, 45 inches long; belted model. Taupe Fox shawl collar, cuffs and border. *Special*	350.00

Fur Muffs and Scarfs Specially Priced

Hudson Seal Scarfs	27.50 to 110.00	Nutria Scarfs	20.00 to 48.00
Hudson Seal Muffs	9.50 to 39.75	Nutria Muffs	10.75 to 25.00
Skunk Scarfs	35.00 to 175.00	Fox Scarfs	50.00 to 125.00
Skunk Muffs	35.00 to 85.00	Fox Muffs	55.00 to 85.00
Kolinsky Scarfs	85.00 to 225.00	Mink Scarfs	72.50 to 325.00
Kolinsky Muffs	65.00 to 75.00	Mink Muffs	62.50 to 85.00
Beaver Scarfs	35.00 to 58.00	Squirrel Scarfs	35.00 to 105.00
Beaver Muffs	42.50 to 55.00	Squirrel Muffs	25.00 to 35.00
Mole Scarfs	65.00 to 195.00	Lynx Scarfs	17.50 to 85.00
Mole Muffs	32.50 to 72.50	Lynx Muffs	17.50 to 65.00

Hudson Seal Muffs	Natural Nutria Muffs	Dyed Skunk Muffs
Special 9.50	*Special* 10.75	*Special* 15.00

LEVIES ON INCOME UNDER NEW BILL

Measure Calls for Returns on Gross Amounts, Minus Exemptions, of $1,000 or More.

SOME CHANGES IN LAW

Revenue Officials Prepare Table Giving Rates of Taxation Payable by Individuals.

With the passage of the $6,000,000,000 War Revenue bill by the Senate on Monday, and its early consideration in conference, Treasury officials in this city were able yesterday to prepare tabulations which give a definite idea of the amounts individual income taxpayers will be called upon to pay on incomes of the calendar year ending Dec. 31.

Revenue officials said they were of the belief that the new revenue bill would undergo only comparatively slight modifications in conference, and probably none in rates. While the bill about to become law does not, as in the case of the existing law, require the payment of an excess profits on individual incomes, the new measure, through its medium of graduated rates, will have the effect of bringing home to nearly every citizen whose income after deductions allowed by law amounts to $1,000 or more, the Government's pressing need for money to settle its war bills.

One of the changes noted in the new tax measure is that the basis for computation of individual incomes is gross, instead of net. The framers of the new bill have made no changes in the rate of taxation on the lowest incomes and have granted the exemptions to individuals prevailing in the act of 1917.

Accordingly, an unmarried person will be given an exemption of $1,000 and a married person $2,000, if head of a family. In addition, the head of each family is entitled to make a deduction of $200 for each dependent child, while provision under certain circumstances is made for other dependents.

Revenue officials said yesterday that it should be understood that every individual having a gross income for the taxable year of $1,000 or over if single or if married and not living with husband or wife, must under oath make a return stating specifically the items of his gross income and the deductions and credits allowed by section 223. If a husband and wife living together have an aggregate gross income of $2,000 or over, each must make a return unless the income of each is included in a single joint return. In this connection, it was pointed out that the making of a return and the actual payment of taxes were two distinct requirements of the new bill. In other words, the obligatory return will determine, after exemptions are allowed, whether the individual is under the necessity of paying a tax or not.

With a view to gaining a comprehensive idea of just how the new income tax will affect a large number of individuals whose actual taxable incomes (after all deductions) range from $1,000 to $20,000, THE NEW YORK TIMES asked Chief Deputy Joseph F. Prendergast of the Third, or upper Manhattan, Internal Revenue District, of which Mark Eisner is Collector, to prepare a table showing just how the taxes would work out in the classes referred to. The table below shows the amount of tax payable by an individual, whether married or single, and is based on the taxable amount of income less exemption:

Taxable Income	Normal Tax Rate. P. C.	†Surtax. P. C.	Amount of Tax.
$1,000	6	0	$60
2,000	6	0	120
3,000	6	0	180
4,000	6	0	240
5,000	*12	0	360
6,000	*12	1	490
7,000	*12	1 to 2	630
8,000	*12	1 to 2	770
9,000	*12	1 to 3	920
10,000	*12	1 to 3	1,070
11,000	*12	1 to 4	1,230
12,000	*12	1 to 4	1,390
13,000	*12	1 to 5	1,560
14,000	*12	1 to 5	1,730
15,000	*12	1 to 6	1,910
16,000	*12	1 to 6	2,090
17,000	*12	1 to 7	2,280
18,000	*12	1 to 7	2,470
19,000	*12	1 to 8	2,670
20,000	*12	1 to 8	2,870

*The tax on taxable income up to $4,000 is 6 per cent.; the 12 per cent. rate applies on the amount in excess of $4,000.

†The surtax is levied on amounts of taxable income in excess of $5,000. The rate is 1 per cent. between $5,000 and $6,000, and increases 1 per cent. for each $2,000 of income above that figure.

All of the Internal Revenue offices in New York have been making preparations to handle the largely increased collections from individuals and corporations provided for in the bill now in conference. Following the signing of the bill by President Wilson, which may take place at the American Embassy in Paris, the first move of the local offices will be to send out blanks to all individuals and corporations so that returns may be filed in the offices early next Spring.

T. R. HOME FOR CHRISTMAS.

To Leave Hospital Today After Seven Weeks Spent There.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will spend Christmas at home. After nearly two months in Roosevelt Hospital he is to start for Oyster Bay this morning and is expected to reach Sagamore Hill in time for Christmas dinner with his family. Dr. J. H. Richards, under whose care he has been in the hospital, issued this statement yesterday:

"Colonel Roosevelt has been sick for seven weeks with an attack of inflammatory rheumatism, and has sufficiently recovered to return home on Christmas. During his stay in the hospital he has responded to the regular form of treatment, and we believe that he will entirely recover in the time ordinarily taken for such cases. We think that he will be able to take up his usual duties in six weeks or two months."

In previous reports Colonel Roosevelt's malady has been described as sciatica.

JUST LEARN OF WAR'S END.

Crew of Bark, Anxious About U-Boats, Get News at Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—When Captain Walcott, the British skipper of the Norwegian bark Skansen I., 141 days out of Sydney, New South Wales, with a valuable cargo of wool, greeted the pilot that boarded him off Boston Light today the first question he asked was for the latest news of the German submariners. A constant watch for German raiders had been kept throughout the voyage.

News that the armistice had been signed and that the greater part of the surviving German underwater fleet had been surrendered set the crew of the equestrienne wild with joy, and preparations were at once made for a right merry Christmas celebration.

Forbids Bronx "Dollar Light."

An opinion written by Chairman Hubbell of the Public Service Commission and approved yesterday by the Commission, forbids the Bronx Gas and Electric Company from continuing its practice of making a minimum charge of one dollar a month to all users of electric current. Mr. Hubbell says that making such a charge to consumers who use less than this amount of current in a month is equivalent to an increase in the rates, which is a violation of the law. If the company fails to obey the ruling, mandamus or injunction proceedings will be instituted.

Untrimmed Velvet Hats
Reduced to 95c & $2.95
Every Velvet Hat in stock, including the latest of smart shapes, large and small, in complete assortment. The majority in Black Lyon's Velvet; styles requiring little or no trimming.
Fourth Floor

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Girls' Trimmed Hats
Reduced to $2.95
Velvets and Velveteens in Mushroom, rolling brim, Tam and Scotch cap effects, trimmed with large or small bows and bands, cockades or streamers. In black, navy, French blue, brown, rose.
Fourth Floor

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALES
COMMENCING TOMORROW, THURSDAY
Seasonable Merchandise from Lord & Taylor Regular Stocks Marked at Much Less Than Former Prices for Immediate Disposal

Women's Smart Muskrat Coats
Hudson Seal Trimmed
Unusual Value
$142.50
Natural Muskrat Coats of selected dark pelts, in the handsome model illustrated. Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) deep collar and cuffs, and the pompon ends of the sash belt.

Hudson Seal Coats
(dyed muskrat)
Specially Priced
$225.00, $275.00, $345.00

Muffs and Scarfs

Natural Raccoon Scarfs	$16.50
Natural Raccoon Muffs	$17.50
Skunk Scarfs	$49.50
Skunk Muffs	$49.50
Black Lynx Muffs	$42.50
Black Lynx Scarfs	$39.50
Nutria Scarfs	$28.50
Nutria Muffs	$14.50

Third Floor

Misses' Winter Coats
Reduced to
$18.50, $25.00 to $49.50
All Wool Velours, Silvertones and Bolivias, silk lined and warmly interlined. Many models handsomely fur trimmed.

50 Velveteen Dresses
Reduced to
$18.50, $25.00, $29.50
Smart models, many braid trimmed; in black and the wanted colors.

50 Misses' Suits
Marked to Close
$18.50, $25.00 to $55.00
Velour Cloth, Silvertones, Heather Mixtures and Checks, many models fur-trimmed; all finely lined. Sozes to 18 years.

40 Juniors' Coats
Reduced to
$25.00, $29.50, $35.00
Velour Cloth and Silvertone, in the fashionable shades; all silk lined and warmly interlined; some fur trimmed models.

40 Girls' Coats
Reduced to
$12.50
Velours, Corduroy and Mixtures in jaunty models, lined and warmly interlined. Some fur trimmed. Sizes to 14 years.

30 Girls' Dresses
Reduced to
$9.75
Navy blue wool Serge in straight line, Russian and waistline models. Sizes incomplete.
Third Floor

Semi-Annual Sale
Mme. Irene Corsets
Offering Exceptional Values
Fashionable Models of This Leading Make--Secured at Very Large Concessions for This Event and Offered at Much Below Standard Prices.
Mme. Irene Corsets, distinguished by the beauty of their fabrics, perfect proportions, fine modeling and dainty finishing details, have won high favor with women most critical in matters of Corsetry. The four styles, featured, despite the scarcity of materials and the high cost of labor, are offered at prices prevailing a year ago and more.

Mme. Irene Corsets
Special $3.95
Pink Coutil in a prettily lace trimmed model, on newest lines. Medium bust and skirt; well boned.

Mme. Irene Corsets
Special $5.95
Pink Broche, of beautiful pattern, satin ribbon and lace trimmed. Medium bust and long skirt model, well but lightly boned.

Mme. Irene Corsets
Special $7.95
Pink Broche, in silk figured pattern, Valenciennes lace trimmed. Elastic inserts in skirt, straight hip. Medium bust and long skirt.

Mme. Irene Corsets
Special $9.75
Pink Silk Broche in beautiful floral pattern; deep elastic inserts in skirt. Well boned back; medium bust.

Styles for All Types of Figures
Sizes in a Complete Range
Second Floor

Clearance Sale
Women's Winter Coats
Values Are Remarkable--Every Garment in Stock Radically Reduced.
None C. O. D. No Approvals

50 Coats
Marked Down to
$24.50
Velour Cloth and Wool Bure, in most desirable colors. Models fur trimmed effectively or designed to be worn with separate furs.

75 Coats
Marked Down to
$39.50
Velour Cloth of excellent quality in several smart models, lined with brocade, novelty silk or peau de cygne. Collars of French Seal (dyed coney) or taupe nutria.

60 Coats
Marked Down to
$45.00 & $47.00
Velour Cloth of superior quality, peau de cygne or fancy silk lined. Handsome collars of French Seal or Australian opossum.

50 Coats
Marked Down to
$49.50
Velour Cloth in smartest of models, beautifully lined and featuring deep shawl or muffler collars of French Seal (dyed coney) or other fashionable furs.

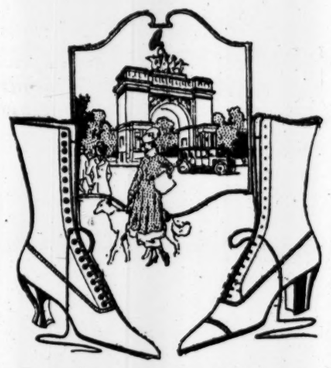
Finer Coats—All Proportionately Reduced

Women's Suits—Extra Sizes
Reduced to $29.50, $39.50 and $55.00
A collection of especially designed Suits for large women, sizes 44 to 52 bust. All on the smartest of long lines. Fur trimmed and tailored models in fine quality.
Oxfords, Silvertones, Velour Cloths, Rayonner, Duvet de Laines and Duo-tones.
Third Floor

A Sale of Women's Fine Boots and Slippers
Footwear That Fulfills the Measure of Our Standards in Style, Quality and Comfort.

Cloth of Gold and Silver Slippers
$6.75
Opera Slippers, high arched and with Louis XVI heels.

Satin Opera Slippers
$3.95
In pink, white and blue.



Women's Dress or Walking Boots
$10.75
Finest quality of Brown Kidskin laced or buttoned shoes with brown cloth tops, Louis XVI or military heels.

Women's Laced Boots
$8.75
Fine Black or Brown Kidskin and other novelty Boots.
Second Floor

Women's Navy Serge Dresses
At the Special Price
$18.50
All wool Serge in the fashionable dark navy blue. Several models on newest lines. Braid, strapped, embroidered or plain tailored.

Street and Afternoon Dresses

Serge Dresses	$29.50, $39.50
Afternoon Dresses	$47.50
Afternoon Dresses	$69.50

Evening Dresses
The new style note is sounded in this showing of recent arrivals, smart Gowns for evening wear.
Charming new color effects, introduced to lend splendor to the gay social functions of the coming season. Style innovations, that will be welcomed with delight are many in this collection, attractively priced at
$35.00, $49.50, $59.50 and up to $195.00
Third Floor

50 Children's Coats
Reduced to
$10.95 and $14.95
(Broken Sizes)
Velour Cloth, Broadcloth and Velveteen Coats, in various models for little Children up to 6 years. Warmly interlined and lined garments, in the most desirable colors.

Children's Hats
Reduced to
$2.95 and $4.95
Tailored and Dress Hats of Velvets, Velours and French Felt.
Infants' Wear Section—Fourth Floor

Women's Sweaters
Reduced to
$4.85
A group of smart models in Shetland Wool, and fibre Silk, offering a wide choice of styles and colors.

Slip-on Sweaters
Reduced to
$3.95
Sleeveless models in purled waist line and fish tail effects. Shetland wool and fibre silk in both sport and darker colors.
Third Floor

BROOKLYN

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Beginning Tomorrow, Thursday,

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

Offering Unprecedented Reductions

To Close Out the Entire Stock of Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Fur Coats and Separate Furs, Also Girls' Coats and Dresses

Regardless of Original Cost or Selling Price

275 Women's Smart Suits

Prices Greatly Reduced

A collection of extremely handsome Suits in Velours, Silvertones, and Velours de Laine. Smart tailored or luxurious fur trimmed models in the prevailing shades.

Suits, Formerly 45.00—*Reduced to* 25.00
Suits, Formerly 55.00—*Reduced to* 35.00
Suits, Formerly 65.00—*Reduced to* 45.00
Suits, Formerly 87.50—*Reduced to* 65.00
Suits, Formerly 95.00—*Reduced to* 78.00
Suits, Formerly 145.00—*Reduced to* 95.00

485 Women's Coats

Extraordinary Reductions

Luxurious models of Wool Velour, Broadcloth, Pom Pom, trimmed with Seal, Raccoon, Nutria or Opossum. Many pretty styles in the newest shades.

Coats, Formerly 25.00—*Reduced to* 18.00
Coats, Formerly 29.75—*Reduced to* 20.00
Coats, Formerly 39.75—*Reduced to* 28.00
Coats, Formerly 55.00—*Reduced to* 35.00
Coats, Formerly 68.00—*Reduced to* 45.00
Coats, Formerly 75.00—*Reduced to* 59.75

245 Women's Dresses

Remarkable Reductions

A choice assortment of Serges, Satins, Velvets, Velours, and Beaded Georgettes. Smart tailored or dressy models effectively trimmed in a variety of colors.

Dresses, Formerly 18.00—*Reduced to* 12.75
Dresses, Formerly 25.00—*Reduced to* 15.00
Dresses, Formerly 29.75—*Reduced to* 18.00
Dresses, Formerly 50.00—*Reduced to* 37.50
Dresses, Formerly 65.00—*Reduced to* 50.00
Dresses, Formerly 85.00—*Reduced to* 68.00

Reduced Tomorrow

Girls' Coats

Fur Trimmed

Model Illustrated

Value 29.75

22.50

Attractive Coat of taupe Heath Cloth trimmed with Nutria collar, patch pockets, inverted plait in back

An interesting Group of

Girls' and Juniors' Coats

Reduced to

10.75 12.50 16.75

Girls'

Blue Serge Dresses

Sizes 6 to 14 Years

Pretty models of blue serge with contrasting collars in colors, charmingly trimmed and tailored.

Sale Price 4.95

Misses' and Women's

Velveteen Skirts

Extremely smart belted models in Black, Blue and Brown, belted, pocketed and button trimmed.

Sale Price 5.90

Georgette Blouses

Greatly Reduced

Many charming styles of superior quality Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe in the prevailing suit shades. Also plain tailored models in flesh and white.

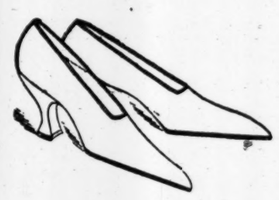
Unusual Values

Sale Price 3.95

Dorothy Dodd SHOES

Special Sale Evening Slippers

Black Satin, Gold or Silver Cloth



Values to $7.00 **$4.75**
Clearance Price,

Unusual offering of attractive Evening and Dance Slippers of fine cloth of silver and gold; Black, Pink or White Satin with graceful Louis covered heels, as illustrated.

Pure Silk Hose—full fashioned, with reinforced garter tops—street and evening shades—very special at **$1.45**

January Clearance Sale

At the Four **Bedell** *Fashion Shops*

Nineteen West 34th Street

BROOKLYN 460-462 Fulton St. | *DOWNTOWN* 14-16 West 14th St. | *NEWARK* Broad and W. Park

EXACTLY the fashionable, desirable high grade coats, suits, dresses, furs and apparel you will want for the New Year—the cream of Winter productions—presented in an extraordinary series of First Clearance Reductions:

Sale Incomparable Fine Coats

Handsome Fur Trimmed Models
Formerly $35, $45 & $55

$25

$35.00 Fur Trim'd Pom Pom Coats
$45.00 Shawl Fur Collar Velours
$55.00 Fur Collar Seal Plushes
$45.00 Silvertones — Broadcloths
$35.00 Duvet de Laines — Bolivias

Bringing close up to the range of the most economical pocketbook a host of Winter's most exclusive, high grade coats—in all the wanted new tailored or fine fur trimmed models. The moment to act has come!

Special Furs of Fine Quality

Rare Fur Coats

Natural Muskrat Sport Coats
30 inches long—pockets, belt and border of same. Regular $175.00. **$137.50**

Fine Hudson Seal Coats
(Dyed Muskrat); full length model, smartly self trimmed. **$175.00**

Natural Raccoon Coats
45 inches long—full belted models; smart for motor or any utility. Regular $250. **$175.00**

Fancy Hudson Seal Coats
45 inches long, with Skunk collar, cuffs and border. Very special. **$375.00**

Muskrat Coat, $137.50

Scarfs and Muffs

Scarfs		*Muffs*
$19.50	Dyed Skunk	$19.50
$15.00	Nat. Raccoon	$15.00
$19.50	Taupe Wolf	$24.50
$22.50	Black Lynx	$22.50
$17.50	Amer. Opossum	$17.50
$22.50	Red Fox	$19.50
$7.50	Black & Taupe Coney	$7.50
$15.00	Nat. Gray Wolf	$15.00

Dress & Suit Sacrifice

Fashionable $25.00, $29.75 and $30.00 Values

—Dresses of—
Serges
Taffetas
Satins
Crepe de Chines
Combinations

$15

—Suits of—
Serges
Oxfords
Poplins
Tweeds
Burellas

Sensational wind-up—including our own smart, higher priced Tailleur and trimmed suits. Wide variety of styles. Afternoon and tailored dresses in exclusive and original styles

No Charge for Alterations—A Further Saving for You

TO-MORROW'S SPECIALS IN BARGAIN BASEMENT

Clearance 300
COATS
Worth $18.50
$9.85

Including smart plain-tailored and plush trimmed coats of Burella, Melton, Kersey, Velour, in Winter's favored colors.

Big Fur Collar
COATS
Worth $25.00
$16.85

Pom Poms, Velours, Broadcloths, with finest Fur collars and trimmings—diversity of adjustable collars and new belted models.

Newest Style
DRESS
Worth $18.50
$8.85

Stunning afternoon frocks of Georgette Crepes, Finest Serges, Crepe de Chines, in Black, Navy and Colors. Exceptional values.

PLEADS WITH BAKER TO FREE OBJECTORS

Delegation Presents Petition for 300 Imprisoned for Refusing to Fight.

OFFICIAL RULING WITHHELD

Question of Stopping Solitary Confinement to be Decided on Merit of Each Case.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Secretary Baker was appealed to by a group of twenty-three persons today to order the release of conscientious objectors who are in custody for having refused to perform any army work after being drafted. The delegation presented a petition with 15,000 signatures and pleaded for 300 or more men now serving sentences of ten to thirty years in the disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

After receiving the delegation Secretary Baker said that he was unable to give any forecast of the attitude of the War Department. However, he did explain to the delegation that the appeal for the discharge of the objectors from the military service was wholly outside his own jurisdiction, and up to President Wilson. Regarding a plea that if the objectors could not be discharged at once from the army, the War Department stop the practice of solitary confinement, Secretary Baker said that each case was one that must be dealt with on its individual merits.

The delegates invited the attention of Mr. Baker to the type of men now in solitary confinement at Fort Leavenworth. They told him about Howard Moore, who was described as a brave young man to whom a medal for bravery had been awarded by the Carnegie Commission for saving a woman's life. They spoke of George Wiershausen, crediting his scientific skill with having effected the cure of a crippled boy; of Roderick Seidenberg, an etcher, and of Evan Thomas of Baltimore, a young minister serving a twenty-five-year sentence. They asserted that several objectors had died of pneumonia from bad treatment and neglect, and that two others seemed to have lost their minds through suffering.

The delegation included:

Mrs. Henry Villard, New York.
Allan McCurdy, New York, Chairman.
John L. Elliott, head of the Hudson Guild Settlement.
Mrs. Mabel Higgins, New York, artist.
Fannie M. Witherspoon, New York.
Miss Elsie Knepper, New York, fiancee of John Grass, objector.
Isaac Eichel, New York, brother of David and Julius Eichel, objectors.
Miss Rae Monsky, New York, sister of Henry Monsky, objector.
Miss Anna Robinson, New York, sister of Karl Robinson, objector.
Jules Wortsmann, New York, brother of Jacob and Gus Wortsmann, objectors.
Charles Wortsmann, New York, brother of Jacob and Gus Wortsmann, and formerly of the Quartermaster Corps, Syracuse, N. Y.
A. V. Brandon, New York, brother of Joe Brandon, objector.
Harold Evans, Philadelphia.
The Rev. Richard Hogue, Baltimore, head of Maryland Prisons Associations.
Frank Stephens, Arden, Del., father of Donald Stephens, objector.
Robert Dunn, Haverford, Penn., a member of the Friends Reconstruction Unit.
Mrs. W. E. Thomas, Baltimore, mother of Evan Thomas, objector.
Arthur Thomas, Baltimore, brother of Evan Thomas.
Armin Seidenberg, Washington, brother of Roderick Seidenberg, objector.
Mrs. Robert Filtzer, Washington, sister of Carl Haesler, objector.
Theodore Lunds, Chicago, father of Erling Lunde, objector.
Mrs. Brent Allinson, Chicago, mother of Brent Allinson, objector.
Mrs. Anna N. Davis, writer, Brookline, Mass.

Besides presenting its petition, the delegation carried letters from Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Church of the Ascension, New York; Mrs. M. G. Simkhovics, Greenwich Settlement, New York; Sarah Cleghorn, Vermont; Charles Rann Kennedy, and Miss Edith Wynn Mattheson, the actress.

WOMEN SEE WAR THRILLS.

Capt. Carpenter Shows Zeebrugge Attack at Club Meeting.

Captain A. F. B. Carpenter, who won the Victoria Cross as commander of the H. M. S. Vindictive, which blocked the U-boats at Zeebrugge, was a speaker at the meeting of the Woman's Republican Club at Delmonico's yesterday afternoon.

"Zebrugge mole is a mile and a half long," said Captain Carpenter. "It is bigger than anything you have in this country. That is a hard thing to say. You have a big sense of humor, but you have nothing as big as that looked to an attacking party. There were three big guns that no ship could pass, and we were told to destroy them. We did it, after we had been hit 2,000 times."

There was a machine gun which had a range on the boats at twenty yards, and the Captain said one of his officers swam to the mole, put the man at that gun out of commission, and swam back again.

"I asked him what he, being unarmed, did to that German, but he never would tell me. And what do you think he got for doing it? Mention in the dispatches—that was all," Captain Carpenter said.

Pictures along the canal, many of them secret German pictures, were shown, and also the shattered condition of the Vindictive's funnels, which took the brunt of the German fire when the vessel was against the mole.

"The flames blazing out of all these holes as we went home," said the warship's commander, "made us look as if we were on fire."

Captain Carpenter, who is talking for the Red Cross, said that organization was the biggest thing the world had ever known, and should mean a great deal in uniting the people; that it should stand like a great principle to its members, keeping them from anything unworthy. The President of the club, Mrs. James G. Wentz, presided.

HONORS COL. WHITTLESEY.

Gen. Edwards Presents Congressional Medal to Hero of "Lost Battalion."

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Major Gen. Edwards, commander of the Northeastern Department, today bestowed upon Lieut. Col. Charles W. Whittlesey of the 308th Infantry a Congressional Medal of Honor awarded to him for gallantry in defying the Germans when, with a small band of soldiers, he was cut off from communication with his division for five days. The exercises were held on Boston Common, where a battalion of coast artillery forces from the harbor forts was drawn up on the parade ground.

General Edwards was accompanied by his full staff, Rear Admiral Spencer S. Wood, and other army and navy officials. Charles H. Wright of Pittsfield, a personal friend of Colonel Whittlesey, represented Governor McCall. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Whittlesey, the Colonel's parents, and his brother Elisha were present. In presenting the medal General Edwards said:

"I am directed by the War Department to bestow upon you this medal for extreme bravery in battle.

"I was in France at the time your act thrilled the entire American Expeditionary Force, and it gives me great pleasure to present this medal."

At the start of the exercises General Edwards noticed a soldier in the crowd of spectators wearing a medal of honor won in the Philippine campaign, and insisted that the man, Anthony Carson of this city, should take his place with the other guests of honor.

GEN. RHODES IMPROVING.

Airplane in Which He Was a Passenger Fell 1,900 Feet.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The condition of Major Gen. Charles D. Rhodes, who was injured in the fall of an airplane at Louvres, northeast of Paris, Monday afternoon, showed great improvement last night. In the accident the pilot of the machine, Lieutenant Gilpin, a British officer, was killed.

The pilot, hampered by the dense fog, lost his bearings and was trying to avoid landing in the heart of the city when his machine was hurled down heavily. General Rhodes was taken to the hospital at Louvres and is now in the American hospital in Paris.

The General's condition was said this afternon to be most favorable. He suffered only injuries to the face and a fracture of the wrist. His face was badly lacerated and his nose was broken.

Lieutenant Gilpin was on a flight from Treves, Germany, to Calais, with the machine bearing General Rhodes. The machine fell 1,900 feet.

Clark & Weinberg

FINE FURS

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Many patrons will find the Madison Avenue entrance most convenient

Commencing to-morrow (Thursday) these important events:

Over Two Hundred Women's Smart Dresses

(seventeen styles)

in velveteen, serge, satin and crepe de Chine, will be reduced to

$18.50

(Sizes 34 to 44, and in some styles to 48)

This unusual Reduction Sale will be held on the Third Floor.

The Winter Clearance Sale of Women's Boots

(including laced and buttoned models)

to begin to-morrow, will offer a remarkable purchasing opportunity--the more remarkable, in view of the present scarcity and high cost of leather.

Every pair of boots in this Sale has heretofore been in regular stock, in every instance marked at a much higher figure than will now be asked.

Some of the styles (the size ranges of which are more broken than others) will be offered as low as

$3.75 & $4.75 per pair

(Sale in the Women's Shoe Department, Second Floor)

Several Thousand Yards of Cotton Dress Lengths

(imported and American-made; in a great variety of pretty patterns) will be placed on sale

AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES

A Quantity of Shorter Lengths

will be included in this offering at closing-out reductions.

And at the same time

Superior-quality Cotton Eiderdown

(suitable for bathrobes) will be marked at the very special price of

50c. per yard

(This Sale on the First Floor)

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and West 43rd Streets

The Annual January Sales of WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR and HOUSEHOLD LINENS

Will Begin on Monday, December 30th

The prevalent labor shortage slightly delayed the opening of these extraordinary events---details incident to the preparation of which are infinite.

Patrons will be amply repaid by waiting for our White Sales this year.

Unusually extensive merchandising involving large purchases---many consummated *as far back as a year ago*, both here and abroad---bid fair to make these events transcend in importance any similar previous sales as regards

Comprehensiveness of assortments, quality of merchandise and the great money saving opportunities offered.

Details will be published on Sunday, December 29th

WOMEN'S KNITTED UNDERWEAR

At much less than regular prices—To-morrow

Women's Cotton Combination Suits
Low neck, sleeveless, French band top, ankle, also knee length,
Regularly $1.25 and 1.50,
at $1.10

Heavy Cotton Combination Suits
Low neck, sleeveless, also high neck, long sleeves, ankle length,
Regularly sold for $2.00,
at $1.50

Cotton and Wool Combination Suits
Low neck, sleeveless, also high neck, long sleeves, ankle length,
Regularly sold for $3.25,
at $2.50

Radical After Christmas Reductions on LUXURIOUS FUR COATS

Beginning To-morrow, on the Third Floor

1 Genuine Russian Ermine Coat
Former price $2250.00
at $1750.00

1 American Ermine Coat
Former price $1500.00
at $1000.00

1 Handsome Broadtail Coat
Former price $1450.00
at $1000.00

1 Handsome Moleskin Wrap
Former price $950.00
at $700.00

1 Beautiful Moleskin Coat
Former price $825.00
at $650.00

1 Attractive Moleskin Coat
Former price $775.00
at $550.00

1 Charming Mink Coat
Former price $675.00
at $475.00

1 Grey Squirrel Coat
Former price $595.00
at $475.00

$525.00 Rich Grey Squirrel Cape at $395.00

ROBBED OF $100,000 IN GEMS

Chicago Merchant Bound by Robbers—$50,000 Theft in Minneapolis.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Moses Iralson, a diamond merchant with offices in the Chicago Savings Bank and Trust Company building, was robbed of gems valued at $100,000 today. The robbery took place at the busiest time of the day, in an office seven stories above the busiest corner in the downtown shopping quarter.

Iralson was talking with a friend when four men entered his office and drew revolvers. The robbers bound Iralson and his friend with wire, and, leaving them lying face downward on the floor, ransacked the safe.

After obtaining all the diamonds in the place the robbers fled. As they left the building they encountered a special policeman, whose suspicions were aroused by their haste. The policeman fired a shot which is believed to have struck one of the robbers.

The thieves escaped in an automobile, the policeman being unable to pursue on account of the numerous Christmas shoppers.

ORR TO RESIGN NEW JOB.

Will Leave Office of Superintendent of Prisons to be Filled by Smith.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—William A. Orr, State Superintendent of Prisons, today confirmed the report that he would resign the office to which he was appointed subsequent to Election Day. His resignation will be offered to Governor Whitman, whom he served as secretary for nearly four years, within a few days and will be effective on Dec. 31.

This will permit Governor-elect Alfred E. Smith to name the Prison Department head as soon as he assumes office on Jan. 1.

Mr. Orr will engage in business in New York.

Freund Antiques Bring $24,104.

Yesterday's closing sale of the Freund antiques at the Clarke Gallery brought the returns to $24,104. A pair of painted and carved light standards in the Venetian style brought the highest price, going to Mrs. E. L. Chapin for $350. Edna Wallace Hopper paid $35 for a gate-leg table, and Mrs. M. W. Stuart $110 for a half round console table painted in flower designs on a red background. An eighteenth century Dutch japanned pewter lamp went to F. S. Peabody for $100.

There Is

A special pleasure this year in sending Christmas and New Year's Greetings

Above all, there is "Peace on Earth" at a fearful sacrifice, but not so great a cost as we were prepared and had expected to pay.

Victory brings greater responsibilities and larger opportunities to us as individuals and to our religious, educational and business organizations.

Let us realize this and greet the New Year cheerfully and confidently, determined to do the task at hand in such a way as to assure continued peace, happiness and prosperity.

Lord & Taylor

Wish You a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

January Clearance Sale Furniture

Beginning Tomorrow

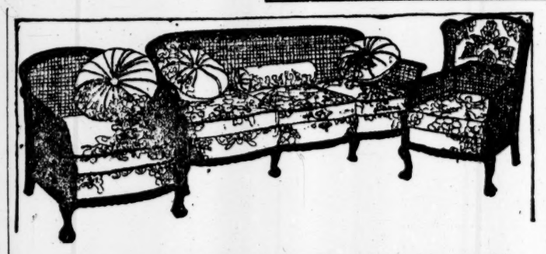
Suites and Individual Pieces for Bed Room, Dining Room and Living Room

At Substantial Price Reductions

Colonial Day Bed, finished in Mahogany, 30 inches wide; frame only, **$17.85**

Queen Anne Day Bed, finished in Mahogany, 31 inches wide; frame only, **$27.50**

Walnut Dining Room Suite—10 pieces; 66-inch Sideboard, 50-inch China Cabinet, 42-inch Serving Table, 62x48 Oval Extension Table, 5 Side Chairs and 1 Arm Chair, **$295.00**



Chippendale Solid Mahogany Cane Suite; loose cushion spring seats; upholstered in beautiful designs of excellent quality velour or damask; Davenport, **$185.00;** Arm Chair, **$85.00;** Wing Chair, **$85.00.**

Very Special

25

Bed Room Suites

in Ivory, Walnut and Mahogany (4 pieces.)

Reduced to

$295.00

3-piece hand-made Living Room Suite from the Lord & Taylor workshop; hair and moss construction; loose cushion seats, upholstered in various designs of Tapestry of excellent quality.

Davenport $110, Arm Chair $58.75, Wing Chair $48.75

Very Special

20

Dining Room Suites

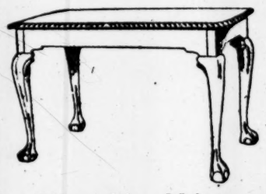
in Mahogany or Walnut (10 pieces).

Reduced to

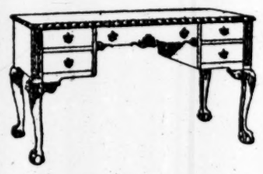
$395.00

Mahogany Library Table, 50x26 inches..... **$29.85**

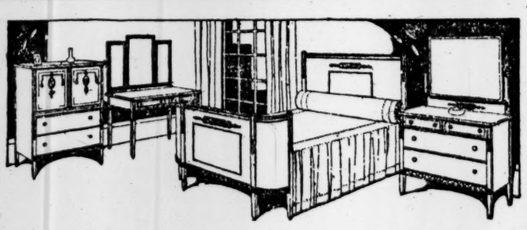
Queen Anne Mahogany Library Table, 28x50 inches..... **$36.85**



Chippendale Mahogany Library Table, 26x48 inches..... **$38.75**



Chippendale Mahogany Table, 28x54 inches..... **$75.00**



Mahogany Bed Room Suite, specially adapted for medium or small apartments. Made by one of the best manufacturers in Grand Rapids; 4 pieces, as illustrated, **$195.00**

William and Mary Mahogany Dining Room Suite—10 pieces; 66-inch Buffet, 44-inch China Cabinet, 46-inch Serving Table, with drop leaves; 54-inch top Extension Table, extending to 8 feet; 5 Side Chairs and 1 Arm Chair, **$335.00**

Sixth Floor.

Fulton Street
Bond Street
Livingston St.
Elm Place

Frederick Loeser & Co. Inc.

BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

Events for Thursday

After Today's Holiday—These Sales

CHRISTMAS will be followed by the famous White Sales, the outer apparel clearance, the Hosiery and Underwear Sale —a wonderful series of events that mean economy for every Brooklyn household.

Annual Winter Clearance Sales

Gowns, Wraps, Suits, Coats and Skirts

Reductions from a Fifth to a Half or More

THIS IS A RADICAL CLEARANCE, including all the Loeser stocks of midwinter fashionable apparel for women, misses and girls, and including also the clearances of the leading makers of feminine apparel in America, who have discovered these Sales an admirable outlet for their surpluses without disturbing the balance of trade.

The Sale is planned to increase the purchasing power of Christmas money, and especially to afford an opportunity to build up the winter wardrobe at the very beginning of winter, yet at prices usual only at the very end of a season.

426 Winter Coats for Women Greatly Reduced

Now $18.75, $21.75, $25, $28.75, $32.50, $45,
Were $25, $29.75, $32.50, $39.75, $49.75, $59.50
$59.50, $69.50, $89.50, $98.50
$85, $95, $127.50, $195

Full length Coats, with self, plush or fur collars, lined and interlined. Fabrics include suede velours, wool suede, silvertone, bolivia, evora, angolia, velours, frost-glow, broadcloth, velours de laine, etc. (Sizes 34 to 46.)

89 Girls' Winter Coats Reduced

Now $8.95, $13.75, $18.75, $25
Were $15, $21.75, $30, $45

Full loose belted and empire styles, cheviots, broadcloth, duvet de laine, corduroy, velveteen, wool velours, velvet. Fur and self collars. (Sizes 6 to 14 years.)

62 Smart Tailored Street Frocks Reduced

Now $35, $39.75, $45, $48.50, $55, $75
Were $49.50, $69.50, $85, $95, $107.50, $112.50

Handsome wool fabrics, styles to wear upon the street with furs.

59 Misses' Street and Afternoon Dresses

Now $12.75, $18.75, $25.00, $39.75, $45, $55
Were $19.75, $25, $45, $55, $69.50, $82.50

Satins, serges, taffetas, crepe de chine, Georgette and velveteen. (Sizes 14, 16, 18.)

200 Tailored Skirts, Values to $15, at $5 and $8.50

All sizes for women. Materials include wool checks, plaids, stripes, worsted, silks, satins, poplins, etc. Some of velveteen. Smart styles.

406 Women's High Grade Street and Reception Gowns

Now $13.75, $22.50, $25, $37.50, $45,
Were $25, $32.50, $45, $59.50, $69.50
$48.50, $85, $98.50
$98.50, $135, $195

Satins, crepe meteor, silk tricolettes, silk laces, wool jersey, tricotine and serges. (Sizes 34 to 46.)

165 Women's Winter Suits Reduced

Now $18.75, $25, $32.50, $45, $55, $69.50, $85
Were $32.50, $45, $59.50, $75, $89.50, $98.50 $195

The finest cloths, such as duvet de laine, broadcloth, suede velours, Oxford cheviots, tricotine, serges, worsteds, etc. All coats are silk lined and are warmly interlined; some are fur trimmed. (Sizes 34 to 46.)

210 Misses' Winter Coats Reduced

Now $18.75, $25, $29.75, $39.75, $45, $59.50
Were $25, $35, $45, $55, $69.50, $85

Suede velours, silvertones, bolivia, plush, silk velours, duvet de laine. Lined and interlined, some with fur collars. (Sizes 14, 16, 18.)

92 Misses' Winter Suits Reduced

Now $15.75, $18.75, $25, $39.75, $55
Were $25, $35, $39.75, $59.50, $80

Wool velours, duvet de laine, broadcloths, serges, all silk lined and warmly interlined; many fur trimmed. (Sizes 14, 16, 18.)

160 White Tub Skirts, Values to $7.50, Now $2 to $3.50

Sport styles with pockets. All sizes for women. Included are such fabrics as Oxford cheviots, piques, cotton gabardine, cotton Poiret twill, etc.

None of these advertised garments will be sent C. O. D., none will be reserved for mail or telephone orders, none will be credited or exchanged. Sales will be final in each instance.

Second Floor, Fulton Street. Second Floor, Elm Place. Fifth Floor, Costume Room.

The 56th Loeser WHITE SALE

Starts the Day After Christmas

A MEMORABLE SALE in all the essentials of size, adequate preparation, excellent values, low prices, complete service. It is founded upon the two main points of

Low Prices : : Strictly Maintained Quality

A high achievement is marked in the breadth of the stocks, the variety of choice, the charm of the models. Women who "never buy at sales" will be influenced to break their rule by the refinements of fabric, making and decoration and will find economies to amaze them.

Hundreds of Garments at 98c

Nightdresses, Envelope Chemises, Petticoats and Bloomers. Soft cottons, including pink batiste for the Nightdresses, six styles, simply trimmed. The Envelope Chemises include ten styles, trimmed with lace, some of pink batiste. The Bloomers are of batiste and crepe, several styles; some ribbon trimmed; all garter finish; all pink. The Petticoats, of soft cottons, have flounces of embroidery; ten patterns; some with ruffle on tucked flounce.

Nightdresses

$1.25 $1.49

Soft cotton, simple embroidery edge. Surplice, Empire and slip-on models; some of pink batiste.

$1.98

Soft nainsook, eight styles, slip-over, modified Empire and surplice styles; also of pink batiste and sheer crepe, shirred; some with embroidery.

$2.59 $2.98

Seven models, daintily trimmed with good laces; some with medallions of embroidery or lace and with ribbon-run medallions, shoulder styles, Empire, V neck and slip-on round neck, all ribbon run.

Drawers and Bloomers

49c., 79c., 98c

Drawers of good cotton, simple styles. Some with ruffles of wide embroidery. The Bloomers are of batiste and crepe. Bloomers of sateen at 98c.

Envelope Chemises

98c., $1.25, $1.49, $1.98

Soft cottons, nainsook, pink batiste, varied styles, including simply trimmed models, Empire and round neck, lace trimmed, etc. Some of the well-liked Chemilloon model (Chemise-Bloomers combination) and some "step-in" style, with attached envelope.

Extra Size Nightdresses

$1.49 $1.98

Good quality cottons, round neck, embroidery edge, ribbon run. At $1.98, round neck and V yoke, tucks and embroidery insertion.

Better grades of extra size Nightdresses, some of crepe, $2.79 up.

Corset Covers

49c., 59c., 79c., 98c

Soft cottons and nainsook, mostly French body, round neck; some moderately high neck. Those at 98c. are charming with laces, bodice and pepium styles.

Madeira Hand-Embroidered Garments

Nightdresses .....$6.98 to $14.50 | Corset Covers.....$3.98 to $8.75
Chemises .....$4.98 to $8.98 | Drawers .....$5.50 to $7.50

Petticoats and Combination Garments

$4.98. From Paris, pique with scalloped flounce, sports lengths.
$3.75. Philippine Combination Garments, Drawer models, elaborately hand embroidered.
$2.98 to $4.98. Philippine hand embroidered Corset Covers, French body, regular shoulder.

1,200 Garments, Special at 85c

Nightdresses, trimmed with embroidery and lace. slip-on styles.
Combination Garments, about 100 samples.
Envelope Chemises, dollar value, prettily trimmed.
Bloomers, soft cottons, garter finish.

Philippine, Porto Rico, Madeira Lingerie

$1.98—Philippine and Porto Rico hand-embroidered Nightdresses. Those from Porto Rico are sleeveless.
$1.98.—Philippine hand-embroidered Envelope Chemises.
$2.10—Philippine Nightdresses, daintily embroidered in necklace designs. No mail orders.
$2.79, $2.98—Nightdresses and Envelope Chemises, assorted styles. Porto Rico and Philippine Nightdresses in slip-over models, some hand hemstitched.
$3.98, Values to $6.50—Philippine Nightdresses, elaborately hand embroidered. No mail orders.
$4.75 to $7.75—Philippine Nightdresses, very beautifully hand embroidered, some with hemstitching, some with lace medallions at $7.75, and at $4.75; some with the bottom embroidered in deep scallops.

Silk Nightdresses and Pajamas

$3.98—Crepe de chine Nightdresses, trimmed with wide laces, Empire style. Some one piece Pajamas also at this price.
$4.98, $5.98—Crepe de chine Nightdresses, simple styles, with wide band top embroidered by hand; other hand embroidered styles. Also a full Empire model with hemstitching and ribbon. Those at $5.98 are semi-Empire and slip-on models.
$6.98 to $9.98—Japanese satin and crepe de chine Pajamas, others of heavy satin, one piece models, surplice or slip-on round neck models. Some two-piece styles, simply trimmed with ribbon.

Envelope Chemises

$1.98, $2.59, $2.98

Good quality crepe de chine, shirred models, strap shoulder. Also some lace-trimmed models that are of special value.

Envelope Chemises

$3.50 to $4.98

Pink crepe de chine, trimmed with Georgette crepe and also with dainty laces.

Bloomers, $2.98

Pink satin Bloomers, full size, garter finish.

Camisoles, 98c

Six styles of crepe de chine, daintily trimmed.

Camisoles

$1.25, $1.49, $1.98, $2.98

Camisoles of satin and crepe, slip-over and round neck; many with regular shoulder; some with straps of ribbon.

WHITE SALE OF LINENS

A Record in Volume, Variety and Economies

CONDITIONS in the Linen market have been very difficult for the past few years, and under the circumstances the preparation of this great sale sets a new high water mark of achievement in Loeser service giving.

Concerned are mammoth stocks of the finest Household Linens.

Throughout the collection are many instances where prices are *under today's import and wholesale.*

Table Linens, Towels and Toweling

22c. Crash Toweling, 15c. Yard
Part linen and part cotton Crash Towelings, suitable for dish or roller towels

29c. Crash Toweling, 18c. Yard
The well known silver bleached Toweling, part linen and part cotton, for dish or roller towels. Some all white; others with pink stripe border.

29c. Crash Toweling, 19c
Extra quality, part linen and part cotton, with neat blue border.

35c. Crash Toweling, 26c. Yard
Scotch loom Crash Toweling, part linen and part cotton, with red and blue stripe border.

30c. Crash Toweling, 25c. Yard
Part linen and part cotton Toweling with blue stripe border.

29c. Crash Toweling, 23c. Yard
Part linen and part cotton Scotch Toweling, for dish or roller towels, with neat blue and red stripe borders.

32c. Crash Toweling, 25c. Yard
Suitable for dish or roller towels, with red and blue stripe borders.

35c. Crash Toweling, 29c. Yard
Part linen and part cotton Scotch Toweling, unusually fine qualities, with red and blue borders

69c. Crash Toweling, 50c. Yard
Irish linen Crash Toweling, with red and blue stripe borders.

25c. Huck Towels, 19c
Full bleached Huck Towels with hemmed ends. Extra large size.

35c. Huck Towels, 25c
Full bleached hemmed and hemstitched Huck Towels with floral border designs.

45c. Huck Towels, 35c
Extra quality full bleached hemstitched Huck Towels

50c. Huck Towels, 35c
Imported Irish Union Linen Towels, part linen and part cotton. These towels are of a very fine quality with neat corded borders.

59c. Huck Towels, 39c
Hemstitched, part linen and part cotton Towels in neat border patterns.

19c. Huck Towels, 15c
Hemmed Huck Towels in the honeycomb weave; neat red borders.

69c. Huck Towels, 50c
Irish Union linen, part linen and part cotton, hemstitched Huck Towels.

75c. Huck Towels, 59c
Union linen, part linen and part cotton, hemstitched Huck Towels with wreath borders

79c. Huck Towels, 59c
Irish linen Huck Towels, with hemmed ends; large sizes.

$1 Huck Towels, 75c
Part linen and part cotton, hemstitched Huck Towels, in many attractive border designs.

$1.50 Huck Towels, $1
Fine Irish linen Huck Towels with hemmed and hemstitched ends.

65c. Table Damask, 50c. Yard
Mercerized Table Damask, full bleached. Good weight.

79c. Table Damask, 69c. Yard
Full bleached satin Damask, in choice floral patterns.

$1.25 Table Damask, 89c. Yard
Linen finish Table Damask, in a number of floral designs.

$1.69 Table Damask, $1.25 Yard
Full bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide. Floral patterns.

$1.85 Table Damask, $1.50 Yard
Part linen and part cotton, full bleached Table Damask, 70 inches wide Pretty stripe and floral designs.

$2.50 Table Damask, $1.75 Yard
Part linen and part cotton Table Damask, 70 inches wide, in chrysanthemum and stripe, rose and stripe, lily of the valley and stripe, wild rose, grapevine, cherry and other designs.

$4.50 Table Damask, $3 Yard
Irish linen Table Damask, 70 inches wide, full bleached. Floral patterns.

Women's $6 to $10 Sweaters, $2.95

ABOUT FIFTY Sweaters that show the handling of the holiday shopping crowds, and are somewhat soiled and mussed. Mostly coat styles, heavy brushed wool of fine zephyr or Shetland wool.

A few slip-on models with brushed wool collars in the lot.

Good colorings, rose, Copenhagen, canary, coral, white.

Sizes 36 to 46 included, not in every style.

None sent C. O. D., none reserved for telephone or mail orders, none credited or exchanged.

Second Floor, Centre Aisle.

6,549 Suits of Men's Fine Pajamas

Less Than Today's Wholesale Prices

ANOTHER of the after-Christmas Sales which means economy of a real sort for thousands of men.

All of these Pajamas were made, practically, to our order, they are fashioned over liberal body proportions, and offered at less than today's wholesale prices for the grades concerned.

$2.50 Pajamas for $1.50
$2 Pajamas for $1.35
$2 Pajamas for $1.65
$3 Pajamas for $2
$3.50 Pajamas for $1.95
$3.50 Pajamas for $2.25
$3.50 Pajamas for $2.50
$4 Pajamas for $2.95

Main Floor. None Sent C. O. D.

Stationery at Half and Less

THE USUAL after-Christmas clean-up of all Boxes which have become finger-marked, dented or scratched during the holiday buying.

There are many sizes and styles, including some pretty box top designs, and all are marked at half and less.

Main Floor. None sent C. O. D.

Hurt Handkerchiefs

5c, 10c, 15c and 25c.
Values 10c to 50c

INCLUDED is practically every style of Handkerchief for men and women. Cotton, part linen and part cotton and all linen. The hurts are trifling, simply finger marks, dust marks or rumplings. A laundering will make them like new.

For men there are odd initials and plain hemstitched styles in wide variety.

For women there are odd initials, hemstitched, embroidered corner, lace trimmed and other styles.

Not all styles at each price, but a very good variety throughout at 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c each.

Main Floor. None sent C. O. D.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Supporters of a League *of* Nations

CHURCH

Lyman Abbott
Nehemiah Boynton
Chauncey B. Brewster
Arthur J. Brown
Edward Cummings
Thomas F. Gailor
J. Cardinal Gibbons
Charles E. Jefferson
William Lawrence
Frederick Lynch
Francis J. McConnell
William T. Manning
Shailer Mathews
Frank Mason North
William T. Russell
Charles D. Williams
Luther B. Wilson
Stephen S. Wise

LABOR

James Duncan
John P. Frey
Samuel Gompers
Warren S. Stone
John A. Voll
Frank P. Walsh

BUSINESS

Benjamin P. Bush
Irving T. Bush
E. B. Caulkins
George W. Clarke
Sam P. Cochran
William F. Cochran
Michael Cody
Henry L. Corbett
E. J. Cowper
John C. Cutler
Edward A. Filene
Philip H. Gadsden
John Hays Hammond
William T. Kemper
Charles D. Kimball
Sam A. Lewisohn
Vance C. McCormick
James J. McGraw
LaVerne W. Noyes
R. Goodwyn Rhett
Charles M. Schwab
Finley J. Shepard
Harry A. Wheeler
Pearl White
William N. Williams

EDUCATORS

Marion L. Burton
John Bates Clark
Henry S. Drinker
Irving Fisher
Harry A. Garfield
Henry C. King
Henry Noble MacCracken
Samuel B. McCormick
John H. T. Main
Cyrus Northrop
Leo S. Rowe
Henry Suzzalo
M. Carey Thomas
Mary E. Woolley

EDITORS, PUBLISHERS, WRITERS

Felix Agnus
Joseph Blethen
Edward Bok
George Booth
John Stewart Bryan
Arthur Capper
Winston Churchill
Calvin Cobb
W. H. Cowles
M. H. de Young
Solomon Bulkley Griffin
Hamilton Holt
John C. Kelly
George Horace Lorimer
Frank P. MacLennan
Robert Lincoln O'Brien
Victor Rosewater
Ellery Sedgwick
John C. Shaffer
Booth Tarkington
William Allen White
Casper Yost

Supporters of a League *of* Nations

GOVERNORS

Simon Bamberger, Utah
R. Livingston Beeckman, R. I.
Thomas W. Bickett, N. C.
Emmet D. Boyle, Nev.
Charles H. Brough, Ark.
Martin G. Brumbaugh, Pa.
J. A. A. Burnquist, Minn.
Sidney J. Catts, Fla.
John J. Cornwell, W. Va.
James M. Cox, O.
Hugh M. Dorsey, Ga.
Walter E. Edge, N. J.
Lynn J. Frazier, N. D.
Frederick D. Gardner, Mo.
Julius C. Gunter, Colo.
W. L. Harding, Iowa
Emerson C. Harrington, Md.
Charles Henderson, Ala.
William P. Hobby, Texas
George W. P. Hunt, Ariz.
Henry W. Keyes, N. H.
Ernest Lister, Wash.
Samuel W. McCall, Mass.
Richard I. Manning, S. C.
Carl Milliken, Me.
Keith Neville, Neb.
Ruffin G. Pleasant, La.
A. E. Sleeper, Mich.
A. O. Stanley, Ky.
William D. Stephens, Calif.
Samuel V. Stewart, Mont.
John G. Townsend, Jr., Del.
Charles S. Whitman, N. Y.
R. L. [illegible]lliams, Okla.
James [illegible]hycombe, Ore.

DIPLOMATS

Larz Anderson
James W. Gerard
Myron T. Herrick
Theodore Marburg
Oscar S. Straus
Henry van Dyke

BENCH AND BAR

Alfred W. Agee
C. B. Ames
Edgar A. Bancroft
Hugh Brown
Norris Brown
A. A. Bruce
Joseph M. Carey
Jacob M. Dickinson
C. W. Dillon
Neill B. Field
Walter L. Fisher
Robert J. Gamble
George Gray
James H. Hawley
Will H. Hays
Job E. Hedges
Charles E. Hughes
Frederick N. Judson
Martin A. Knapp
LeRoy Percy
John M. Slaton
Henry St. George Tucker
M. J. Wade
E. Harrison White
Thomas Raeburn White
Ansley Wilcox
John Sharp Williams
John M. Whitehead

WOMEN LEADERS

Miss Mabel T. Boardman
Miss Mary A. Burnham
Mrs. J. Malcolm Forbes
Mrs. Philip North Moore
Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr.
Dr. Anna Howard Shaw

AGRICULTURE

Kenyon Butterfield
Porter Dwight Coburn
E. F. Ladd
E. T. Meredith
Clarence Poe
P. H. Rolfs
H. L. Russell
H. E. Stockbridge
B. F. Taylor
Oliver Wilson

Make them secure by a

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Christmas this year dawns on a world groping from war toward peace. The world hopes and prays that peace may be established on justice and safeguarded against future wars. ¶ The army of occupation that sleeps till the Judgement Day in the graves of France will have fought and died in vain unless such a PEACE is framed. ¶ Our Soldiers and Sailors, returning from VICTORY, will have fought and suffered in vain if that VICTORY is not made secure. ¶ All the peoples of the free nations will have given in vain billions of their wealth and millions of their own flesh and blood if DEMOCRACY is not established forever.

The only Practical Way

These things which the whole world longs for can be gained only by the creation, right at the Peace Table, of a LEAGUE OF NATIONS. President Wilson has declared for such a League and is in France for the express purpose of guiding its formation. Ex-President Taft believes in it, heart and soul, and is urging his countrymen that a League must be established and that the United States must join.

A LEAGUE OF NATIONS is necessary to do the things no one nation can accomplish alone. Victory and Peace have brought a multitude of new problems:—

The New Nations:

We propose to carve out of the Old World a dozen or more Republics based upon the principle of Self-determination. Can we make the world safe for Democracy if we create these new nations and then leave them to shift for themselves? A LEAGUE OF NATIONS will be needed to guide and protect them.

German Colonies:

Germany has proved her unfitness for colonial rule. To return her colonies is unthinkable. They must become the wards of all the free peoples, banded together in a LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Economic Questions:

Access to the sea and access to raw materials are two of the international questions that can be handled only by a LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

It will be possible for the Peace Congress to establish only broad, general rules for the regulation of these problems. No one nation can make safe and effective use of Economic Pressure to prevent war. The right to employ this weapon must reside, as President Wilson has pointed out, with a LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Interpretation of the Peace Treaty:

Without a Supreme Court to interpret its provisions and a national police power to enforce them, the Constitution of the United States would long ago have become a dead letter. Yet the framers of the world Peace treaty at Paris face difficulties a hundred-fold greater than those which confronted the fathers of our Republic.

It will be impossible to apply the provisions of the Peace treaty without an international court to interpret them. How shall this court be appointed? How shall its decision be enforced? There is but one answer—By a LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Your Responsibility:

This is a movement in which every man and woman in the United States can share. You believe in the principles here set forth. You want to make the world safe against the menace of future wars. You think that the progress of Civilization depends upon the co-operation of all the peoples of the world. You believe that the Team Work which won the war should be continued and utilized for the world's future prosperity. The League to Enforce Peace offers you an opportunity to DO SOMETHING ABOUT IT.

Victory Program

Adopted, November 23, 1918, as the Official Platform of the League to Enforce Peace.

THE war now happily brought to a close has been above all a war to end war, but in order to ensure the fruits of victory and to prevent the recurrence of such a catastrophe there should be formed a League of Free Nations, as universal as possible, based upon treaty and pledged that the security of each state shall rest upon the strength of the whole. *The initiating nucleus* of the membership of the League should be the nations associated as belligerents in winning the war.

The League should aim at promoting the *liberty, progress,* and *fair economic opportunity* of all nations, and the orderly development of the world.

It should ensure peace by eliminating causes of dissension, by deciding controversies by peaceable means, and by uniting the potential force of all the members as a standing menace against any nation that seeks to upset the peace of the world.

The advantages of membership in the League, both economically and from the point of view of security, should be so clear that all nations will desire to be members of it.

For this purpose it is necessary to create—

1. *For the decision of justiciable questions,* an impartial tribunal whose jurisdiction shall not depend upon the assent of the parties to the controversy; provision to be made for enforcing its decisions.

2. For questions that are not justiciable in their character, a *Council of Conciliation,* as mediator, which shall hear, consider, and make recommendations; and, failing acquiescence by the parties concerned, the League shall determine what action, if any, shall be taken.

3. *An administrative organization* for the conduct of affairs of common interest, the protection and care of backward regions and internationalized places, and such matters as have been jointly administered before and during the war. We hold that this object must be attained by methods and through machinery that will ensure both stability and progress; preventing, on the one hand, any crystallization of the *status quo* that will defeat the forces of healthy growth and change, and providing, on the other hand, a way by which progress can be secured and necessary change effected without recourse to war.

4. *A representative Congress* to formulate and codify rules of international law, to inspect the work of the administrative bodies and to consider any matter affecting the tranquility of the world or the progress or betterment of human relations. Its deliberations should be public.

5. *An Executive Body,* able to speak with authority in the name of the nations represented, and to act in case the peace of the world is endangered.

The representation of the different nations in the organs of the League should be in proportion to the responsibilities and obligations they assume. The rules of international law should not be defeated for lack of unanimity.

A resort to force by any nation should be prevented by a solemn agreement that any aggression will be met immediately by such an overwhelming *economic and military force* that it will not be attempted.

No member of the League should make any other offensive or defensive treaty or alliance, and *all treaties* of whatever nature made by any member of the League *should at once be made public.*

Such a League must be formed at the time of the definitive peace, or the opportunity may be lost forever.

Present this platform for discussion and endorsement by your Church, Club, Lodge, and any other organization. It has been approved by thousands of leading Americans

League to Enforce Peace

Bush Terminal Sales Building, 130 W. 42nd Street, New York

WILLIAM H. TAFT, *President* ALTON B. PARKER, *Vice President*
A. LAWRENCE LOWELL, *Chairman Executive Committee*
W. H. SHORT, *Secretary* HERBERT S. HOUSTON, *Treasurer*

Your Christmas Enrollment

You have just answered the Red Cross Christmas Roll Call. Will you enlist to-day with those who believe in a LEAGUE OF NATIONS?

This advertisement appears in fifteen of the largest cities in the country, East, West, North and South. It is paid for by a fund to which more than one thousand persons have contributed all over the United States.

We want this message to reach every man and woman in America. This advertising campaign will be continued and pushed as far and as long as funds are available. Will you fill in this coupon and mail it with your contribution? Don't wait! Do it to-day as your Christmas gift to Humanity and Civilization.

LEAGUE TO ENFORCE PEACE,
130 West 42nd Street, New York City.

I enclose ..... Dollars as a contribution to your Advertising Campaign to arouse public support of a League of Nations.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

.....

Make checks payable to Herbert S. Houston, Treasurer.

ANNOUNCE 3,411 MORE CASUALTIES IN THE ARMY

650 Dead Named in the Latest Lists; 2,462 Wounded and 299 Missing Included

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 3,411 names, bringing the total for the army up to 193,736. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously issued for that arm was 5,280. The total for army and Marine Corps now is 199,016.

Army casualty lists issued today contained the names of 273 killed in action, 206 died of wounds, 27 died of accident, 144 died of disease, 1,058 severely wounded, 624 wounded to a degree undetermined, 780 slightly wounded, and 299 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Dec. 24.	Total.
Killed in action	27,420	273	27,693
Lost at sea	732	...	732
Died of wounds	10,749	206	10,955
Died of accident	2,140	27	2,167
Died of disease	16,075	144	16,219
Total	57,116	650	57,766
Wounded	115,168	2,462	117,630
Missing	18,041	299	18,340
Total	190,325	3,411	193,736

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DI) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WI) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ALBRECHT, LAWRENCE C., 1,488 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
AMEDEO, J., 482 Marcy Av., Bklyn..(WU)
ATTILIO, F., JR., 306 E. 113th St....(WS)
BARRENO, M., 116 E. 29th St.....(WS)
BAUM, WM. G., 668 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
BENNETT, LEO, 272 W. 139th St....(MA)
BERENS, ROBERT C., 356 Ridgewood Av., Brooklyn .....(MA)
BERGER, S., 86 Moore St., Brooklyn..(WS)
BERLEY, JOS. W., 1,382 Av. A.....(DI)
BEZNISCHUCK, NATHAN, 550 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
BLOOM, S., 392 Alabama Av., Bklyn..(WS)
BODE, EMIL, 267 Stagg St., Brooklyn —Corp .....(WU)
BOULLEE, WILLIAM H., 740 E. 10th St., Brooklyn—Lt. .....(WS)
BRADY, P. A., 120 B'way, Flushing...(MA)
BRODERICK, ROBERT E., 205 East 52d St.—Corp. .....(WU)
BROWN, B. N., 45 E. 62d St.—Lt....(MA)
BROWN, JAMES F., 27 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn—Lt. .....(WU)
BUCHAN, C., 1,201 E. 92d St., Bklyn.(WU)
BUDA, HARRY, 180 St. Nicholas Av..(WS)
BUTLER, PIERCE H.—Lt. .....(DW)
BYRNE, EDWARD F., 3,100 Glenwood Road, Brooklyn .....(WU)
CALABRIA, F. J., 4,200 Ell Av.....(MA)
CARLO, NICK, 607 Eagle Av.....(WS)
CASTILLO, A. 539 W. 155th St....(WS)
CAVANAGH, JOHN P., 347 5th Av....(WS)
CHERTOCK, S., 737 Tremont Av.....(WS)
CHUINS, P. W., 7 E. 135th St.—Sgt..(WS)
CLASH, ARTHUR J., 229 Railroad Av., Brooklyn .....(DD)
COHEN, MAX, 170 Monroe St., Sadler..(MA)
COHEN, M., 1,514 Washington St....(WS)
COLEMAN, WM. A., 1,493 Broadway..(WS)
CONNELL, JOHN, 22 Clarkson St....(WL)
CONWAY, J. L., 3,011 Heath Av.—Lt. .....(DW)
CORRIGAN, EDWARD J., 706 Degraw St., Brooklyn .....(DW)
COX, CURTIS S., 2,229 Creston Av....(WL)
CUMMINGS, J. W., 154 E. 128th St...(WS)
CURRY, JOS. T., 420 St. Nicholas Av..(WL)
CUTRONA, F., 78 Starr St., Brooklyn.(WL)
DARRAH, G. B., 414 W. 118 St.—Corp.(WL)
DELANY, JAS. F., 377 2d Av.—Lt. .....(DW)
DEMOLINSKI, STEVE, 223 Jersey Av.—Corp. .....(WU)
DENIG, G. L., 186 India St., Brooklyn.(MA)
DICKHAUS, ERNEST O., 277 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn—Corp. .....(WS)
DIODATI, BENNIE V., 871 3d Av., Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(WS)
DIXON, JOSEPH D., 504 Manhattan Av.—Corp. .....(WU)
DONOHUE, GEORGE, 217 Kingsland Av Brooklyn .....(KA)
DODKEWITZ, ABE, 59 Norfolk St....(WL)
DOSCHER, FABIAN W., 206 Pulaski St., Brooklyn—Lt. .....(KA)
DOUGHERTY, THOMAS A., 323 East 30th St.—Corp .....(WU)
DOWLING, H. A., 350 2d St., Brooklyn—Mch .....(WL)
DOYLE, STEPHEN, 343 East 41st St..(WL)
DRYDEN, ROBERT J., Queens Boulevard and 8th St., Woodside. .....(WL)
DUFFY, JOSEPH F., 25 King St.....(WS)
DWYER, RICHARD J., 303 W. 41st St.(WS)
EPSTEIN, SAMUEL, 556 Fox St.....(WS)
ESSELBORN, OTTO C., 606 W. 170th St.(WS)
FARRELL, V. P., 137 Patchen Av. Brooklyn .....(WL)
FAY, JOHN, 23 North Prince St., Flushing, Corp .....(KA)
FELDER, FRANK, 520 West 160th St. —Sgt .....(WL)
FESCO, JOHN, 116 Christie St.....(WS)
FINKELSTEIN, A., 101 Clinton St....(WS)
FISHMAN, B. N., 373 Miller Av., Brooklyn—Corp .....(WS)
FITSPATRICK, J. T., 300 W. 107th St..(WS)
FITZWILLIAMS, MICHAEL J., 2,185 Amsterdam Av .....(WS)
FORMAN, H., 182 Powell St., B'klyn....(WS)
FORST, ANDREW J., 405 Broadway, Long Island City .....(WS)
FRANKEL, M., 148 East Houston St..(WS)
FREER, A. W., 36 Union Square—Sgt..(DI)
FREY, ANTHONY, 953 Jackson Av....(WL)
FUGNITTO, B. M., 174 Canal St.....(WL)
GABRIEL, J. J., 3,904 3d Av., B'klyn.(WS)
GALLAGHER, JOHN J., 53 Manhattan St.—Sgt. .....(WL)
GALUPPO, M. F., 81 Mulberry St.....(WS)
GAY, FREDERICK C., 584 Madison St., Brooklyn—Corp .....(WU)
GEIGER, DAVID A., 141 Russell St., Brooklyn—Sgt .....(WS)
GERSCHEL, GEORGE, 4,327 3d Av....(DW)
GIOSSI, HENRY, 248 East 62d St.....(WS)
GLEASON, JOSEPH A., 142 West 17th St.—Wgn .....(WS)
GOLENKO, GREGORY, 825 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn—Corp .....(WU)
GOODLOW, CHARLES R., 778 Henry St., Brooklyn .....(WU)
GOULD, ASHLEY M., 445 Bedford Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
GRAHAM, JOSEPH D., 204 Martense St., Brooklyn—Sgt .....(WL)
GRAMSE, W., 410 18th St., Brooklyn..(WS)
GREEN, ALEXANDER, 359 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn—Sgt .....(WS)
GREENE, MAURICE M., 369 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
GREENHAUS, I., 67 East 98th St....(WS)
GREWE, JOSEPH P., 461 4th Av., K. of C. Secretary .....(WS)
GUNTHER, HARRY D., H. B. Claflin Co.—Corp .....(WS)
HANSEN, LAWRENCE T., 480 Mott Av. .....(DA)
HANSON, R. P., 219 Weirfield St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
HEINRICK, BERNARD, 350 East 58th St.—Wagn .....(KA)
HILTON, CHARLES, 864 Macon St., Brooklyn—Sgt .....(KA)
HOLIHAN, RICHARD J., 118 Rockwood St.—Wagn .....(WL)
HOLOCHWOST, VILOT, 240 Front St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
HOLOVAKOFF, SAM, 299 Av. B.....(WS)
HOROWITZ, SAMUEL, 215 Columbia St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
HUGHES, JOHN T., 62 New St., Port Richmond, Staten Island .....(WS)
HYLAND, JOS. P., 17 West 98th St....(KA)
IANNOTTO, F., 251 East 204th St.....(WL)
IMBURGIA, BASILIO, 362 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
JAENIKE, WM. F., 4,565 Broadway..(WL)
JAMES, JOSEPH, 221 West 62d St....(WS)
JOHNSON, JOHN T., 347 Madison Av.—Civilian .....(DD)
JOLLY, SAMUEL, 221 Hemlock St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
KARGER, ABE, 54 East 104th St.....(DW)
KARNOFSKY, L., 1,388 Clinton Av....(MA)
KELLY, J. E., 48 West 94th St.—Corp.(KA)
KENNEDY, HERBERT B., 141 Lexington Av.—Lt. .....(WS)
KIELTY, J.A., 234 West 120th St.—Bgl.(MA)
KOLBE, CHAS. L., 1,285 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
KOURIAN, EDWIN, 50 West 38th St...(WS)
KRETSCHMAR, R. G., 49 W. 86th St..(WU)
LAFFIN, WM. P., 95 Lee Av., Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(WS)
LANGSPECHT, HENRY T., 417 75th St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
LAZAROVITZ, SAUL, 179 East Houston St. .....(WS)
LEVINE, MORRIS, 557 Georgia Av., Brooklyn .....(WU)
LEVITONE, LEIZER, 487 Cleveland St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
LIND, URBAN L., 301 Livingston St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
LIPPERT, FREDERICK F., 237 Grove St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
LUKA, FRANK, 2 and 4 Ridge St.....(WL)
LUTZ, ALBERT, 1,056 Fox St.....(WU)
LYNCH, JOHN F., 364 Union St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
LYONS, WILBERT E., 688 East 36 St., Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(KA)
McCABE, FELIX, 2,448 Park Av.....(WL)
McCABE, FRANK J., 53 Betts Av., Woodside .....(WL)
McCABE, THOMAS, 344 East 47th St..(KA)
McCALLION, THOMAS J., 142 Winter Av., New Brighton .....(WL)
McCORMACK, EDWARD J., 208 East 30th St.—Corp. .....(WS)
McCORMICK, JAMES, 36 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn .....(DD)
McGARRY, WILLIAM. F., 13 Butler St., Brooklyn .....(MA)
McGOVERN, FELIX, 2,040 Amsterdam Av. .....(WU)
McMAHON, WILLIAM A., 377 Bleecker St. .....(MA)
MacNEILL, LYNNE F., 4,305 Park Av.—Corp. .....(WL)
MAGDALIN, IRVING, 263 Court St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
MAGGIO, JOSEPH, 244 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
MAGRATH, FREDERICK A., 354 East 4th St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
MALONE, JAMES E., 117 4th Place, Brooklyn .....(WU)
MANNIX, JOSEPH, 343 W. 49th St...(KA)
MARA, THOMAS W., 12 Banta St., Elmhurst .....(WS)
MEAD, J. P., 518 W. 136th St.—Corp.(WU)
MERO, JOHN, 44 James Place, Staten Island .....(WS)
METCALF, HARRY, 582 Prospect Place, Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(MA)
METTAKER, JOHN, 25 Hopkins St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
METZGER, WM., 350 Van Brunt St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
MILLER, A. G., 855 Cauldwell Av....(WS)
MINNIS, WM., 217 W. 121st St.—Sgt..(WL)
MITCHELL, JOHN P., 237 9th Av....(WS)
MOONEY, R. F., 105 E. 88th St.....(WS)
MORRETTI, GIUSEPPE, 3 King St.....(WS)
MOSKOWITZ, SAM, 19 Suffolk St.....(WU)
MULLIGAN, WM., 1,129 Park Av.....(WS)
MULLINS, HOWARD F., 132 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn .....(MA)
MURPHY, EDWARD J., 57 W. 94th St.(WU)
MURRAY, THOMAS, 12 E. 116th St....(WS)
NAMORATTO, PATSY, 208 Stone Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
NERENBURG, DAVID, 762 South Oak Drive, Bronx .....(WL)
NEVALA, WM., 727 43d St., Brooklyn.(WS)
NOONAN, JOHN E. P., 420 W. 40th St..(WL)
OBERG, H., 7,121 10th Av., Bklyn....(WL)
O'CONNELL, H., 349 E. 142d St.—Bgl.(WS)
PACE, ROY B., 347 Madison Av.—Y. M. C. A. .....(WU)
PANZECA, IGNACIO, 71 E. 98th St....(KA)
PAPAMICHAEL, EPAMINONDAS, 610 Park Av., Brooklyn .....(MA)
PARKER, E. F., 319 W. 139th St.—Lt..(WS)
PATTERSON, G., 358 Hudson St.....(WU)
PEARL, LOUIS, 221 E. 99th St.—Corp.(WS)
PEIPERT, S., 165 Floyd St., B'klyn..(DD)
PENZICK, H., 38 Varet St., B'klyn..(WL)
PERAGELLO, JOHN, 308 E. 78th St..(KA)
PHILLIPS, JOSEPH E., 192 Meeker Av., Brooklyn—Wagn .....(WS)
PIGHI, R., 2,620 Cortelyou Rd., B'klyn.(WS)
PIGNETTI, DONATO, 696 Morris Av...(WU)
PINTO, FRANK, 27 St. Edward St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
PISACRITA, N. J., 308 W. 145th St...(WL)
PORTEOUS, DAVID, 133 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(WS)
POSTIGLIONE, SAM, 1,450 Herkimer St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
RABEY, CHARLES D., 385 Yarmouth St., Woodhaven .....(WS)
REEVE, R. C., 71 Gold St—Sgt.....(WS)
REID, J. L., 24 Perry St.—Wagn.....(WL)
RICE, JOHN F., 581 Concord Av.....(WL)
RICHARDI, FRANK, 186 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn .....(MA)
RICHEL, ALLER, 301 St. Nichols Av. —Corp. .....(WU)
ROMANO, DOMINICK, 223 Mott St...(WS)
ROSEBROCK, CHARLES, 1,489 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
ROSENBAYER, H. M., 27 Beaver St., Brooklyn—Sgt. .....(WU)
ROTONDO, ANTHONY, 273 Union St., Brooklyn .....(MA)
ROWLEY, J. F., 200 Clairmont Av.—Capt. .....(WU)
RYAN, J. F., 185 Van Sicklen St., Brooklyn .....(WU)
SPINELLA, JOSEPH, 1,235 37th St., Brooklyn .....(WU)
SPRINGSTEAD, H. L., 223 W. 13th St.(WS)
SALVESEN, GABRIEL, 58 Second Pl., Brooklyn—Mch. .....(WL)
SAUNDERS, CLEMON, 226 W. 61st St.(DW)
SCALORA, G., 281 E. 149th St.....(KA)
SCANDIATO, GASPARE, 206 Johnson Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
SCHILDKNECHT, GEORGE M., 1,230 E. 92d St., Brooklyn—Corp. .....(WL)
SCHNEIDER, WM., 317 E. 89th St....(WU)
SCHWARTZ, MARTIN, 413 93d St.....(WS)
SCHWARTZ, MORRIS, 173 E. 123d St.(WL)
SCHWARZBAUM, E. J., 29 E.124th St.(MA)
SEHER, W. P., 116 Corona Av., Corona, L. I. .....(WU)
SENN, CHARLES, 755 Seneca Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
SEWELL, E. K., 347 Madison Av.—Y. M. C. A. Secretary .....(WS)
SHAND, H. J., 2,041 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn .....(KA)
SHANNON, P. F., 168 Jersey St., New Brighton, S. I. .....(WS)
SHIRTCLIFFE, H. L., 170 Engert Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
SIEGELBAUM, DAVID, 235 E. 4th St.(WL)
SILVERMAN, D. D., 306 Clinton St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
SIMONSON, W. O. S., 1,869 Pacific St., Brooklyn—Mch. .....(WS)
SLEVIN, JOSEPH, 13 Ocean Pl., B'klyn.(WS)
SMITH, N. J., 815 Park Pl., B'klyn..(WU)
STABILE, DOMINICO, 62 Skillman Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
STEELE, A. E., 408 Suydam Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
STEVENS, FRANK, 351 E. 133d St.—Sgt. .....(WL)
STEVENSON, G. A., 489 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn .....(WS)
STEWART, E. A., 624 W. 52d St.....(DW)
STIEHLER, OSCAR, 562 Onderdonk Av., Brooklyn .....(DW)
STOUTENBURGH, NORMAN, Woodhull Av., Hollis .....(WS)
SULLIVAN, J. L., 118 Jane St.—Corp..(WS)
SWIKE, E. J., 680 2d Av.....(DD)
TAYLOR, HARTWELL, 946 Nelly St..(WS)
TOSSIT, C. L., 272 Pulaski St., B'klyn.(WS)
TOW, F. S., 2,512 Beverly Road, Brooklyn .....(MA)
TURBINE, CAESAR., 2,024 Hancock St.(MA)
TYLER, J. C., 380 Pierpont St., Brooklyn—Lt. .....(MA)
TYNECKI, A., 61 Pacific St., Jamaica.(WL)
UGANTZ, SAM, 330 Henry St.....(WS)
UNFER, W., Jr., 1,709 Putnam Av., Brooklyn .....(WU)
VACCARO, JOSEPH, 452 W. 53d St....(MA)
VALLES, V. J., Municipal Bldg.—Corp.(WU)
VAN BRUNT, M. 2 Rector St—Corp.(WU)
VATH, R., 504 Weiher Court.....(MA)
VENAFRA, O., 2,431 Maclay Av.....(WU)
VINCEY, JAMES, 239 E. 150th St....(WU)
VLASTNIK, CHARLES, 247 Crescent St., Long Island City .....(WS)
VOLK, J. D., Gramercy Park—Corp...(MA)
WALSH, J. F., 255 Division St.....(WL)
WATERS, JOHN J., 803 9th Av.....(WL)
WEBBE, E. M., 290 Union Av., B'klyn.(WU)
WELSBACH, M. A., 81 2d Av.....(DD)
WEST, R. J., 944 Tiffany St.—Bgl....(WU)
WHALEN, L. J., 368 Herald Av., Richmond Hill—Sgt. .....(MA)
WILLIAMS, H., 2,322 7th Av.—Sgt....(WS)
WILLIAMS, J. F., 401 W. 53d St....(MA)
WILSON, L. A., 140 W. 93d St.....(MA)
WITTMANN, A. C., 371 Bleecker St., Brooklyn—Musician .....(DW)
WYCZLINSKI, J. C., 221 23d St., Brooklyn .....(KA)
ZAPULLA, S., 283 E. 149th St.....(WU)

OTHER PARTS NEW YORK STATE.

ABT, ALBERT C., Williamsville.....(KA)
ALAIMO, THOMAS, Rochester.....(KA)
AMIDON, LE ROY S., Seneca Falls..(WL)
ARCHAMBAULT, J. L., Cohoes—Sgt.(WU)
BAILEY, HOWARD J., Rensselaer.....(WL)
BAKER, FRANK P., Cohoes.....(WS)
BEAUVAIS, W. U., Tottenville—Lt...(KA)
BETZOLD, J. A., Crittenden—Corp....(WU)
BLAIR, CHARLES, Buffalo—Sgt.....(WL)
BLASZKIEWICZ, B., Buffalo.....(WL)
BLONDO, CARMELO, Utica.....(WU)
BLOOD, JOHN W., Jamestown.....(DD)
BOELLNER, GEORGE, Elmont.....(MA)
BORMANN, ARTHUR H., Rome—Lt..(WU)
BOYLE, THOMAS, Croton-on-Hudson.(KA)
BRENGEL, J. F., Sea Cliff—Master Sergeant .....(WU)
BROCKMAN, M. L., Dunkirk.....(DD)
BROWN, C. A., Ellenville—Sgt.....(WL)
BUCKLEY, J. P., Watervliet.....(WU)
BUSEY, GEORGE, Altona.....(DW)
BUTLER, W. S., Hudson Falls—Mch..(WL)
CAREY, F. A., Middletown—Electrician .....(WL)
CARMODY, P. J., Niagara Falls—Sgt..(WL)
CARPENTER, F. B., Lockport—Corp...(KA)
CASE, A. B., Waverly.....(WS)
CHAPIN, BERT, Ninevah Junction.....(KA)
CHARLES, E. H., Jacksonville—Lt.....(WL)
CHASE, B. N., Plattsburg—Lt.....(KA)
CHIRURGI, SEVERINO, Yonkers.....(WS)
CHRISMAN, I. E., Waverly.....(WS)
CHRISTOFF, J. J., Highland Falls...(WS)
CIPRIL, CIRILLO, Frankford.....(WS)
CLANCY, J. R., Salamanca.....(WU)
CLARK, I. D., Poughkeepsie.....(WS)
COLVILLE, LEO D., Buffalo.....(WS)
CONDERMAN, C. J., Cornell.....(WU)
CONNELL, Elmira.....(WU)
COUGHLIN, J. F., Schenectady.....(WL)
COVERT, V. E., Watervliet.....(MA)
CROSS, W. A., Manlius.....(KA)
CUNNEEN, J. S., Port Jervis—Corp...(WS)
DARTLEY, J. L., College Point.....(WS)
DAVIS, J. S., Rensselaer—Lt.....(WS)
DEALBA, JOHN, Yonkers.....(WS)
DEBADTS, ORIE, Sodus.....(KA)
DECKER, JOHN, Buffalo—Corp.....(WL)
DECKER L. B., Little Falls—Corp....(WS)
DEEN, E. G., Buffalo.....(WL)
DEMURE, RALPH, White Plains.....(WS)
DENIKE, A. N. E., White Plains—Sgt..(WU)
DESMOND, G. A., Coxsackie.....(WU)
DIBBLE, A. G., Glens Falls—Corp....(MA)
DOLAN, E. P., Buffalo.....(KA)
DOSS, LEO A., Goshen.....(MA)
FAILING, G. M., Fort Plain—Corp....(KA)
FEUSTEL, WM., Lindenhurst.....(KA)
FLAHERTY, J. O., High View—Corp..(DW)
FOX, R. G., Hamburg—Sgt.....(WL)
FRANCIS, J. P., Cooperstown—Corp...(WU)
FRANK, GEO., Fishers—Cook.....(WL)
FREEMAN, A. P., Oroville—Corp.....(WL)
FREFELAND, F. E., Pearl River.....(WL)
GAMBLE, ROY, Buffalo.....(WU)
GARDNER, S., Lockport—Sgt.....(WS)
GARHARTT, H. B., Saratoga Springs.(WU)
GETMAN, ROY J., Hilton—Sgt.....(WL)
GILESPIE, J., Bay Shore, L. I.....(WL)
GORDON, J. S., Glens Falls.....(WS)
GORMAN, LEO A., Utica.....(WL)
GRICO, SAM, Oneida.....(WU)
GUNCER, L. N., Port Byron—Corp....(KA)
HALL, KENNETH C., Yonkers—Sgt...(WS)
HARDER, H. A., Hammondsport.....(WL)
HARE, F. T., Rochester—Corp.....(WS)
HARRIS, RAYMOND L., Rhinebeck....(WS)
HARTIG, FRANK, Amsterdam—Lt.....(WS)
HASSELWANDER, G. H., Rochester..(WU)
HEALEY, ALFRED F., Troy—Sgt.....(WS)
HEERE, HERBERT, Washingtonville..(KA)
HOPKINS, LEON MacDONALD, Otega..(WS)
HORTON, HARDING F., Ithaca—Lt....(KA)
IRISH, EUGENE J., Auburn—Lt.....(WU)
JANES, CLAYTON A., Buffalo—Sgt...(WU)
JOBSON, RAYMOND., Binghamton....(KA)
JOHNSON, HARRY, Westchester.....(DW)
JONES, GHARLES A., Truxton.....(WL)
KARLER, GEORGE J., JR., Buffalo.....(WS)
KEITEL, C. R., Kings Park—Sgt.....(WS)
KELLAM, SPENCER, Newark Valley.(DW)
KELLEY, T. H., Oneida—Sgt.....(MA)
KILCOYNE, THOMAS, Rochester.....(WS)
KLEBAM, JOS. M., Buffalo—Corp....(KA)
KUHN, LOUIS W., Buffalo—Corp.....(MA)
LABUFF, GEORGE L., Malone.....(DW)
LALLIER, FRANCIS C., Amsterdam...(WU)
LAMB, CHARLES J. H., Malone.....(DW)
LAWSON, CLYDE B., Niagara Falls..(WL)
LEACH, SAMUEL G., Geneva.....(WS)
LEHR, PETER, Buffalo.....(WU)
LEVELLE, JOHN P., Buffalo.....(WS)
LOCKMAN, HENRY, Windfall—Wagn..(DW)
LYNCH, A. M., Solvay.....(WL)
McCOOK, L. N., Walton—Bgl.....(WU)
McCULLOUGH, J. A., Port Chester....(WS)
McGINNIS, LEO J., Medina.....(DW)
MAGUIRE, E. J., Lancaster.....(MA)
McLAUGHLIN, T. B., New Rochelle...(WS)
McMURRAY, G. F., Watertown—Corp...(WS)
McRAE, R. P., Rochester.....(WS)
MEAMBER, R. J., Middletown.....(WU)
MALANTIO, GIOVANNI, Watertown...(WS)
MASKE, B. A., Buffalo.....(WS)
MASTEN, A. W., Newburg.....(KA)
MEAKEY, JOHN, 23 Hopkins St., Brooklyn .....(WS)
MILLER, F. J., Poughkeepsie—Sgt....(WS)
MONTY, A. P., Cortland—Sgt.....(KA)
MURRAY, H., White Plains—Corp....(MA)
NACZEK, J. M., Falconer.....(WS)
NEWTON, C. G., Salamanca—Sgt.....(WL)
NOLAN, D. B., Utica.....(WU)
NORTHRUP, L. B., Jasper.....(WS)
NUTT, RUSSELL, Rochester.....(WS)
O'CONNOR, J. L., Perry.....(WS)
O'CONNOR, WM. F., West Point—Lt..(KA)
O'DELL, SANFORD, Hancock.....(WL)
O'LEARY, A. M., Scottsville.....(WL)
OLIN, RAY, Sandusky—Corp.....(WU)
OREANS, F. C., North Tarrytown..(WS)
OSTRANDER, L. H., Kingston.....(WL)
PARKS, R. H., Chateaugay.....(WU)
PEART, H. W., Mt. Vernon—Lt.....(KA)
PIEKARSKI, L., Doyle—Corp.....(WU)
PIERSA, JOHN, Buffalo.....(WU)
PIERUCKI, EGNACY, Buffalo.....(WL)
PINCKNEY, H., Auburn.....(WS)
POPPI, FRANK, Manhasset.....(WU)
POTTER, GLENN W., Orwell.....(WS)
PRATT, H. S., Westbury.....(WS)
RANSOM, E., Churchville.....(WS)
REESE, HERBERT M., Caledonia.....(WL)
REID, J. P., New Rochelle—Corp....(WU)
RIGGS, H. R., Middletown—Mch.....(WU)
ROBERTS, E. D., Canandaigua—Mch...(WU)
ROLAND, AUDEN P., Geneva—Corp...(MA)
ROMANEK, JOSEPH, Niagara.....(DW)
ROSHIA, ARTHUR J., Watertown.....(WU)
RYDZEWSKI, WALTER, Buffalo.....(WS)
SABINO, JOSEPH, Port Chester.....(WU)
SAYERS, DELBERT A., Jamestown..(DW)
SCACCIO, GIOVANIO, Whitehall.....(WS)
SCAFFIDI, ANTHONY, Buffalo.....(WL)
SCHERMERHORN, WM. L., Schenectady—Corporal .....(WU)
SCHOONMAKER, ROBT. B., Ferndale..(WU)
SEIBERT, ELMER W., Buffalo.....(WL)
SHAY, DORIS M., Canaseraga.....(WU)
SIEBRECHT, ALBERT, Buffalo.....(WL)
SIRARUSE, JOSEPH, Groveland.....(WU)
SKELLY, JAMES F., Harrison Rye....(MA)
SLAGER, JOSEPH M., Utica.....(WU)
SNYDER, HOWARD S., Irondequoit....(WL)
SOBIEKI, JOSEPH, Coatesville.....(WU)
SOLOMAN, JOS., Schenectady—Mch...(WU)
SOPER, H. M., Poughkeepsie—Sgt.....(WU)
SPECKSGOOR, FRED G., Rochester...(WS)
SPOONER, HARRY V., Akron.....(WS)
SPRAGUE, H. J., Lake Placid.....(WU)
STARK, HARRY, Killbuck.....(WL)
STEVANS, FRANK S., Olean.....(WU)
STEWART, C. R., Poughkeepsie.....(WS)
STEWART, HOWARD R., Rochester....(WU)
STINE, CHARLES A., Albany.....(WS)
STOFFELS, PETER J., Albany.....(WS)
STRICKLAND, CHAS., Baldwinsville..(WS)
SZARMACH, ANTHONY, Buffalo.....(MA)
TALLMAN, FRED., Westchester—Sgt..(WS)
TEARNEY, WM. J., Niagara Falls...(WU)
TERROSE, FRANK, Buffalo.....(MA)
THIRODEAU, F. H., Schenectady.....(WU)
TIFFANY, N. G., Norwich.....(WU)
TILYOU, E. H., Franklin—Corp.....(MA)
TOOMEY, D. M., Newport.....(MA)
VANGORDER, C. R., Corning.....(WS)
VITELLO, FORTUNATO, Smithtown Branch, L. I. .....(DW)
WETKUS, S. L., Canajoharie.....(WU)
WARD, J. L., Buffalo—Lt.....(WS)
WEAVER, H. E., Utica—Lt.....(WL)
WEEKS, W. R., Jamestown.....(WU)
WEINGARDNER, A. F., Amsterdam....(WU)
WEINREICH, S. D., Albany.....(WS)
WERLEY, D. H., Middletown—Sgt....(WI)
WHALEN, PHILLIP, Stillwater.....(WS)
WHITE, T. E., Schenectady.....(WU)
WICKS, G. D., Sauquoit—Lt.....(MA)
WIESNECK, H. F., Canajoharie.....(WU)
WILBUR, A. C., Otisville.....(WU)
WILCHECK, W. J., Poughkeepsie.....(WU)
WILD, ALLAN, Morris.....(WU)
WILLIAMS, J. H., Dolgeville—Sgt....(WL)
WILLIAMS, LLEWELLYN, Utica.....(DD)
WILSON, T. H., Watertown—Sgt.....(WS)
YOUNGER, MICHAEL, Chateaugay....(WU)
YOUNGLOVE, J. R., Johnstown—Lt..(WU)

ALABAMA.

CATES, R. T., Sylacauga.....(DD)
HARLAN, PALMER, Calera.....(DW)
LEE, W. T., Vincent.....(KA)
MIREE, JOHN, Felix—Corp.....(DD)
MONTGOMERY, LEE, Benton.....(DD)
MYERS, H. W., Carbon Hill.....(KA)
PECK, T. O., Portersville.....(KA)
POARCH, P. E., Grant.....(DW)
SIMS, T. S., Red Bay.....(KA)
TOBLER, JOHN, Mobile.....(DW)
TUCKER, JESSE, Vadley.....(DD)
TURNER, ERNEST, Andalusia.....(DD)
TYUS, C. J., Autaugaville.....(DD)
WILLIAMS, W. F., Greenville.....(KA)

ARIZONA.

JONES, W. W., Prescott.....(DD)
LEONARD, J. McK., Douglas—Lt.....(KA)
MOISA, E. B., Jerome—Corp.....(KA)

ARKANSAS.

MASON, C. M., Whitener.....(DW)
MILLER, J. W., Waldo.....(DD)
NORTH, WILLIAM, Scanlon.....(WU)
PERNA, JOHN, West Point.....(KA)
RICHARDSON, J. W., Booneville.....(KA)
ROW, C. A., Marshall.....(DD)
SIMONS, W. F., Almyra—Corp.....(WU)
TURNER, W. H., Little Rock—Lt.....(KA)

CALIFORNIA.

BURTON, B. H., Jr., Colusa—Lt.....(DD)
COLVIN, CLARENCE D., Buenta.....(DD)
COOK, JAMES S., Annette.....(DD)
DOSS, BERNARD F., San Francisco...(DD)
HALL, EARL D., Marysville.....(KA)
McBRIDE, J. H., Pasadena—Sgt.....(DP)
RINES, ERNEST H., San Jose.....(DD)
RISDON, JACK, Santa Barbara—Corp.(DW)
SCHULDT, HARRY, Half Moon Bay....(DD)
SCHUTTE, R. H., Porterville—Capt...(DD)

COLORADO.

BURTON, H. L., Canyon City—Lt.....(KA)
CHEENEY, ROY D., Pueblo—Corp.....(KA)
LINES, HENRY R., Salida—Corp.....(DW)
OLSEN, HARRY T., Denver.....(DW)
RICHTER, BENJAMIN A., Arvada.....(KA)
RIDLEN, HARRY K., Laird.....(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

ALBANESE, ANTONIO, Harrington..(WU)
ALEVY, HENRY, Hartford.....(WU)
BALTONSANTIA, IGNATZ, Bridgeport..(KA)
BARNEY, EUGENE, Hartford.....(MA)
BRZUCHALSKI, JOSEPH, Hartford...(WS)
BUDNIK, BOLESLAW, New Britain..(WU)
CHESICK, THEODORE, Hartford.....(WU)
COLEMAN, ALEXANDER, New Haven..(WL)
CORUTO, VINCENZO, Torrington.....(WU)
CRANEY, JOHN J., Waterbury.....(WU)
DEMING, JOHN N., New Haven.....(WL)
DICARA, CARMELO, Essex.....(WU)
DOWD, FRANK A., Windsor Locks...(WS)
DOWLING, JOSEPH A., Naugatuck...(WU)
EMATRUCO, MICHAEL, New Haven...(WL)
FAVALE, RAFFAELE, Waterbury.....(WS)
FINNEGAN, J. E., New London.....(WL)
FOX, PHILLIP, Naugatuck—Corp.....(WL)
GAVIN, HENRY J., Shelton.....(WL)
GERSHAWITZ, A. J., New London.....(WS)
GOODWIN, VICTOR F., New Haven....(DW)
HINE, JUSTIS, Torrington.....(KA)
HOWATENTIAN, L., Thomsonville....(KA)
IZZO, LEONARD, Bridgeport.....(WL)
KRAIESKY, VINCENT, Middletown....(WS)
LAFAN, HENRY, Willimantic—Sgt.....(KA)
MACKERNESS, WM., Wallingford.....(KA)
MARIANO, PATSY, New Haven.....(WL)
MARRIOTT, F. A., Plainfield—Corp....(MA)
MATHERS, CHARLES, Moosup.....(WS)
MARTINO, WM. L., Hartford.....(WS)
NEIDMANN, E. F., Waterbury—Sgt...(KA)
NORMANDY, P. J., New Haven.....(WS)
O'BRIEN, NICHOLAS J., Bristol.....(WU)
PATON, JOHN A., New Haven—Lt.....(KA)
PETERSON, H. W., Union City.....(WL)
PETRUCELLI, J., Bridgeport—Sgt.....(WL)
PIERPONT, N. M., Waterbury.....(WS)
PIRIE, C., South Manchester.....(WS)
PLUCINSKI, Stanley, Valingport.....(WS)
PRINCE, JOHN C., New London—Maj.(MA)
ROBERTS, F. S., Oakville.....(WU)
SEYMOUR, H. N., Bridgeport.....(WS)
SHEA, WM. L., Manchester.....(KA)
SPEER, F. H., Bridgeport.....(WS)
TROBEL, C. B., Torrington.....(MA)
VOLLENWEIDER, WM. F., New Haven—Lt. .....(MA)
WARNOCK, J., South Manchester—Sgt.(WS)
WRIGHT, JAMES, Torrington.....(WL)

DISTRICT O

DRAMA

By John Corbin

A PRINCE THERE WAS, a comedy in three acts, by George M. Cohan; based upon a story by Darragh Aldrich. At the George M. Cohan Theatre.

Charles Martin.....Robert Hilliard
Bland.....Ernest Stallard
Jack Carruthers.....George Parsons
Comfort.....Marie Vernon
Miss Vincent.....Wanda Carlyle
Gladys Prouty.....Ruth Donnelly
Mrs. Prouty.....Jessie Ralph
Short.....Ralph Sipperly
Katherine Woods, M. S. C.....Phoebe Hunt
Mr. Cricket.....A. G. Andrews
Della.....Elizabeth Dunne
Messenger.....Walter Browne
Eddie.....Leroy Johnson

"A Prince There Was."

Once more we are called upon to witness the drama of regeneration. This time Robert Hilliard is the raw material of the uplift and George M. Cohan is the elevator boy. Mr. Hilliard appears as a broken-hearted millionaire engaged in an apparently hopeful endeavor to pickle his brain in rye whiskey before the first of July. But a stage child crosses his path. Her name is Comfort, and, thanks to what Francisque Sarcey once called the logic of the theatre, she inevitably comforts him. Under her influence he leaves his palatial apartment in the Plaza and goes to live in an uptown boarding house.

Here a new influence of the uplift develops, in the person of a young woman writer of magazine stories. From the moment Mr. Hilliard sees her it is already for him the first of July. The intake of rye ceases, and he positively overflows with the milk of human kindness. A plot develops. Pending his ascent in the elevator he has assumed the name of Prince. She is in reality a young woman in society and has gone to the boarding house in search of local color for her stories. A young actor for the movies, who is taking detective parts, scents an environment of sables and limousines and, concluding that they are counterfeiters, trails the two. But Mr. Hilliard resolutely continues his ascent in the elevator, still exuding lactations, and finally wins the heroine. The title intimates that it is all a fairy story. A Prince there was.

* * *

Where Mr. Cohan is concerned with the people in his boarding house his touch is sure and strong. As far as the play is character comedy it reaches the level of his very best. The moving picture detective, cleverly played by Ralph Sipperly, is freshly drawn and irresistibly amusing. In the plot of mistaken identities, however, his hand is less firm. The final act especially drags.

As for Mr. Cohan's spiritual ministrations, their fate is at best doubtful. It is by no means certain that the Pollyanna-Glad school of playgoers will respond to them. Even the bone-dryness of the hero's future is open to question. Mr. Cohan's portraits of crooks and sincere drinkers have a touch of actuality that makes reformation more than a little problematical. In the case of Wallingford the future was safeguarded by a brace of detectives. In the present case we have the onrushing first of July. Yes, we may believe that eventually this Prince will prove a permanent passenger on the wagon. If there is any spiritual message in that fact the Pollyanna-Glad contingent may be comforted.

WILSON CABLES MRS. PAGE.

Praises Late Ambassador's Services —Burial at Aberdeen, N. C.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—President Wilson today cabled his condolences to Mrs. Walter H. Page on the death of her husband, the former American Ambassador in London. His message was as follows:

"Our hearts go out to you in deepest sympathy for the loss of your distinguished husband, whose service to the country will long be remembered."

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Dec. 24.—The funeral service for the late Walter Hines Page, former Ambassador to Great Britain, held at the Page Memorial Church at Aberdeen, N. C., this morning was attended by a distinguished assemblage which included a large number of Government and State officials. The State Department was represented by William Phillips, Third Assistant Secretary of State, and the British Government by Henry G. Chilton, First Secretary of the British Embassy at Washington.

Among the thousands of telegrams of condolence received by the Page family from all parts of the world were cables from King George of England, Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and John W. Davis, who has just taken up his post as Dr. Page's successor at the London Embassy.

The King's message to Mrs. Page read as follows:

"The Queen and I are deeply grieved to hear of the irreparable loss which has befallen you and offer you our heartfelt sympathy in your sorrow. We regarded Mr. Page with feelings of true friendship. Our sentiments will be shared by the people of this country, to whom Mr. Page had endeared himself and who remember that the period of his distinguished services as representative of the United States included the momentous year of warfare from which our two nations are now emerging.

"GEORGE, R. I."

Mr. Balfour cabled:

"Am most deeply grieved to hear of death of my valued friend. Please accept deepest sympathy."

Ambassador Davis's message was:

"Mrs. Davis and I offer you our sincere sympathy in your great sorrow. Mr. Page's loss will be deeply felt in this country, where he made himself universally beloved."

46,000,000 CANDLES.

These Constitute Only an Adequate Supply for Our Army Abroad.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The signing of the armistice left the American Expeditionary Forces with a quantity of candles aggregating 7,600,000 pounds, or 46,000,000 individual candles. Each candle made under army specifications burns ten hours, and on this basis a statistical expert from the Subsistence Division has figured that the candles on hand, if run in a single mold, might burn continuously for 5,250 years.

The primary use of the candles was to furnish light in the trenches and dugouts, but there is also a very extensive use for them in billets and camps. The supply on hand, while large, is said to be probably no greater than the amount necessary to meet the requirements of the army for the immediate future.

DANIELS PICKS NAVY BOARD

Names Nine Admirals Who Will Recommend Officers' Promotions.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Secretary Daniels announced tonight the composition of the Board of Selection for the line of the navy to meet in Washington Dec. 31.

The members of the board will be Admiral Henry T. Mayo, Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves and Rear Admirals Frank F. Fletcher, Albert W. Winterhalter, Thomas S. Rogers, Hugh Rodman, Thomas Snowden, John A. Hoogewerff and Edwin A. Anderson.

In announcing the personnel of the board, which recommends officers for promotion, Mr. Daniels explained that the naming of the board had been delayed beyond its usual meeting time early in December in order that it might include officers returning from abroad with the Atlantic fleet.

CHRISTMAS MAIL BURNS.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 24.—Four hundred out of the 1,000 sacks of Christmas mail bound from New York to Philadelphia, Atlantic City and other South Jersey points were destroyed by a fire supposed to be due to spontaneous combustion in one of the cars of a mail train passing over the New York division of the Pennsylvania road at this point this afternoon.

A great deal of damage was also done to the rest of the contents of the car in which the fire occurred. The damaged mail that was not entirely consumed is now at the Trenton post office. All of the sacks destroyed contained parcel post mail.

"THE GENTILE WIFE"

A Sincere Play of Contrast That Has Cumulative Dramatic Force.

THE GENTILE WIFE, a drama in four acts, by Rita Wellman. At the Vanderbilt.

David Davis.....David Powell
Mrs. Davis.....Vera Gordon
Jacob Davis.....W. H. Thompson
Christiana.....Mrs. A. Asheroff
Ruby.....Amy Dennis
Eva Goldschmidt.....Litta Mable
Herman Goldschmidt.....Stanley Jessup
Naida.....Emily Stevens
Jane Allen.....Eleanor Montell
Dr. Mackenzie.....Frank Conroy
Dr. Hotchkiss.....Charles Hammond
Caroline.....Virginia Curtis

A new playwright of undeniable attainments and still greater promise was introduced to these parts last night at the Vanderbilt Theatre, where Rita Wellman's first full-length play, "The Gentile Wife," was acted. The piece is a study in contrasting forces, the central figure, as the title indicates, being a gentile who marries a Jew. The play, however, is concerned less with the impact of rival religious beliefs, as have been most plays of this sort in the past, than with the play of the opposing forces upon the husband. It is the husband who is the focal point of the play.

Naida, highly volatile, is thrown early into the society of her husband's family. (The Jewish husband, in plays of intermarriage, is rarely asked to meet the family of his wife, and pains are taken in the present work to explain that the parents of the wife are dead.) The husband is a biologist much given to his laboratory, and the wife, left largely to her own devices and those of the Jewish family, accepts the invitation of a visiting scientist to stroll into the garden at midnight. The midnight stroll has consequences which cause the husband to shoot the scientist the following morning, and he is duly brought to trial. During the trial, however, he has the opportunity to make his escape, and his visit at the home of his parents, prior to sailing for South America with Naida, marks the high point of the drama. Here the racial call, in the form of a dying aunt, proves too strong for him, and Naida, realizing that their flight together will really be but one more barrier between them, consents to his giving himself up. There the play ends.

In the content of the play there cannot be said to be anything which is new, and some of its ideas are years behind the times. The mechanics of the play, also, are none too deft. But the piece has cumulative dramatic force, which can be said for few plays bearing upon this subject, and is further distinguished by the sincere desire of the playwright to play fair with both sides. Plays of the sort have generally been written from the Jewish angle; Miss Wellman's keeps to the neutral path astonishingly well.

Emily Stevens is Naida, and gives another of her highly sensitized, intelligent portrayals. Her work early in the evening was marred by a straining after naturalness which at times defeated its purpose, but she improved as the play wore on, and played her dramatic scenes of the third and fourth acts with splendid effect. David Powell gave a good performance as the husband, and Frank Conroy was quietly effective as the scientist who precipitates the catastrophe. Vera Gordon was excellent in the rôle of a somewhat obvious Jewish mother, and William H. Thompson and Litta Mable played well in smaller parts.

The play as acted suffers a trifle from the same fault which marred Miss Stevens's performance—that is, a reaching after naturalness in the stage direction. Too many scenes were played unnecessarily at the back of the stage, and players turn their backs to the audience a trifle too often. After all, people in real life do sometimes talk in front of a chair instead of behind it, and they are quite as likely to face the north wall of a room as the south.

The four acts reveal three different settings, all quite in the best mood of Robert E. Jones.

CHORUS MEN GIVE A CUP.

Token to Wm. Wade Hinshaw and Wife from American Singers.

Chorus men of the Society of American Singers, who are also members of the International Grand Opera Choral Alliance, held a meeting on the stage at the Park Theatre following a performance of "The Gondoliers" last evening and presented a silver loving cup to William Wade Hinshaw, President of the society, and to his wife, Mrs. Mabel Clyde Hinshaw. The presentation speech was made by Jack Goldman, the delegate of the alliance.

"This is a token from every man," he told Mr. and Mrs. Hinshaw, "of the way we feel toward you, not because of the long and prosperous season you have given us, but because, out of our long experience as chorus men with some famous opera companies, you are the first who have had the democracy to treat the chorus as men and artists.

"We are better Americans for having sung for you in the Society of American Singers. There is the real spirit of Americanism behind this curtain, in your company, that makes every man of us proud to belong to your chorus."

The loving cup, stood about two feet high, and was inscribed "To Mr. and Mrs. William Wade Hinshaw from the Male Choral Alliance."

Can't Confirm Army Shift.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the Army, stated today that he had received no information whatever regarding the report cabled from abroad that the Third Army, now on German soil, may be replaced by the Second Army as an occupation force about Feb. 1, and also denied that he had any knowledge of the report that the Third Army is to be brought home by way of the Rhine. General March did not deny the reports, but authorized the statement that he had no information on the subject.

PADEREWSKI OFF TO DANZIG

British Cruiser Taking Him to Prussian Port Seized by Poles.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 23.—Ignace Jan Paderewski, the famous Polish pianist and prominent in the work of Polish rehabilitation, arrived here today on board a British cruiser that had been placed at his disposal by the British Government. The cruiser continued her voyage for Danzig, (the former port of outlet of Poland on the Baltic,) with M. Paderewski and Colonel Wade, the British military attaché here, on board.

The Berlingske Tidende expresses belief that Paderewski's mission is to found a new Polish Government under Entente auspices.

When M. Paderewski sailed from New York for England on Nov. 23 he took with him a power of attorney to act for all the Polish committees in the United States. Danzig, which is in West Prussia, was seized a few days ago by an army of 50,000 Poles, who were landed at the port by transports. The majority of these soldiers were from the United States, it was said, and had fought on the French front.

Gala New Year's Week of Opera.

New Year's week at the Opera will offer two gala "extras" and one double bill, of which the novel part is "Coq d'Or," with Miss Garrison as the siren of Asiatic colorature, and last season's singing cast, duplicated as before by the dancers. "Cavalleria" is in the same bill Thursday-week.

Caruso will sing in "Forza del Destino" at the Metropolitan's annual benefit for the Italian Hospital, on Saturday evening, Jan. 4. The tenor also appears next Monday in "Marta," with Hempel, Homer, and Didur.

"Aida" in the afternoon, and "Tosca" with Farrar at night, will be the operas for New Year's day, while Puccini's three little operas will be sung a third time Friday, and his "Manon Lescaut" at the Saturday matinée.

"Faust" will be sung on New Year's Eve, beginning at 7:45 o'clock, at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn, where last night another holiday audience greeted the Christmas Eve "Aida."

5th Ave. **Stewart & Co.** At 37th St.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Will Close Out Tomorrow

Prior to inventory

Women's & Misses' Winter Apparel

At Extraordinary Price Reductions

Ultra-Smart Coats

Formerly up to 29.50

18.50

Wool Velour or Pom Pom Coats, in several smart models, well tailored. Novel collars and pockets. All lined and heavily interlined.

Fur Trimmed Coats

Formerly up to 49.50

28.00

Luxurious Wool Velour Coats with large shawl collars of Nutria, French Seal or Natural Raccoon. Richly Silk or Satin lined and interlined.

Fur Collared Coats

Formerly up to 79.50

48.00

Bolivia, Crystal Cord, "Worumbo" and Velour de Cashmere Coats, handsome shawl collars of Real Beaver, Taupe Nutria or Real Skunk. Lined throughout with Plain or Fancy Silk and interlined. Only one or two of a kind in many instances.

Afternoon, Street & Dinner Frocks

Formerly up to 39.50

15.00

Serge, Satin, Velveteen, Georgette and effective combinations. Some tailored; others braid trimmed; and still more adorned with beads and embroidery. A variety of unusually smart models.

Formerly up to 59.50

26.00

Silk Chiffon Velvet combined with Georgette, Satin, Wool Velour, Serge, Georgette, Velveteen and a host of other combinations. Many tastefully trimmed with beads, braid, embroidery.

Afternoon Gowns

Formerly up to 98.50

48.00

Silk Chiffon Velvet, Georgette, Crepe Satin, Tricolette and Kitten's Ear Crepe Gowns; also smart combinations. Trimmings of Beads and Embroidery. Only one or two of a kind.

Smartly Tailored Suits

Formerly up to 49.50

28.00

An unusual variety of smart, desirable models. In such fashionable materials as Velour de Cashmere and Silvertone. Coats lined with plain or fancy silk.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mat. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW. Wednesday Matinee Omitted This Week.) "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—*Times.* William Gillette | "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY" —*Herald* | Dear Brutus. "TO HAVE THIS PLAY IN NEW YORK IS INDEED GOOD FORTUNE."—*Eve. Sun.* "AS REFRESHING AS GREEN LEAVES."—*Eve. World.*

GEO. COHAN THEATRE B'way & 43d St. Evs. at 8:30. FIRST MAT. TODAY 2:30. A STUPENDOUS HIT ROBERT HILLIARD in a new comedy, "A Prince There Was" From a story by Darragh Aldrich PUT INTO PLAY FORM BY GEORGE M. COHAN

VANDERBILT West 48th St., E. of B'way Phone Bryant 134. FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW 2:30. ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents EMILY STEVENS in THE GENTILE WIFE

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Thurs., Fri. & Sat., 2:20. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. MATINEE TODAY 2:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written THREE FACES EAST Hundreds Turned Away Every Performance. EXTRA MATINEE NEXT FRIDAY.

LIGHTNIN Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Friday and GAIETY, B'way & 46th. Sat. at 2:30. and ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 WISE FOOLS Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. CRITERION, B'way, 44th St. & Sat.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. "'TLLO 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. MATINEE TOMORROW 25-50c. THE RIVIERA GIRL

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEE TODAY, 2:15. KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF MIRTH AND MELODY THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE FOR THOSE WHO DINE WITHOUT RUSH Ziegfeld 9 O'CLOCK REVUE and NEW MIDNIGHT REVUE 2 Entirely Different Entertainments Xmas & New Year's Reservations Now

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees TODAY & Sat. 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER ALL STAR CAST and THE DAINTIEST DANCTEST CHORUS ON BROADWAY

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20 Mats. TODAY, Thurs., Fri. & Sat., 2:20 HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents DADDIES

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 West 43d St. TONIGHT 8:45. Matinees TODAY & Sat. 2:30. Back to Earth A New Comedy by William Le Baron.

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Matinee TODAY & Sat., 2:30. The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies GLORIANNA with ELEANOR PAINTER Best dancing show on the boards.—World.

GLOBE Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20 JULIA Sanderson | JOSEPH Cawthorn | IN "THE Canary" Sam Hardy and Doyle & Dixon.

DO YOU BELIEVE IN SPIRITS? HARRIS THEATRE West 42d Street. OPENS NEXT MON., DEC. 30 SEAT SALE TOMORROW THE INVISIBLE FOE A Thrilling and Beautiful Love Story. Not a War Play. By Walter Hackett

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34TH STREET, W. OF B'WAY. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 Sole Management MORRIS GEST *Premier New York Performance* COHAN & HARRIS Present CHAUNCEY OLCOTT In GEORGE M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy THE VOICE OF McCONNELL 25c to $1.00 FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY A Few Front Orchestra Seats $1.50. MATINEE NEW YEAR'S

Carnegie Hall, New Year's Day at 3 VIOLIN RECITAL JASCHA HEIFETZ TICKETS NOW AT CARNEGIE HALL Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Dec. 29, at 3 BRASLAU (Contralto Metropolitan Opera Co.) SONG RECITAL. (KNABE PIANO.)

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 28, 2:30. Piano Recital | WINIFRED YOUNG CORNISH (Mason & Hamlin Piano.) Seats at Hall.

ORATORIO SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. MESSIAH Olive Kline, Craig Campbell, Mary Jordan, Arthur Middleton. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. Orchestra of N. Y. Symphony Society. CARNEGIE HALL, DEC. 27th, 8:15. 50c. to $2.50. Box Office, or 1 W. 34 St.

Carnegie Hall, New Year's Eve. (Dec. 31) Russian Symphony SOCIETY OF NEW YORK MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor SOLOIST MISCHA ELMAN Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Dec. 28, at 3 DDY BROWN —VIOLINIST— 50c to $2. Now at Box Office. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Dec. 31, at 3. BAUER PIANO RECITAL Benefit Union Settlement Music School. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., JAN. 4, at 3 PIANO RECITAL by GUIOMAR Novaes Tickets 75c to $2. Benefit Professors' Association Paris Conservatory Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

HIPPODROME—SEATS NOW. NEXT SUNDAY MATINEE | Popular JOINT HOLIDAY CONCERT | Prices Russian Symphony Orchestra PAULIST CHORISTERS | VERA JANACOPULOS, Brazilian Soprano. CARNEGIE HALL, DEC. 26—EVENING. Helen Moller AND HER TEMPLE DANCERS. Tickets $2.00 to 50c. At Box Office.

OPERA TICKETS Seats Today Mat., Caruso; Eve., Hempel, Daughter of Regiment; Thurs., Farrar, MacCormack, Butterfly. Tickets all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged. Consoli, 1438 B'way (40-41 Sts.) Phone Bryant 7877-7878.

METROPOLITAN OPERA Today Mat. at 2 ($1 to $5), Cavalleria Rusticana, Easton, Braslau; Althouse, Chalmers, Pagliacci, Muzio; Caruso, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Tonight at 8:15, Daughter of the Regiment, Hempel, Howard; Diaz, Scotti. Cond., Papi. Thurs. at 8:15, Butterfly, Farrar, Fornia; McCormack, Chalmers, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni. Fri. at 8, Samson et Dalila; Homer; Caruso, Cousinou, Rothier. Cond. Monteux. Sat. at 2, First Time, Oberon, Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Reiss, Althouse, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky. Sat. at 8:15 (75c to $3), La Traviata, Hempel; Crimi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni. Next Mon. at 8:15, Marta, Hempel, Homer; Caruso, Didur, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky. NEW YEAR'S DAY, Wed., Jan. 1, at 2, SPECIAL MATINEE. Prices from $1 to $5. AIDA Muzio, Homer; Crimi, Montesanto, Mardones. Cond., Papi. Seats Now on Sale. Wed. Night, 8:15, Tosca, Farrar; Martinelli, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni. BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. New Year's Eve. at 7:15, Faust, Aida, Delanois; Martinelli, Cousinou, Rothler. Cond., Monteux. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51ST ST. & LEX. AVE. With the musical comedy sensation "ATTA BOY" WITH Capt. Frank Tinney and company of 150 enlisted men. Tickets now on sale, 50c to $2. Exempt from War Tax. Special Mat. Today 2:15. Eves. 8:15.

HIPPODROME.....SUNDAY NIGHT Year's Biggest Bill AL JOLSON, GEO. M. COHAN, WILLIAM COLLIER, DONALD BRIAN, DE WOLF HOPPER, JOHN BARRYMORE, LUCILLE CAVANAUGH, EVA GAUTHIER, BESSIE McCOY, SAM ASHE, CHORUSES OF SIX MUSICAL SUCCESSES ON BROADWAY ON ALL-STAR HOLIDAY BILL —FOR THE— CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS. —SEATS NOW ON SALE—

27TH ST. & LEXINGTON AVE. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. 2:15. Phone Mad. Sq. 2051 Seats 50c to $2 Bramhall Playhouse "DIFFERENCE IN GODS" GREAT SPIRITUAL PLAY.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. ROYAL UYENA JAPS, MURIEL All Seats HUDSON & Dave JONES, WOLF Reserved & STEWART & 6 Other Big Acts 25, 35, 50

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome MAT. TODAY 2:15 Eves. at 8:15.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1 LILLIAN RUSSELL Mason & Keeler Avon Comedy Four Mosconi Bros., Others & George MacFarlane

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. Third Anniversary Week ALL STAR BILL, incl. Blanche Ring, Trixie Friganzi, Frisco, Henry Lewis, Kalmar & Brown.

OPERA TICKETS Seats for Caruso Today Jacobs Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way & 38th St. Telephones Greeley 4189, 4190, 6442.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 | Popular Prices. HELLO AMERICA, with Lewis & Dody. ICE SKATING TODAY ICELAND, BROADWAY & 53D ST.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEES TODAY & TOMORROW. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in 38th Week in New York. SINBAD Extra Matinee New Year's.

CENTURY GROVE Roof of Century Thea. at 11:30. Ph. Col. 8800.

NEW CENTURY | A SENSATION! MIDNIGHT WHIRL

CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bryant 17. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. Arthur Hammerstein's Newest Musical Play. Somebody's Sweetheart GETS THEM ALL

PLAYHOUSE WEST 48TH STREET HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW.

SELWYN THEATRE West 42d St. Tel. Bryant 47. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. This Week: Today, Fri. & Sat. Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour BEST COMEDY DRAMA SINCE "WITHIN THE LAW" Selwyn Concert De Luxe Sun., 9 P. M. Ornstein-Barstow-Torpadie

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S West 39th St. Tel. 1476 Bryant. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. This Week: Today, Fri. & Sat. Tea for 3 A TONIC FOR THEATRE-GOERS.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS Gilbert & Sullivan's Gayest Comic Operas. MAT. TODAY & Fri. Night, PINAFORE TONIGHT, Thurs. & Sat. Nights & Sat. Mat. MIKADO

PRINCESS Matinees Today and Saturday. Evenings at 8:25. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. "OH, MY DEAR" A Sparkling Medley of Fun and Music.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15 Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. This Week: Les Romanesques and Week: La Jalousie Du Barbouille. Seats on sale, 50c. to $2. Saturday Night Popular Prices.

John Barrymore in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION PLYMOUTH W. 45th. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 40. No Mat. Today. EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW.

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEA. SATURDAY MORNING 10:30 WALTER HAMPDEN "Greatest Living Hamlet."—Clayton Hamilton. "—all but flawless."—Times. HAMLET PRICES 50c, $1.00, $1.50

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8439. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. BETROTHAL By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird" SPECIAL POPULAR PRICE MAT. FRI.

COMEDY Thea., 41 St., nr. B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. NORMAN TREVOR | CYRIL HARCOURT | PEGGY HOPKINS IN A PLACE IN THE SUN By Cyril Harcourt

The Holiday Show of New York LITTLE SIMPLICITY at the 44TH STREET THEATRE Evenings 8:15. MATS. TODAY, FRI. & SAT. Mats. Next Week: Tues., New Year's, Fri. & Sat.

BELMONT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today, Fri. & Sat., 2:30. MATS. TODAY, FRI. & SAT. WHITESIDE "Intensely Dramatic."—World. In LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE THE POWER. Mats. Next Week: Tues., New Year's, Fri. & Sat.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. HOLIDAY MAT. TODAY. Highest Price Orchestra Seats $1. Evenings. MR. & MRS. SIDNEY DREW in "KEEP HER SMILING"

ASTOR 45th & B'way TONIGHT 8:15 Sharp. No one seated during the Prologue. EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER. MATINEES SATURDAY & NEW YEAR'S

Little Thea. West 44th Beg'g Tom'w Eve. 8:30 Sharp. Rachel Crothers' New Play, A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley Matinees This Week: Friday and Saturday. Next Week: Tues., New Years, Fri. & Sat.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. 2:30. 3 Mats. This Week: Thurs., Fri. & Sat. MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. UNDER ORDERS

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

FULTON West 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today, Fri. & Sat., 2:30. KALICH in "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Saturday, 2:20.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Saturday, 2:20. MERRY X-MAS! TO ALL! Phone for Mat. Today Bryant 230. Florence Nash In the Sparkling French Comedy, "Remnant" with ORRIN JOHNSON & Big Cast.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:15. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. SOME TIME with ED. WYNN. MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents "COMPLETE SUCCESS."—World. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:45. No Matinee Today. EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY BE CALM, CAMILLA Clare Kummer's New Comedy with Lola Fisher and Walter Hampden "PURE GOLD."—Corbin, The Times.

BROADHURST 44, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat. EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST Moves to the NORA BAYES THEATRE, Across the Way, Next Monday.

Broadhurst Theatre MONDAY, DEC. 30 Seats Now. New Musical Comedy Presented by LEE & J. J. SHUBERT THE MELTING OF MOLLY with Chas. Purcell.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat. 2:30. HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. Not a War Play. THE The Season's Hit. UNKNOWN PURPLE With RICHARD BENNETT.

NORA BAYES THEATRE 44th St., W. of B'way. Beginning MONDAY, DEC. 30. Seats now. NORA BAYES In Her Joyous Play, LADIES FIRST.

39TH ST. Thea., Bro'y Next Mon. Seats Now GEORGE BROADHURST Presents THE LAUGH TO KEEP IT YOURSELF PLAY

Loew's 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tom'w, 25c & 50c. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM in "LORD AND LADY ALGY" MAXINE ELLIOTT

MOTION PICTURES. MOTION PICTURES.

39TH ST. THEATRE DAILY AT 1-3-5-7-9 P. M. THIS WEEK ONLY THE SCARLET TRAIL IT'S A HUMAN LOVE STORY PULSATING WITH EPISODES OF VITAL INTEREST

The Critics Compared it With "DAMAGED GOODS"

N. Y. TIMES "The subject should be driven home with hammer blows of reality."
N. Y. TRIBUNE "The subject was brought before the public when 'Damaged Goods' was put on the screen."
EV'G TELEGRAM "It is a warning fashioned somewhat after 'Damaged Goods' in that it advances the dangers of contamination and is propaganda for the leading of pure lives."
ZIT'S IN THE JOURNAL "They say children never listen to advice! 'The Scarlet Trail' shows to the brain through the eye that which the tongue is ashamed to tell!"
N. Y. AMERICAN "A very frank statement of fact with regard to the evils that follow unclean living. It is bound to accomplish good."
N. Y. HERALD "Discloses suffering incurred by youthful indiscretion, and aims at purity among young men and women for the welfare of the coming race."

POPULAR PRICES 25c & 50c EV'GS AND XMAS AND SAT. MATS. | OTHER MATS., 25c

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 60, Lgs. $1 NAZIMOVA In "Eye for Eye" RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60. Marguerite Clarke "Little Miss Hoover." RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. D. W. GRIFFITH'S "The Greatest Thing in Life." Soloists. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

81 St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980 JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY'S "Little Orphant Annie." Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

BROADWAY THEA., B'way at 41st St. Cont. 10 A. M. to Midnight. THE HEART OF HUMANITY A GREAT BIG BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THE WAR

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. "The Eyes of the World" Harold Bell Wright's Two-Million Work. See the Play.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30 Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. CONSTANCE TALMADGE, "A Lady's Name."

Tea Rooms.

THE PIROUETTE 22 East 45th Street. Luncheon 40c; Dinner 65c
MARY LOUISE Lunch 35c; Chicken Lunch 50c 175 Madison Avenue
THE ADELAIDE 7 West 56th Street. Luncheon 50c; Dinner 75c.

Delicious HOME COOKING DOWNTOWN
THE BROWN BETTY, 72 Wall Street 147 Fulton St.
CHICKEN Served Every WEDNESDAY

OLD CHELSEA 51 WEST 16TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY. Well-Balanced Food, Deliciously Cooked. Lunch 40-50c; Dinner 85c; Sunday Dinner 1 P. M.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET. 8 to 8. Except Sundays. *The Oldest Tea Room in New York.* "Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. SPECIAL Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE PICCADILLY, 170 West 72d Street, near Broadway. Special Chicken and Waffle Dinner every Monday & Thursday. Delicious home cooking.

ROSE GARDEN 36 WEST 59TH STREET, near the Plaza. CHRISTMAS DINNER, $3.00 12:30 to 2:30 and 6 to 8

THE SAMOVAR 6 EAST 36TH. Roast Turkey Dinner, $1.00 DECEMBER 26TH.

THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 10th street. An artists' rendezvous LUNCH, 50c. (Closed Sundays.) DINNER, 65c.

Tea Rooms.

THE OPEN DOOR 200 Madison Ave., at 35th Street. Luncheon THE VERY BEST Tea OF Dinner HOME COOKING, New England and Dixie Join hands.

THE MARY FANT 26 West 43d Street. Just off 5th Ave. LUNCHEON, 70c; AFTERNOON TEA; DINNER, $1 SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT DINNER, $1.25

CLOVER TEA SHOP 640 Madison Ave., Corner 59th St. Established 1912. Closed Sundays. Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch, 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25 Under Same Management as

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 25, 1918.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]

Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island...s.83 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Av.
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....1006 Fullerton Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY...One week, 55c.	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
DAILY only.....One week, 30c.	9.00	4.50	.85
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30
SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25. THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25. TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2. TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25. THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c. THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8. Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

THE REBIRTH OF HOPE.

For the first time in five years, Christmas is Christmas. It seems a century ago, in everything but time it is a century, that Christmas of 1913. A civilization which had reached what may have seemed to many the utmost point of prosperity and happiness was dancing and making merry. The commentator could confidently say that "the prospects of peace are "incomparably better than a twelve-"month ago. Then a little war lay "behind and a big war lay beyond," but now the war clouds had blown away.

The world of 1913 has vanished, it may be for years and it may be forever. The war clouds blew up again with paralyzing suddenness. Christmas in 1914, 1915, 1916, and 1917 was no festival; it was a day of humiliation, fasting, and prayer. For the world leagued against Germany the last of these Christmases was perhaps the gloomiest of all. A year ago no man could have dared to predict peace with victory by Christmas of 1918; the most that any one could hope was that it would see the enemy no nearer victory while our forces slowly gathered for the final blow.

Yet peace has come, with a victory more complete than any one would have thought possible even last Summer. It has come suddenly, before we were wholly prepared for it; but it is victory and peace. The world is celebrating today with a revival of joy and hope. The millennium is not yet with us, not just ahead. But the civilization which five years ago might have seemed a thing of froth and frivolity has stood the test, has shown itself equal to meeting and overthrowing the powers of darkness. We have lost much, but we have gained more. The world has learned that there are things more important than safety or comfort; the peoples have learned to act together for the good of all; men have learned that there is a difference between right and wrong, and that the difference is worth fighting for.

If we yield today to the impulse of rejoicing, it is not in the delusion that the troubles of mankind are over; it is because we have seen such grievous troubles done away with, and by our own efforts, that we know we have that in us which can enable us to surmount those that are to come. Hope has been born again, and with a surer tenure of life than before; the struggle against Germany has unloosed powers and aspirations that might not have struggled to life in a hundred years of peace, and with the spiritual things won in that struggle we shall be able to meet the future with a more confident heart.

STOLEN MACHINERY.

The Archbishop of Cologne sent back to France last week twenty cases full of religious ornaments which German soldiers had taken from churches in the diocese of Rheims. But we do not hear that machinery stolen from Belgium and French textile factories has been restored. Germany has much of this machinery. The quantity was increasing until a few weeks before the armistice. General LUDENDORFF on Aug. 22 issued an order which gave instructions about "the carrying away of Jacquard loom cards from weaving mills." What the German manufacturers acquired in this way was not to be used during the war. It was not needed. More than half of Germany's textile mills have been idle for two or three years, owing to lack of raw material. The thieves' purpose was to provide for an enlarged output of German textiles after a peace settlement, when the goods could be sold abroad.

For some time to come it will be difficult for them to get cotton and wool enough for their original supply of textile machinery, and that which was stolen must be idle. It should go back now to its owners. This is required by the armistice terms, which demand "reparation for damage done." Germany cannot expect that the Peace Conference will give her raw material for the looms stolen from the wrecked and looted factories of Belgium and France.

THE ODIOUS FEDERAL TAX BILL.

The biggest war tax ever levied, and one of the most contentious in our country's history, has been passed by the Senate by a standing vote, unanimously, as some accounts have it. Probably it was due more to weariness than anything else that nobody demanded a roll call, so that the country might know who supported and who opposed what the country had already passed its opinion upon as unitedly in condemnation as the Senate in approval. However it happened, there is no reflection in the record that the Senate knew or cared that the bill which it approved so perfunctorily, after a debate for the most part before a half dozen or so, had been condemned in principle and in detail by the voters at the polls, and in discussions by business men's organizations. The only relieving feature was that the La Follette proposal to make bad worse was defeated. He offered an amendment several hundred pages long, which received no respectful attention, which commanded six supporters, and which will trouble the digestion even of the omnivorous Record. He wanted to increase the burden on corporations. He might as well have called his proposals an epitaph on enterprise, or a remedy against profit and prosperity. He would not leave a dollar of war profit to anybody, as though capital would work for nothing except the privilege of paying wages. That the end of profit would be the end of employment, even in war times, is incredible to such a patriot as he.

And yet there have been patriots among our capitalists, even among profiteers, as well as among politicians and unionists. It is true that wages called "fantastic" have carried some wage-earners into the income tax paying class. But as a class labor has not been met with such demands as have been made upon capital, and they have not met the tax collectors with any better grace for their comparative immunity. Take, for example, a profiteer whose profits were so heinous that the County Prosecutor called the attention of Washington to them, and demanded an investigation. In the pre-war years this corporation did not earn 1 per cent. on its common shares. Even the preferred shares did not earn their rate two years out of three. But its war profits were 80 per cent. on its common shares. The company was not indicted, nor even investigated, because the Government was in charge of its affairs, and knew at first hand that the profits were earned for services rendered, and that the services were greater to the Government than the profits to the company. Besides the services, the Government got four millions taxes and millions in Liberty subscriptions. Labor got its wages, and charity a sum on a like scale. And the corporation's annual report is one of the most cheerful written.

That is the spirit of patriotism which the tax method of Congress has turned into disgust with its spirit, methods, and action. That is the profiteering which KITCHIN, CAPPER, LA FOLLETTE, and others too numerous to mention have sought to punish and prevent, forgetting that there is no surer way to punish the poor than to pluck the rich, in the name of the same sort of benevolence that the world has seen exemplified in Russia by the proletariat, and in Germany by the Junkers. Is it extreme to suggest that our electorate should see that its rebuke to those of like ideas should be heeded before we make further progress in a like direction?

There are improvements in the Senate bill in detail, but the defects are in principle, and they remain. The taxes laid on the wealthy are one blemish, not for their amount, but for their discrimination in incidence, both as against classes and against geographical sections, and for being levied in a manner to check production and prosperity. More will be heard of this, for the loyalty with which taxes on the same principle were paid during wartime has given place to criticism based on experience. The postal zone imposition is alleviated, not removed, just as the zone system is introduced into the telephone charge system. The fact that the various forms of the bill vary by a billion and more from one another is not matter for hypercriticism, for the facts have altered equally widely. But the Treasury's counsel has been flouted as boldly as the electorate's rebuke in some respects and followed blindly in others. Mr. MCADOO declined responsibility for the Treasury unless Congress hastened, but the taxable year will have ended before the bill can become law, and there is doubt that the enactment can be accomplished before the date when the Treasury said that it would be impossible to administer it.

Despite this extremely leisurely progress, the taxes for the succeeding year are prematurely levied, in ignorance of their proper amount. It is idle to discuss the details of the bill, for it is not in its final form, and experience has shown that great changes are to be expected in the conference. Mr. KITCHIN has given notice that the Senate's changes are not to his liking, and that the House will insist upon its proposals. The country will not know its tax fate until after the time has passed for the filing of tax returns to begin, but no doubt the tax dates will be changed. When the President returns he will find his desk filled with work and a people at odds with its lawmakers.

THE LEAGUE TO ENFORCE PROHIBITION.

The Prohibitionists have fought their counterpart to the Austro-Prussian war of 1866; they have made America their own, and now, like WILLIAM II. with a united and subservient Germany, they are going to fling themselves against the world.

There may be some restiveness in the territories already conquered, so Dry leaders in Congress are getting ready to put through a series of Force Bills which "will make it possible to enforce the war prohibition "law, and after that prohibition "under the dry amendment to the "Constitution." No backward and Bourbon-ridden community is to be allowed to exercise self-determination or nullification; the question of demobilization may perhaps be solved by keeping the troops under arms to overawe the friends of John Barleycorn. The triumphant leaders of aridity are said to be "stirred up" by reports that the brewers flying before the storm hope to settle in China and Latin America; deputies of the International Prohibition Confederation will be hard upon their heels, urging the Governments of these countries, in the felicitous language once used by Mr. WILLIAM H. ANDERSON of his own achievements, to "hang a red lantern "on the rum serpent and tie a tin "can to the liquor snake." They think the Constitutional Amendment will be ratified in a few months, after which little money will have to be spent here; "already," say dispatches, "it is assured that the inter-"national movement will have a war "chest of millions coming from the "willing contributions of Drys from "all over the United States." And no doubt from the unwilling contributions of Wets. So worthy a cause as this ought to be financed by Federal taxation; thus the money which formerly passed over the bars would help bring the blessings of unfermented grape juice to the heathen abroad, who still wander wrapped in gloomy night.

The World, unable as yet to open its eyes to the somewhat dazzling radiance of the new day, says mournfully that "it is not necessary to make prohibition a penance"—this in the course of a plea for an amendment providing that the use of brandy in a mince pie, or madeira in a fish sauce, shall be included in the exception for sacramental purposes. This is a lamentable display of counter-revolutionary sentiment; the whole point of prohibition is that it must be a penance, a penance on those who have committed the crime of holding views not approved by their neighbors. Surely it is only crafty Realpolitik that leads the world-wide Drys to direct their next attacks on the comparatively weak nations of the Far East and Latin America; so long as the populace of France and Italy remain addicted to dancing and light wines, no true Prohibitionist can sleep well. Civilization, we have hastily said, was saved on the Marne and the Aisne; your Prohibitionist thinks that it will be saved there some time in the future, and looks forward to the triumphant entry into Rheims and Epernay of an army of Carrie Nations. Who talks of peace in this momentous hour? The battles of prohibition are only beginning.

A WORK WELL DONE.

Already the contributions for this year's list of the Hundred Neediest Cases have considerably exceeded the total raised last year, and since past experience shows that gifts will continue to come in for some time, it is likely that the present fund will be the greatest by a large margin that has ever been raised for this work. That New Yorkers have responded so readily and so satisfactorily to this appeal is particularly creditable, in view of the strain to which most purses have been subject this year. Loan campaign upon loan campaign, appeals for one worthy, indeed almost mandatory, fund after another, have seriously reduced the available resources of the average citizen; the demands for good works and necessary works have been so numerous that it might have been expected that the needs of the Hundred Cases would be met only after prolonged urging. But, as a matter of fact, there has been no canvassing, no intensive cultivation of possible givers, no stirring up of emulation between competing teams of workers such as is usual in raising funds even for the most appealing cause. This very considerable sum, raised at a time when the resources of charity were most depleted, came from people who had not been approached by anything but the plain and unadorned stories of the plight of the individuals and families suffering from temporary misfortune—stories that they had read in THE TIMES, and which made to them a direct and immediate appeal.

It is well known that every cent raised in this campaign goes directly for the relief of suffering; that there is no deduction of any sort for administrative expenses. What is not so often realized is that this very provision implies a considerable contribution to the campaign on the part of the four charitable organizations from whose lists the cases were drawn. Relief cannot, except in very unusual cases, be intelligently and successfully given without the incurring of a certain amount of administrative expense, and relief on a large scale involves the overhead charges of office maintenance and salaries of trained workers who have to live. The expenses, direct and indirect, of seeing that the money contributed by TIMES readers relieves the need of the cases on the list come out of the incomes of the charitable organizations; and it is fairly obvious that but for the existence and the efficient functioning of these organizations the work could never be done at all. Money spent for administrative expenses means that money actually applied to relief goes further than it would otherwise—further by a sufficient margin to more than justify the expenses. By co-operation between the charitable societies and the charitable public, some hundreds who would otherwise have had a miserable and hopeless Christmas will see today the dawn of a brighter future.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Russian Pictures Bolshevism.

There is nothing vague or incomprehensible about Bolshevism as it is explained in The New Europe by an evidently well-informed Russian. According to M. ROSTOVTZEV, a group of agitators, almost microscopically small in the beginning, as compared with the whole population of that great country, raised themselves to power by the promulgation of a watchword of wonderful simplicity. It was as brief as simple—"Steal what has been stolen"—and to be perfect for its purposes it needed only the addition that was promptly made—"Kill those who resist."

The first phrase is the theory of Bolshevism and the second is its method. That has been the case in Russia, and it inevitably will be the case wherever Bolshevism comes into action.

Those who are to do the stealing, or perhaps in their more cautious moments they would say the taking, are themselves to decide what has been stolen, and they are not folk to draw any fine lines or to make any prolonged investigation. Mere possession of property is enough in their eyes to prove the preliminary theft and to justify the seizure of anything they want.

The result in Russia, as M. ROSTOVTZEV says, has been what might be expected. "Civil liberty," he writes, "has been trampled on; there is no trace of personal freedom; unrestrained tyranny and bureaucracy reign supreme. Russia produces nothing and lives with difficulty on what was accumulated formerly, on the remains of its material and spiritual capital. The result is famine, cold, and cruel death, hovering over every man and waiting him at every cross-road."

Warnings Against Meddling.

A state of affairs such as M. ROSTOVTZEV describes is not exactly or openly commended by the sympathizers with Bolshevism in other countries, but all of them in all their varieties are urgent and frequent in their exhortations that with the Russian Bolsheviki there shall be no interference from the outside. Against that their protest is unanimous; it would be that deplorable thing, intervention in the internal government of another nation, and the very thought of it fills them with grief rapidly turning to indignation—except, of course, when the intervention is directed against the established Government of their own country, or rather of the country in which they happen to be living. Then, in their opinion, it is all right. But non-intervention is not enough; there must also be recognition of the Bolsheviki as the rulers of Russia, and diplomatic and other dealings with them because they are its rulers.

The logical fallacy here is as obvious as it is in "steal what has been stolen," but neither Bolsheviki nor their foreign admirers mind a little thing like a logical fallacy, and a syllogism is none the worse to them for having a false premise. The conclusion, no matter how reached, is all that counts.

Generosity Returned with Peace.

After all the talk that has been heard about hard times, high prices and the difficulty of making both ends come anywhere near together, the holiday season has come and it has been marked with what at least looked like a freedom of expenditure more lavish than has been known in any other year since the war began. This is hardly to be explained by the existence of a considerable number of people whom the war has not impoverished, but enriched—by those who can justly be called "profiteers" and those who from the nature of their business necessarily engaged in large operations and honestly made gains in the aggregate large.

Both of these classes put together would not account for the crowds in all the stores—crowds that were there to buy as well as to look. It would not be true to say that everybody "has money." It is true, however, to say that newly acquired habits of thrift have increased the resources of many people who formerly had little or nothing ahead, and most of these, apparently, and almost everybody else, have felt justified in celebrating the end of the war and the return of peace by buying more Christmas presents than was their wont in other days.

His Plan Seems Unpromising.

Arctic exploration by means of airplane is probably, and even presumably, practicable, as several people who ought to know say so, but the use of submarines for that purpose, as Mr. STEFANSSON proposes, has not either the same probability or the same presumption. He has been off in the northern wilds ever since the undersea boat came into what might be called extensive use, and perhaps his boyhood reading of JULES VERNE is the basis of expectation of what could be done with craft of this sort.

He should also remember, however, that about the most desperate adventure recorded in the history of Captain Nemo and his passengers occurred when he took his wonderful submarine under an ice-floe and stayed there too long. He managed to get out at last, but they were all gasping for breath some hours before escape was effected.

The best and latest submarines cannot remain under water indefinitely, or even many hours, and it has not yet been deemed judicious to put windows in them after the fashion set by Captain Nemo. How, then, could they explore?

After all, the right name for them is "submersible," not "submarine," for they go below the surface only to escape from an enemy on it, and they are far, as yet, from being really at home in the depths.

COSTS AT HOG ISLAND.

Time Was All-Important, Says Head of Corporation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial in today's issue referring to Hog Island Shipyard says of this corporation that it was to get a certain percentage of the cost of building the yard and completing the ships, &c. The fact is, the contract provided for no compensation whatever for building the yard. The sole compensation payable under the contract for the work done was a fixed fee per ship.

The editorial says:

> A complicating post-contract arrangement was the understanding, unwritten according to the (Department of Justice) report, that Stone & Webster and the New York Shipbuilding Corporation were to be jointly interested in the benefits and burdens.

The fact is, the association with the American International Corporation of Messrs Stone & Webster and the New York Shipbuilding Corporation was the basis on which the contract was entered into. In the negotiations with Admiral Capps, who negotiated the contract on behalf of the Government, and other members of the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, this association was recognized as one of the reasons why the contract was given to the American International Corporation.

The editorial quotes the following passage from the investigators' report referring to the apparent excess in cost of the yard over the original estimate of the cost:

> A discrepancy of such magnitude would seem to call for a clear explanation from the agent, but this has not been furnished.

The editorial then continues:

> Why was the agent not compelled to furnish it? Were the assistants of the Attorney General and the civil engineer and the naval constructor who were called in conducting a painstaking and thorough investigation, or did they flounder in a bog of administrative mismanagement worse than the Hog Island swamps? The agent lent no helping hand.

The fact is, that through seven months the American International Corporation and its associates gave the investigators the fullest possible co-operation in their task and the Attorney General's Department has so expressed itself. They threw open all their records; their officials testified at great length and in great numbers; nothing was withheld or concealed from those conducting the inquiry.

The increase in the scope of the undertaking over what was originally contemplated, all made at the direction of the authorized representatives of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, accounts for a large part of the increase in cost over and above the so-called estimate. Labor and materials doubled in cost from the date upon which the original estimate was made. Additional buildings and equipment were added at the direction of the Fleet Corporation, accounting for many millions more.

The editorial quotes from the report of the investigators as follows:

> The agent has taken the position that since this was not a commercial job but a war job, in which speed was of the essence, therefore, in the absence of positive misconduct or criminality, the question of cost was of minor importance.

It comments:

> That is to say, an addition of $28,000,000 to the bill was of minor importance.

The fact is, the contract stated that "time is of the essence of this contract." If this did not mean that time was of more importance than anything else, it meant nothing. If time was of more importance than anything else, then the question of cost was secondary to the question of time. That the agent disregarded cost is absolutely untrue; it could not have done so, seeing that all its acts and all its expenditures were at all times under the direct control of the Emergency Fleet Corporation officials, whose representatives were actually in charge of the yard. Not one cent was expended without the approval of the proper officials of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

CHARLES A. STONE,
President the American International Corporation.
New York, Dec. 23, 1918.

President STONE's assertion that the American International Corporation and its associates gave the investigators "the fullest possible co-operation in their task" seems to conflict with the statement of the report of the Department of Justice that a "clear explanation from the agent" of the great discrepancy in cost "has not been furnished"; that is to say, the investigators did not find "the fullest possible co-operation" by the agent convincing. Some light is thrown upon the attitude of the investigators toward the help given them in their task by this statement in their report: "Considerable effort has been made by the agent in "the hearings to stultify its own estimates by claiming that they were "mere guesses that nobody could rely "upon. But the Fleet Corporation "did rely upon them, and there is "no contemporaneous evidence justifying the agent's present position." Again the report, pointing out that the contract provided "in express terms "that the agent should keep a detailed plant cost account," says that "the agent at an early date took the "position that since the Government "paid for everything that went into "Hog Island it was unnecessary to "comply with this provision." The report goes on to say: "Thus it was "never possible for the agent, and the "agent never attempted, to supervise either its own work, or the "work of its subcontractors, from "the point of view of what the work "was costing." President STONE nevertheless asserts: "That the "agent disregarded cost is absolutely "untrue."

It is evident that President STONE takes issue with the conclusions of the report made by the investigators of the Department of Justice. On the other hand, it is just as evident that they would not indorse the implication that the Emergency Fleet Corporation was solely responsible for the excess of cost over estimates running into many millions of dollars.—Editor TIMES.

ANATOLIA AND THE TURKS.

Asiatic Province Does Not Want to Receive the Outcasts from Europe.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The questions to be discussed at the coming Peace Conference must eventually be decided by the peoples there represented. The great democratic nations are as unwilling to be dominated by oligarchies as by autocrats, and they demand clear statements of the history and claims of the liberated nations they are expected to protect, before they will act. So far as Europe is concerned, the once oppressed peoples have kept themselves well before the public by their own heroic efforts, and the press has aided them nobly by unfolding the story of their wrongs. Full accounts of the advance of the British forces in Southern Turkey have done the same for the Syrians and Mesopotamians; and here, too, the sudden rise of the new Kingdom of Arabia in the Hejaz has emphasized the old saw, "Providence helps those who help themselves." But there is a very widespread misapprehension of the condition of things in Asia Minor. One hears on all sides: "Let the Turk go back to Asia; there is plenty of room for him in Anatolia," and the Anatolians, reduced by the tyranny of a thousand years almost to the hopelessness of the prisoners returned from Germany, have seen their available men conscripted into the Turkish Army, trained and officered by Germans, and slain in support of the cause of their detested tyrants.

The Anatolians are not Turks. That it pleased the Sultans to class all their subjects as Turks, Christians, and Jews, putting in the first class all who did not belong to the other two, was no fault of theirs. Now they are called Osmanli. "What is Osmanli?" said one of them bitterly to Sir William Ramsey, the eminent authority on the races of Asia Minor; "My father was an Albanian, my mother a Circassian, and I am an Osmanli!" There is no more room for the Turk—the real Turk—in Anatolia than for the Hohenzollern and Junkerdom in Germany; not so much, for these were the blood-brothers of their subjects.

The Anatolians are lineal descendants of the earliest known civilized peoples in Asia Minor, whose heroes every schoolboy knows by name though he generally confounds them with mythic worthies. Their stock is European like our own. Since the first infusion of Turkish blood in the sixth century, which did not go far, they have kept themselves remarkably free from contamination by fleeing, like the Serbians, to their mountain fastnesses during the great invasions; and, under Roman rule, they were all Christians until the proselyting followers of Mohammed forced them to a nominal conformity with Islam. They are a reserved, law-abiding people, hard-working to drudgery, but occasionally giving evidence of originality and power. The beautiful and voluminous Turkish literature, only Turkish because expressed in the language of the Turk, comes from them and from the Turkish-speaking Greeks in the coast cities and on the slopes of the Anatolian plateau. Theirs is the blood of Anacreon and Herodotus, of Arrian and Dio Cassius, and a host of rhetoricians and historians that thronged the court of the empire before it was conquered by the Turk. Their provinces were the first to be visited by the Apostles, and many are the great names they gave to the early Christian church. Needless to say that Byzantine art, which preserved the traditions of Greece and Rome from the vandals, and flowed back to Europe from the East, owed nothing to the lazy, luxurious, inefficient Turk. The artists he employed came from Asia Minor.

The domination of the Turk is that of a few ten-thousands of Tartar interlopers over ten million Aryans of noble ancestry, though their long slavery has obscured their traditions. True, they are "all Mohammedans together," but Mohammedans with a difference; and there is much that is very noble in Islam. Their religion will take care of itself, once the free spirit of investigation is allowed. The Turk has used it as a tool to rivet his chains upon the honest Islamite. It would be criminal to allow him longer to control the internal conditions of his late empire. Let the great free powers teach him the meaning of righteousness and justice, obedience and self-control, and teach the wondering Anatolian that he, too, at last is free.

M. E. J. CZARNOMSKA.
New York, Dec. 20, 1918.

A POTASH DISCOVERY.

Another Case in Which German Ideas Were Overvalued.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The German potash propaganda, so successful among American farmers in the ten years before the great war, overleaped itself as did other German propaganda. It is pretty certain that many farmers in the Eastern States, especially those growing potatoes on loam soils, were persuaded to buy much more potash in their fertilizers than was warranted from the standpoints of potash shortage in the soil or immediate profits in increased crop yields.

Soils being no respecters of persons or sources of potash, absorbed and held back from immediate crop utilization or leaching in the drainage water a large fraction of the superfluous potash. Hence soils rarely showed by loss of vigor and in decreased yields a potash hunger until this year, when, after three seasons of reduced potash rations, many of our fields showed clearly that potash had become a chief crop limiter.

In a lecture by Mr. Evans of Long Island, at our Friday afternoon and evening popular free lectures in agriculture, a report was made of a fertilizer test on sandy soil in Nassau County. In 1917 a fair yield of potatoes on normal vines had been gathered. But in 1918 a yield of fifty bushels of low quality and small size potatoes per acre on diseased vines were dug where no potash salts were applied. A yield of 150 bushels per acre of marketable grade from healthy vines were dug where a small amount of potash fertilizer had been applied at planting time. The fields were side by side on uniform sandy soil.

If unwittingly the Eastern farmers of sandy soils had not yielded to the German potash "penetration" scheme, it seems to me we should have felt potash shortage keenly, and so feeling would have given large measure of "comfort to the enemy." If, on the other hand, German trade grabbers had been satisfied with a plain measure of business they would have had the satisfaction of realizing that in 1914-18 they did have a monopoly of potash. Now this monopoly is doubly broken by armistice and by our discovery of ourselves.

O. S. MORGAN,
Professor of Agriculture.
Columbia University, Dec. 16, 1918.

America's War Motive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I cannot accept without protest Mrs. Atherton's statement in today's TIMES that the sole motive of the United States in entering the war was to save its own skin. Certainly none of our soldier sons whom I have had the privilege of knowing thought of anything other than the devastation and ruin which were being accomplished overseas and the violation of the ideals of democracy. The reason the people of the United States took such a long time to be educated to the point of being willing to go in and help win the war was our deeply entrenched instinct of "hands off" in European affairs—a sentiment which European nations have fostered to the best of their ability in the past. On this side of the Atlantic we certainly never had any idea Germany would molest us, although most of us knew pretty well that in the event Germany won the war her arrogance would come very close to being unbearable.

MARIE A. DAVIDSON.
Elizabeth, N. J., Dec. 21, 1918.

The German Fleet to Belgium.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to express my appreciation and thorough indorsement of your editorial of this morning, condemning the sinking of the surrendered German fleet. It would be absolutely scandalous to throw away material of so much value. A suggestion which, it seems to me, would be better than any other that I have seen, is that this entire fleet should be handed over to Belgium. All of the mechanical parts that can be used by Belgium should be so employed and the vast quantity of steel and other material should be broken up and employed in the Belgian industries. This would save Belgium a very large amount of money which would be required to procure an equal amount of steel, engines, &c. It would also fulfill an eminently "poetical justice" by making Germany restore as far as this material does the industries of Belgium which she has so ruthlessly destroyed.

JUSTICE.
Philadelphia, Dec. 21, 1918.

Nov. 11 a World Holiday.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Nov. 11 should be declared a world holiday. Our American Thanksgiving could readily be moved back to this date, for by that time we know what the crops are, and our thankfulness for bumpers will hereafter be overshadowed by the supreme thankfulness for the salvation of the world, which was assured Nov. 11.

It is a good time for another holiday, coming between Labor Day and Christmas.

May 30 will hereafter be a memorial day with a broader meaning, for then our marines, "the first to fight," stopped the drive on Paris, which was the beginning of the end. Can't we have a concerted agreement to substitute for the American day a world Thanksgiving on Nov. 11? On that day it would be singularly fitting that every one should feast on turkey.

MELVIL DEWEY.
Lake Placid Club, Dec. 18, 1918.

CHRISTMAS DAY, 1918.

By ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

The Day men dreamed, yet barely dared to hope for, dawns at last!

This Day, so still, white-gleaming with an inner glow, is sprung
Mysteriously from the loins of ruthless warring War
And scarcely we believe it real. . . . The sad world echoes yet
The thunder of vast armies, belching flame and choking Death. . . .
Our eyes seem yet to stare on sodden trench and reeling tank—
On Zeppelin o'erhead, foul bird of prey—on dying men
And women beggared, widowed, robbed of every living joy,
Crazed by a madman's dream, . . . an incantation witch-like, foul,
Black dream of what a War should be, . . . an ideal realized!

. . . You say: Forget! Forget! That this is Christmas, Day of Peace!
But I say: Nay, remember what such dear-bought Peace has cost
In blood and happiness and women's honor, lovers' joys,
In health and faith and laughter, in the lives of dauntless boys
All flung like rubbish on that Devil's fire of lust and hate,
Of mad ambition, avarice, foul egotism, lit
By brutes who deemed themselves as gods in God's own Universe. . . .

What gain, you ask, in victory upon this Christmas Day
If we must still remember crawling horrors, . . . blinding tears?

This have we gained: That all the Centuries forever gone
May still hand down their faithful page of human history,
Uncensored by that crazy autocrat, a Prussian King!—
May still hand down the lovely lore of Christian love and faith,
Untainted by that wanton thing, that final infamy,
That maddened, poisoned, griping hate, the Christ-child's enemy!

Within our churches over all the Earth this Day shall be
A day of praise and prayer and song, of magic harmony,
Of thund'rous organ music, strong, all-healing, like some wind
That sweeps away foul pestilence, gray terrors, infamies—
That cleanses souls, dries women's tears, and to our children brings
The wild, sweet mirth of other years, before the World went mad. . . .
In hospitals and homes and camps, and dreary prison cells,
With laughter, brotherhood, and love let Christmas Peace prevail!
. . . And yet, through all the songs of praise, there throbs the minor strain—
Remember still the price we paid, and more! Remember them,
Dismembered Belgium, . . . haunted France, . . . Great Britain's murdered sons!

And if some hearken not today to all our hymns of praise,
If some mourn on, uncomforted, recalling other years
When little sons made mighty noise with whistles, horns, and drums,
And happy fathers helped to cram small stockings full of joy,
When youth and laughter rocked the house, . . . dear God, so empty now! . . .
Then ye who sing, and ye who laugh, remember those, I pray,
Whom War has left forlorn, bereft, alone . . . on Christmas Day!

LIKENED PERSHING TO CHARLES MARTEL

Bliss, in Presenting Medal, Compared Victory to That of Old on Plains of Tours.

SPOKE FOR THE PRESIDENT

Emblem Described as a Token of Affection and Gratitude from the Entire Nation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The War Department today made public the text of the remarks made by General Tasker H. Bliss, now a member of the American Peace Commission at Paris, at General Pershing's headquarters at Caumont, France, on the occasion of the delivery to General Pershing of the Distinguished Service Medal awarded by President Wilson.

"I take great pleasure," said General Bliss, in addressing General Pershing, "in reading to you this telegram which I have received from the Secretary of War. It is dated in Washington, Oct. 21, 1918, and is addressed to me at Versailles."

He read the following message:

> The President of the United States has awarded a Distinguished Service Medal to General John J. Pershing, and directs that you act as his representative in presenting the medal. He further directs that you say to General Pershing that he awards this medal to the commander of our armies in the field as a token of the gratitude of the American people for his distinguished services and in appreciation of the success which our armies have achieved under his leadership.
>
> BAKER.

"And now, General Pershing," he continued, "in complying with the instructions of the President, perhaps he and you may permit me to add a few words of my own to his simple and direct ones which come to you straight from his heart and from that of the American people. To do this I wish that there stood in my place one of the distinguished officers of the army which you have so splendidly led and which has so gallantly followed you.

"At one moment it seems but yesterday, and again it seems like an echo along the misty corridors of the long distant past, when I bade you good-bye in the War Department Building in Washington. You had with you a staff of some fifty or sixty officers and I can hear now the wondering queries of those who asked, 'What can General Pershing do with so many staff officers?' At the same time there went one small and incomplete American division, and there were many who believed that it would be followed by no others for at least a year.

"And what has happened in that short year and a little more?

"You have created and organized and trained here on the soil of France an American Army of between two and two and a half million men. You have created the agencies for its reception, its transportation, and its supply. To the delight of all of us you have consistently adhered to your ideal of an American Army under American officers and American leadership. And for months you have fought a continuous battle until, at last, victory has come.

"With your aid our ancient ally has regained her former boundaries. And you and your army have played a glorious part in a world-event transcending, in its momentous importance, any other since Charles Martel beat back the flood of Moslem invasion on the plains of Tours. You, like him, have done that which came to you in crushing an evil, an aborted civilization and in preserving a nobler one. And in doing this you have won not only the admiration of your European associates in arms, but the admiration and love of your countrymen.

"And you have done it all with the thorough devotion of the American army, its officers and men, and of all who helped to make that army and to get it here.

"All that I have said brings me to this: It is not for me to speak of history to the men who have made it. But it is for me and for all of us to speak of that loyal and affectionate devotion, from the men in the trenches to the men on the western docks of France; from the men in the shipbuilding yards and mines and logging camps from the Atlantic to the Pacific; from the men, women and children in every factory and workshop at home, whose devotion to the great cause and whose personal devotion to you has stayed up your hands, that they faint not, from the rising to the going down of the sun.

"But it is not of these alone that I would speak, when I speak of the devotion that has carried you and your army to such triumphant success. I think with sadness and pride of those who have paid the last full measure of their devotion, and of weeping American wives and mothers and mourning children. I have no doubt that many and many a gallant American soldier has, in his last breath, coupled with other names dear to him your name as the custodian and guardian of American honor and glory—honor and glory so dear to him that for them he gave his life.

"Just as it is our President who hands to you this medal, so I seem to see from these thousands of glorious graves pale hands reaching out to you and your comrades the laurel wreath of victory which they did so much to win.

"And I know that I speak for our President when I say that as to them the good God has given eternal rest, so may He, through their heroic death, give to us eternal peace."

LUXEMBURG TO SHIFT TRADE

Will Denounce Its Commercial Treaty with Germany.

BASLE, Dec. 24.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, in an issue received here, asserts that it is certain that Luxemburg will denounce its commercial treaty with Germany on account of the violation of Luxemburg territory by German forces. The belief is expressed by the newspaper that Luxemburg in the future will look to Belgium or France for assistance.

A treaty was signed between Germany and Luxemburg in May, 1916, regarding food supplies for Luxemburg, after the refusal of Great Britain to allow food supplies to come through, on the contention that Germany should furnish the Grand Duchy with food, inasmuch as she had occupied it.

CALLS THE INTERNATIONALE

Henderson Summons Socialists to Meet in Lausanne.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The Socialist newspaper Populaire announces that Arthur Henderson, former Minister without portfolio in the British War Cabinet and well known as a labor leader in Great Britain, acting on behalf of the British working classes, and in agreement with Camille Huysmans, Secretary of the Belgian Socialist Internationale, and Henri Van Kol, Socialist leader in the Dutch Upper Chamber, has called a meeting of International Socialists at Lausanne, Switzerland, Jan. 6.

$66,538 IN FUND PROVIDES FOR ALL THE 100 NEEDIEST

$4,000 More Contributed Than at This Holiday Time Last Season.

WILL AID 100 MORE NOW

Added Cases Are Cared For by Spontaneous Gifts Without Any Solicitation.

SIX YEARS' INCREASE SHOWN

Nation-Wide Contributions from Those Who "Gave Till It Hurt" to Save Stricken Households.

Contributions of $10,985.30 received yesterday for the Hundred Neediest Cases brought the fund this year to $66,538.36, thus passing the total of $62,103.47 of last year, with $4,434.89 to spare. This provides for all the Hundred Neediest Cases, with enough in addition to make substantial progress toward meeting the needs of a second hundred cases, whose misfortunes are scarcely less great.

The additional cases which receive help differ but little from those of the first hundred. The Hundred Neediest Cases were selected from among several times that number, all so pathetically needy that it became a matter of opinion which cases should be placed among the first hundred and which should be left out.

The prompt and generous response this year fulfilled splendidly the expectations which had been based by THE NEW YORK TIMES on the result of the six preceding annual appeals, each of which met with a success considerably greater than that of its predecessor.

The outpouring of gifts was a surprise to many of the officials of the four charitable organizations administering the fund, who had entertained misgivings lest the unparalleled sums which had been contributed in New York City throughout the year for many war relief agencies would make it impossible for the Hundred Neediest Cases to obtain help on the scale of preceding years.

Such fears proved to be mistaken. Instead of growing weary of well-doing, the public interest in good causes was found to have quickened. Coming at the very last of an unprecedented series of appeals, when thousands felt that they had already given beyond their means, the appeal of stricken and despairing mothers and children in New York City is receiving more plentiful relief than ever before.

No Personal Solicitation Made.

This has been accomplished without canvassing or personal solicitation of any kind. None of the accessories usually employed in promoting such appeals have been enlisted to swell the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases. The stories of the hundred cases were allowed to speak for themselves, and the contributions came, and are yet coming, spontaneously from those who would not let themselves turn away from calls of distress.

The Hundred Neediest Cases, and the other cases of which they are representative, have been aided in unexpected fashion by numerous and large contributions from other cities and States. Help has come from Canada and from France. A substantial part of the total has been from gifts of men in uniform, including the notable gift of $200.65 received on Monday from the naval men of the Officer Material School for the Pay Corps at Princeton, N. J., whose members, wrote that they had enjoyed greatly the hospitality shown to them on their visits to New York, and that they took this method of expressing their appreciation.

Many mothers and fathers have made contributions in the name of their sons who are serving their country or have died for it. The gifts from schools, churches, clubs, Sunday schools and groups of employes have been unusually numerous. Children to the number of hundreds have sent their savings to help boys and girls of their own age who have lost their parents and were left penniless and alone in the world.

Many of the contributors wrote that they had already "given until it hurt," but that they could not resist the piercing appeal made to them by the stories of the Hundred Neediest Cases. The rate of the daily returns this year shows how the warm heart of the public has disregarded the exhausted state of its purse.

Contributions have now been received for eight days since the appeal was first made. The average daily amount of the gifts for the eight days was $8,317.29. The daily average for the eight days last year was $5,319.63.

Aid for Many Added Cases.

For several years past THE TIMES readers have not stopped when they have relieved the needs of the first hundred families whose stories were published in detail, but have gone on to make provision by their gifts for many other families who were equally deserving and scarcely less unfortunate. The total number of individuals aided last year was 872, representing about 200 families. The individual amounts asked for this year for the Hundred Neediest Cases reached a total of $42,700, so that approximately $20,000 has already been received this year to be used, with the consent of the contributors, for the help of additional cases. The total number of families saved from shipwreck and started on the road to independence this year will be determined by the number and size of the contributions still to be received.

The largest gift yesterday was one of $1,200 from C. H. Sanford of Lakewood, N. J. Mr. Sanford made an earlier contribution of $500 this year, but sent $1,200 yesterday, partly for specific cases and partly for general distribution. His total gift of $1,700 is the largest received so far this year.

A gift of $500, the second of this size, to come from a great distance, was received yesterday from Marion C. Karr of Muscle Shoals, Ala., accompanied by a letter, in which he said:

"May this bit help to spread a little cheer on Christmas Day. I read your appeal for The Hundred Neediest Cases in a copy of THE NEW YORK TIMES, which was forwarded to me. The work you are doing is wonderful."

The earlier gift of $500 to travel a great distance came from R. L. Ireland at Jacksonville, Fla. The record in distance traveled, however, has been made by a contribution from Lieutenant De Witt C. Jones of the 319th Regiment, who wrote from France in anticipation of the annual appeal of THE NEW YORK TIMES for the Hundred Neediest Cases. Other large gifts which came a long way and arrived yesterday were $50 from an anonymous contributor at Battle Creek, Mich., and $100 from C. N. Alston of Mimosa, Morganton, N. C.

Send Sympathy with Money.

Some of the expressions in letters accompanying contributions were as follows:

K. W. T.: "K. W. T. is sending this coupon of the First Liberty Loan Bond to THE NEW YORK TIMES to be used to help out in a very slight degree in the helping of the Hundred Neediest Cases."

Mrs. George Gordon Battle—"Please use the inclosed $10 for the case of the frail boy of 7 years, homeless and destitute. This money is given in memory of a nephew killed in France, who spent a happy childhood on a Southern plantation, where he delighted in the interests and pleasures that such a life implies—an ideal one for a boy. I hope that your fund is oversubscribed."

Elizabeth C. Warner, Vergennes, Vt. Inclosed find check, which I would like to have used for Case 58—that of little Rachel Edlin, or in event of that case having been provided for, the money may be used for Case 8—little Jack Rogers. I hope that you will have the best success in your wonderful work."

Times Reader—"Inclosed find check for $12.50. This would have been my Xmas gift to my uncle who passed away yesterday. He was always a lover of boys, and I know it would be his wish that I help out some unfortunate boy, so please apply check to Case 80."

Mrs. H. L. Underhill, Wallingford, Conn.—"Our two children, Katherine (10) and Farnam (6), have been deeply interested in the '100 Neediest Cases,' some of which I have read to them. They want Tom and Sally (Case 54) to have a chance to be happy and are sending their pocket money for them, to which mother and daddy have added a little. We wish we could help every little child to be happy this Xmas. You are surely doing your bit."

First Lieut. Harry M. Bryan, Headquarters, Port of Embarkation—"I am inclosing my check for $15, which you will please apply to fund for New York's Hundred Neediest Cases. This is sent in memory of a loved one who has gone before."

Anonymous—"I inclose my contribution for the lonely little boy, Case 82. Wish I could send much more, as this is a thank offering for having my eyesight saved by a wonderful surgeon. I hope next year to send a far greater sum."

Charity Folk Thank Contributors.

The following letter was received by THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday:

State Charities Aid Association,
105 East Twenty-second Street,
Dec. 24.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The State Charities Aid Association wishes all the generous friends of the "100 Neediest Cases" to know this Christmas morning that their gifts are helping to make this a happy day, not only for those whose stories were told in THE NEW YORK TIMES, but for many other needy people. Contributions of all kinds have come to us, every one of them blessed with the Christmas spirit. Many of the gifts are accompanied by a personal touch and by a graciousness that is bound to bring happiness not only for those who have given, but for those who have received—"Get something Christmassy for the children," "Inclosed find $25 toward the board and clothing for Gordon and $2 extra for Christmas cheer," "If my mite can help it will give me much happiness."

Children are off on visits for the holidays, some of them are to be adopted. Delicate babies are getting special care and food, mothers are having their babies kept for them while they are in hospitals or convalescent homes, brothers and sisters are being kept together, and the homeless orphaned little boys, even the naughty ones, are getting a chance in good homes to overcome their faults. Fathers whose children have been half orphaned by the influenza epidemic are being helped. Our visitors and the postmen are delivering Christmas messages and gifts. There seems to be a renewal of the Christmas spirit everywhere.

In the name of all its needy people the State Charities Aid Association gives thanks and wishes every one a Merry Christmas.

HENRY C. WRIGHT,
Secretary pro tem.

No solicitors or canvassers are authorized to ask for money for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday were $10,985.30, of which $7,577.75 was sent directly to THE NEW YORK TIMES, the rest going to the four charitable organizations having the cases in charge. The contributions were received as follows:

The New York Times	$7,577.75
The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	1,552.50
Charity Organization Society.	852.55
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	733.50
State Charities Aid Association	269.00
Total	$10,985.30
Previously acknowledged	$55,553.06
Grand total	$66,538.36

Contributions Received Direct by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

C. H. Sandford	$1,200	Ellen W. Brown	100
J. L. Thompson	400	W. R. Brown	100
W. H. S.	200	A. C. G.	100
Mrs. A. H. Smith	150	W. H. McGee	100
C. N. Alston	100	G. O. Rathbone	100
Anonymous	100	H. E. Fosdick	100
A Friend	100	J. Barber	100
T. H. Jones	100	Mrs. P. Morton	100
Mrs. J. B. Duys	100	One Who Is Thankful	100
Roger Deering	100	ful	100
Anonymous	100	C. E. Helmerdin-	
Parmenia, John & Richard Migel	100	ger Mary W. Garlick	100

Quality—Service—Price
DALE
BUY Direct from FACTORY AND SAVE MONEY

New Designs of Table and Floor Lamps
Visit Our Display Rooms
109 West 13th St., New York
1 Door West of 6th Ave.
Dale Lighting Fixture Co.

Miss D. Barber	75	Mrs. S. Bernard	5
Frank L. Hughes	50	Miss G. Werner	5
Anonymous	50	E. M. Ludlam	5
E. M. K. Wetmore	50	G. Schmidell	5
Miss E. Richard	50	B. Ekrenberg	5
W. I. Keep	50	S. A. Siascn	5
Mrs. M. L. Morgenthau	50	M. L. Noyes	5
J. R. Dilworth	50	L. M. Lamont	5
Anonymous	50	B. & B. Bennett	5
F. M. Genung	50	H. & L. Goldfrank	5
A Friend	50	G. M. Lowene	5
H. Langerioef	50	C. A. Vencill	5
J. C. and H. C. Bornheim	50	Agnes Wynter	5
Misses Turnbull	50	A. M. W.	5
A. Lorsch	50	E. H. T.	5
Wilfred E. Potter	50	G. G. Blank	5
Josephthal & Co.	45	Anonymous	5
Mrs. N. L. P.	30	R. C.	5
J. Ullman	30	G. M. Curran	5
Mrs. F. Kleinberger	25	Charles Greif	5
Mrs. C. E. Whittlesey	25	H. Woodcock	5
J. Burghelmer	25	H. H. Coggill	5
F. H.	25	M. C. Karr	5
G. P. Mellick	25	M. O. D.	5
C. W. H.	25	Memory of Elizabeth	5
F. L.	25	C. W. H.	5
Anonymous	25	W. M. P.	5
H. K. Berry	25	Mrs. P. K. Aronson	5
Anonymous	25	W. R. Fitkin	5
A. W. Steele	25	L. W. Pack	5
M. L. Wile	25	A Friend	5
S. Kreich, Jr.	25	E. C. C.	5
Anonymous	25	Captain Clayton	5
M. B. Spear	25	C. H. Denton	5
B. B. Franklin	25	E. F. Sanderson	5
W. Lowenthal	25	M. B. S.	5
O. Munk	25	F. Wiebe	5
A. Robertson	25	C. J. Clausen	5
W. W.	25	Mrs. L. Hersch	5
A. R. Johansen	25	A. Jordan	5
T. E. Redfield	25	E. M. Pattison	5
E. J. Allendorf	20	W. T. Cox	5
M. Fried	20	In memoriam	5
Mrs. M. Frank	20	M. S. H.—In memory of U. S. T.	5
Barbara	20	From two friends	5
N. G. Welttink	20	B. Stanly	5
C. W. Paige	20	Memory of Dec. 28.	5
J. G.	20	C. M. Stout	5
D. H. Robertson	20	Miss Ethel Howell	5
A. C. Stern	20	L. M. Potter	5
J. S. Gould	18	A. M. Hagemeyer	5
Employes of Cushman & Co.	16	A. M. Bunce	5
Anonymous	15	Mrs. S. Weiller	5
M. M. Bryan	15	M. Cohen	5
Mrs. M. Munger	15	C. C. H.	5
M. E. Ryan	15	E. A. S.	5
Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Marcuse	15	Mrs. C. E. Crocker	5
M. Z. Page	15	G. Kleeberg	5
M. E. F.	15	F. Lebnecht	5
Mary B. Cooke	15	Mrs. T. De Lemos	5
Caroline Newborg	15	L. J.	5
G. H. Postlethwaite	15	S. Jefford	5
In Memory of John H. Hadfield	12.50	F. W. Fletcher	5
Milo S. Jacob	11	Rev. and Mrs. E. White	5
E. F. Schwab	10	Mrs. L. C. Sexauer	5
In Memory of a Mother not here this Christmas	10	H. Hibbert	5
Albert Steinfeld	10	I. E. Swords	5
W. M. Kelly	10	C. P. Peck	5
Nancy Allen	10	L. Guenther	5
Augustus Dohm	10	Mrs. Belle Grant	5
Anna W. Whelan	10	G. H. Hogeman	5
Fred D. Kafka	10	An army officer	5
Oakes Meier	10	Anonymous	5
Mary H. Stratton	10	Mrs. P. H. Keeler	5
H. G.	10	M. H. S.	5
R. S. Underwood	10	E. H.	5
Mrs. W. C. Sidenberg	10	E. E. H.	5
C. F. Quincy	10	Elana Newman	5
H. E. I.	10	J. P. O'Neil	5
Alice Allen	10	A. F. Gutchiffo	5
In Memory of C. A. L.	10	Mrs. A. Haller	5
Rudolph Liebmann	10	Mrs. G. Washburn	5
Alice Kaufman	10	C. Lohnyan	5
Herbert and Maidie	10	Woman's Health	5
Mrs. J. L. Ashley. In Memory of Ada K. Pierce	10	Prof. Aaslo	5
Fanny O. Lutz	10	In memory of mother	5
Charles F. Lutz	10	Mrs. S. C. Elias	5
N. W. Mills	10	E. C. Wilson	5
R. N. Wheeler	10	H. C. Klein	5
Mr. and Mrs. H. Marks	10	Gertrude Barne	5
A. C. Kelly	10	Mary Rhodes	5
S. Gold	10	Ira M. Fletcher	5
Miss A. Collins	10	Jennie Silberstein	5
Anonymous	10	A. Van Bell	5
H. K. Spalding	10	L. F.	5
Mrs. J. E. P.	10	Anonymous	5
B. M. Trimble	10	Ruth Marshill	5
R. Van Iderstine	10	H. R. Gibbs	4
Mrs. R. P. R. Jennings	10	A. W. Weaver	4
J. B. Koplik & Co.	10	A. K. Stearns	4
W. L. Gotthell	10	H. Redmond	3.50
J. B. Cummings	10	G. A. Hunter	3
R. E. Davidson	10	Mrs. G. A. Parker	3
Alfred Reeves	10	Bella Strauss	3
G. H. Hooper	10	Flora and Elvira Hartock	3
J. Sylvester	10	A. Mayer	3
Mrs. L. E. Frank	10	Mrs. F. McKernan	3
N. Emanuel	10	Elinor Post Mines	3
Anonymous	10	A. L. Barnum	3
M. Battle	10	M. F. Kernan	3
H. Holbrook	10	Laura F. Acker	3
H. G. Noble	10	Mrs. M. Queenson	3
Anonymous	10	L. M. Mills	3
In S. but	10	S. V. Trualow	3
H. A. Cooke	10	Warren	3
I. Beers	10	C. K. Unger	3
W. T. Earl	10	L. O. Stevens	3
E. L. Pearson	10	Anonymous	3
A Friend	10	Mrs. D. H.	3
Misses Munger	10	Mrs. T. E. Van Methe	3
J. H. Wise	10	A. Same	3
Mrs. C. M. Belden	10	A. S. Wilson	3
A. J. McAllister, Jr.	10	T. M. J.	3
Anonymous	10	Friend, Greenport	3
E. L. Perera	10	E. J. C.	2.50
C. Finsilor	10	Capt. S. V. Aldridge	2.50
Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Thacher	10	Two Sisters	2.50
T. F. Curres	10	M. M.	2
A. M. Newborg	10	Harold M. Gould.	2
W. E. Major	10	S. A. B.	2
A. V.	10	J. A. L.	2
Leroy and Ruth Doremus	10	Anonymous	2
Senior Class, Pres. Ch. of E. Orange, N. J.	10	Mem. of R. S. S.	2
S. Leith	10	Mem. of A. D. Halbert	2
Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson	10	Mrs. O. Herrmann	2
Anonymous	10	E. E. Warner	2
Mrs. G. E. Bingham	10	M. H. C.	2
Mrs. H. B. Hershey	10	Alice Lober	2
Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Albro	10	F. R.	2
J. P. N.	10	E. R. Knapol	2
G. A. Ellis	10	D. Greig	2
A Friend	10	E. C. B.	2
A. G. McDermitt	10	D. B. F.	2
G. E. Davis	10	E. G.	2
H. H. Dunham	10	E. C.	2
Mrs. W. H. Baker	10	May Wilson	2
W. A. Foot	10	S. Soulier	2
A. E. Satterlee	10	Mem. of a Friend	2
Mrs. H. Kurniker	10	L. A. Kalsmann	2
G. E. Hill	10	E. W. Parker	2
K. T. W.	8.75	Mem. of M. Y. O.	2
W. F. Halsey	7.50	P. S.	2
Pinochle Kitty	7.50	Mrs. D. Baumann	2
Employes of L. Fridee & Sons	7.50	J. H. Brown	2
Mrs. E. R. Campbell	7	D. H. Bloom	2
Mrs. F. E. Evans	7	Mrs. H. S. Lusch	2
Evelyn and Albert Heymann	7	Phyllis	2
Friends	7	F. H. Ketcham	2
Helen L. Kramer	6	A. E. B.	2
Adile C. Snow	6	J. S. Kent, Jr.	2
Vernon A. Joy	5	E. M. Elliott	2
Frederick Brunell	5	L. B. Wilcot	2
W. B. Davis	5	I. J. Ritteman	2
Mrs. J. J. Brostrom	5	F. Jonas	2
Mary R. Pugh	5	W. G. A.	2
Isabel J. West	5	Anonymous	2
Anonymous	5	L. H. M.	2
Mabel H. Richards	5	Miss J. S. Joyce	2
E. H. L.	5	M. W.	2
Mrs. W. C. Hall	5	Fede Raymond	2
M. Kellogg	5	Edith M. Thomas	2
In memory of E. J. M.	5	Mrs. C. E. Sumner	2
Kirt A. Meyer	5	D. and B. M.	2
Agnes G. Stout	5	M. and H.	2
E. H.	5	Miss A. R. B.	2
Walter C. Fusher	5	D. D. N.	2
Hannah J. Morrison	5	A Working Girl	2
Sarah A. Morrison	5	A. Schecht	2
W. Schroeder	5	H. B.	1.50
Charles New	5	M. B.	1
A. K. S.	5	Mrs. White	1
K. W. Wilson	5	B. L.	1
E. F. McReady	5	A Friend and Well-Wisher	1
Mrs. G. Brown	5	A. Mayer	1
M. C. Wyett	5	Mrs. R. D. Spalding	1
Mrs. H. H. Smith	5	G. B. Dermody	1
Anonymous	5	A. Dolan	1
Mrs. F. Rocke	5	W. H. White	1
F. Evans	5	S. M. Nielson	1
M. S. Olmstead	5	Anonymous	1
M. P. Bell	5	J. E. Downs	1
B. L. Hughes	5	Anonymous	1
H. S. Underhill	5	W. F. W.	1
Mr. and Mrs. A. Hoffman	5	Interested Well-Wisher	1
M. M. W.	5	Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ripperger	1
Mrs. E. A. Ransom	5	N. S. Polak	1
Z. Z. Z.	5	Carry D. Moon	1
		Mrs. M. Queenson	1
		N. Y. Nurse	1
		A. C.	1
		M. Conover	1
		B. P. R.	1
		G. E. B.	1
		Mrs. F. O. Langtri	1
		E. S. C.	1
		Miss H. Cohn	1
		Anonymous	1
		Anonymous	1
		Apt. 35	1
		Helen Montague	1
		E. P. C.	1
		Florence Magilton	1
		H. E. M.	1
		M. G. R.	1
Total	$7,577.75		

Contributions Received Through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities.

W. H. Nichols	$500	D. Schwarzmann	10
Mrs. T. Williams	300	A. C. Crownfield	10
Anonymous	100	H. S. Acker	10
Anonymous	100	Miss Ella C. Mathews	5
A friend	100	A friend	5
A. B. T.	100	Bertha Gordon	5
A friend	100	Louisa L. Wisdom	5
Anonymous	25	Isabel D. Fisher	5
Miriam F. Choate and sister	25	Robert Brandin	5
Mrs. H. Godwin	25	Mrs. S. Frankel	5
Edith M. Lloyd	25	D. P. M.	5
A. W. W.	25	J. L. Ridgway	5
Mrs. J. L. Habberton	13	John J. Strassel	3
Mrs. F.J. Welles	12.50	Clara E. Howard	2
M. L. Putnam	10	Miriam and David Greenstone	2
F. D. Fisher	10		
Total	$1,552.50		

Contributions Received Through the Charity Organization Society.

Lucy F. Eastman	$100	Employes of J. P. Logan & Sons	13.55
H. A. P.	100	Mrs. W. E. S.	12
Anonymous	50	Strong	12
A. C. Zalles	50	Fannie O. Ames	10
G. G. Hooper	50	Mary T. Cahill	10
J. N. Rolfsen	50	Mrs. Louise B. McKnight	10
Mrs. E. C. Thompson	50	Julia C. Marvin	10
M. W. Kellogg	44	Walter J. Spiro	10
N. A. Richards	25	E. L. W.	10
Anonymous	25	Miss A. Gwynne	10
Mrs. E. Du Bois	20	Louise Eager	10
Mrs. O. E. Meyer	20	Leonard J. Wolf	10
Mrs. W. J. A. London	16	A Friend	10
From three little boys	15	Schattman, Rosenberg & Schattman	10

Mrs. G. G. Knight	5	A. E. Gunther	3
Elsa B. Stephens	5	Mrs. M. de N. Flood	3
In Memory of My Mother	5	A Trained Nurse	2
Miss E. Fossum	5	J. C. W.	2
A. P. P. and H. A. H.	5	Cash	2
W. H. Graham	5	J. B. Zweers	2
A. S. Traub	5	F. S. S.	2
Miss Kate Halk	5	Miss Marian Handy	2
George O. Peet	5	E. M. S.	2
In memory of Elinor Mendelson	5	C. D. Gerow	2
W. Huskisson	5	J. S.	2
W. J. Pugh	5	M. C. O'Hara	2
Floyd Reynolds	5	Patient in Hospital	1
E. R. Winslow	4	M. L. Gallagher	1
Charles Spier	3	Credit A. L.	1
		A Lover of Children	1
Total	$852.55		

Contributions Received Through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

E. D. Hawkins	$100	Gertrude B. Henry	5
Mrs. I. N. Seligman	100	C. H. Jackson	5
Mr. and Mrs. B. Caldwell	100	Thankfully	5
Mrs. E. M. Mumill	50	B. R. B.	5
Miss N. E. Slaven	50	Mrs. W. C. Porter	5
E. V. Conway	25	M. C.	5
Anonymous	25	Miss Z. B. Carter	5
Mrs. C. E. McConnell	20	A Friend	5
Mrs. E. Du Bois	20	Margaret S. Evans	5
Anonymous	20	J. W. Vandewater	5
P. B.	15	Isaac H. Odell	5
Mr. and Mrs. W. Ray De Lano	10	Mrs. J. F. Cohn	5
Miss M. L. Duer	10	H. A. R.	3
L. G. H.	10	H. N. Jr.	3
D. M. Van Vliet	10	Miss Dora Koether	3
Mrs. J. L. Spofford	10	Anonymous	3
Mrs. M. Stuart	10	Mem. of My Dear Departed Grandfather	2.50
Miss M. S. Platt	10	Anna O. Cordna	2
H. and R. Stein	10	Mrs. Mary L. Bode	2
Mrs. H. Sherman	10	A.	2
Mrs. H. S. Redfield	10	C. S. Hamilton	2
C. C. and J. E. Brown	7	Mrs. J. T. Toof	2
Mrs. Louis Budell	5	Eliza R. McIlvaine	1
Malcolm E. Smith	5	Anonymous	1
Total	$733.50		

Contributions Received Through the State Charities Aid Association.

Martha M. Harper	$100	Miss A. R. Treadwell	$5
M. L. T. and B.	25	Doris Haslett	5
E. T.	25	Mrs. F. R. Peckham	5
Dorothy and Billie	15	Agnes G. M. Peabody	4
Mrs. E. Du Bois	10	Emily Riddell	3
Mrs. J. H. Lyall	10	A Friend	2
Miss Guynne	10	Frank E. Jones	2
Celia Smith	10	Mrs. C. E. Smith	2
Esther A. Livingston	10	Helen Duncan	2
Mrs. W. P. Chatfield	10	Mem. of D. M.	2
Mrs. James Logie	5	A. L. Leubuscher	1
Miss C. D'Evelyn	5	Miss Waterman	1
Mary L. Githens	5	For a Needy Case	1
Geo. Johnson, Jr.	5	Mrs. Sallie Straus	1
George O. Peet	5	In Memoriam	1
Susan T. Brown	5		
Total	$269		

CUBANS WOULD FIGHT DUEL.

"Tribunal of Honor" Considering Mendieta's Challenge to Andre.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Dec. 24.—The newspaper Heraldo de Cuba, which recently began republication after having been closed during the 1917 revolution, was reclosed this afternoon by Government order following several days' controversy with Food Director Armando Andre, which resulted in Carlos Mendieta, editor of the Heraldo, challenging Andre to a duel.

The latter refused to fight on the ground that Mendieta was not a gentleman and showed cowardice during the revolution. A "tribunal of honor" is investigating whether Mendeita is a worthy opponent. If he is vindicated the duel is expected to result. The two met about four years ago, Mendieta receiving a sword wound in the arm.

The Heraldo yesterday published a strong attack, which was interpreted as intended to include other high officials.

Mendieta was formerly a Representative in the Cuban Congress, and in 1916 was the Liberal candidate for the Vice Presidency.

HOSTS AT BRITISH EMBASSY

Charge d'Affaires and Mrs. Barclay Give a Dinner and Dance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24. — Chargé d'Affaires of Great Britain Colville Barclay and Mrs. Barclay entertained at the British Embassy this evening with a dinner of thirty covers followed by dancing. Two hundred guests were in the company, representing diplomatic and resident society.

Although the French Embassy is closed for the holiday season, Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand now being in France for the first time in three years, there will be a large Christmas celebration on Thursday afternoon when Deputy High Commissioner for France and Mme. de Billy will entertain a large company at 5 o'clock at the official residence of the commission in Connecticut Avenue.

The Italian Embassy is also closed to society, Ambassador and Countess di Cellere having been among the guests of the President, and are now in Paris.

Family dinner parties will be the rule tomorrow with the first benefit ball of the Winter to wind up the evening. This is an annual entertainment in aid of the Children's Country Home.

The new Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carter Glass, who made their appearance as members of the Cabinet circle on Monday evening at the dinner given to the retiring Secretary and Mrs. McAdoo, returned to Lynchburg, Va., today for the holidays.

MISS SHRADY BETROTHED.

Sculptor's Daughter, Army Nurse, to Wed Lieut. Regis H. Post, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Shrady of Elmsford, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Julester Shrady, to Lieutenant Regis H. Post, Jr., U. S. A., son of Mr. and Mrs. Regis H. Post of New York and Bayport, L. I.

Miss Shrady attended Rosemary Hall and is a member of the Junior League. She is now a nurse at General Army Hospital, Base No. 1. Her father is the well-known sculptor, and she is a granddaughter of the late Dr. George F. Shrady.

Lieutenant Post is a great-grandson of General de Trobriand. His father was one time Governor of Porto Rico. He studied at Harvard and is a member of the West Point class of 1921. He has just returned from Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky.

Wed British Consul at Tampico.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 24.—Miss Alice V. Baker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Baker of Canada, was married to William John Putford of Liverpool, England, British Consul at Tampico, Mexico, last Saturday afternoon by Justice of the Peace Walter M. Anderson at his office here, it was learned today. The British Consul gave his age as 42, his bride is 37. The couple first obtained a marriage license from Town Clerk Robert Wellstood at his home here, after which the ceremony was performed. They came to Greenwich by automobile.

Red Cross Shop Has Big Sales Day.

More than $2,600 in sales yesterday made a record-breaking day at the Red Cross Shop, 587 Fifth Avenue, as many were shopping for Christmas. Twelve jade placques, more than 300 years old, taken from the Temple of Ancestry at the Forbidden City, in Peking, were donated to the shop yesterday. They were obtained by an American during the Boxer war, and will be sold at $12,000. Donations are still needed, it was said at the shop yesterday.

B. O. Flower, Editor, Dies.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Benjamin O. Flower, until a year ago President of The Menace Publishing Company of Aurora, Mo., publishers of The Menace Magazine, died here today in a hospital.

Mr. Flower was educated at Kentucky University. He contributed articles upon progressive and radical legislation. He was an advocate of equal suffrage, national prohibition and public ownership of railroads.

DR. MACCRACKEN DIES IN FLORIDA

Chancellor Emeritus Who Built New York University from 91 to 4,113 Students.

BECAME EDUCATOR AT 17

He Organized Hall of Fame at University in Which His Notable Career Covered 25 Years.

ORLANDO, Fla., Dec. 24.—Dr. Henry Mitchell MacCracken, Chancellor Emeritus of New York University since 1910, when he retired, died today in a hospital here at the age of 73 years. His wife and eldest son, J. H. MacCracken, President of Lafayette College, were with him when he died.

Henry Mitchell MacCracken, A. M., Ph.D., LL.D., D. D., Emeritus Chancellor of New York University, one of the most distinguished educators in the country, was born in Oxford, Ohio, Sept. 28, 1840. In 1862 he matriculated at the Princeton, N. J., Theological Seminary, from which he was graduated in 1863. He was ordained to the ministry, and in the same year of his graduation from the Princeton Seminary he accepted a call to the pulpit of the Westminster Presbyterian Church of Columbus, Ohio.

In order to carry out a long-cherished desire, he resigned as pastor of the Columbus Church in 1867, after four years of successful ministry, and went to Europe, where he studied at the Universities of Tübingen and Berlin until near the close of 1868. Returning to the United States, he accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church of Toledo, Ohio. He resigned in 1881, when he was notified of his nomination to the Chancellorship of Western University, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Removing his family to Pittsburgh, he took up the duties of professor of philosophy and chancellor of the Western University, now the University of Pittsburgh, where he remained until 1884. Meanwhile, and in the year 1867, Dr. MacCracken served as a deputy to the Free Church Assembly of Scotland and the Irish Presbyterian General Assembly, and delivered a historical oration at the reunion of the Scotch and Irish race at Belfast, Ireland, on July 4, 1884.

Called to New York University.

He was elected in 1884 to the chair of philosophy in the University of the City of New York in the place of the late Rev. Dr. Martin. He did not accept hastily, but gave the matter careful consideration. He came to New York and consulted with friends and also with members of the Council. He did not consider the chair of philosophy offered him sufficient opportunities for the development of his personal and professional powers, nor would permit him to introduce and to lead in carrying out certain measures of reform in the University's system. As a result of the many conferences and exchange of ideas, a plan was evolved by which the University obtained the services of Dr. MacCracken, who remained connected with the institution the rest of his life. The office as Vice-Chancellor was created with such powers as would make him practically the executive officer of the Council, charged, however, with the application and development of its system of education and the direction of its force. He retained the professorship of philosophy. Under his direction the University took on new life and it was rapidly brought back to its former prestige among the institutions of learning in the United States, and through reforms, the institution became recognized as one of the foremost in the country.

The efficient work of Dr. MacCracken compelled recognition of his superior intellectual and professional abilities and executive powers, and in 1891 the Rev. Dr. John Hall voluntarily resigned from the position of Chancellor, which position he had held for many years, and immediately the title was conferred upon Dr. MacCracken. About this time there came up the great problems of removal and expansion of the university. Plans were carefully thought

CLASS TELLS IN NATIONAL JUNIOR TENNIS FRAY

All to the merry!
Christmas — and Rogers Peet clothes!

Closed To-day.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

The mark WILSON & CO. your guarantee
CHICAGO

When there is a houseful of good things to eat—plenty, and that plenty good—it is what makes up your joyous memories of olden Christmases.

Mother busy for a week before Christmas making and baking "goodies" and, for Christmas Day itself, preparing the things she knew you would love.

Tempting, healthful foods, require thought and care and mother was always thoughtful and careful.

One of the real pleasures this Christmas brings to myself and my associates is the knowledge that through this year and other years we have labored to perfect our products.

Now we have the satisfaction of being able to stand behind the mothers of this land with Wilson's certified meats, fruits, vegetables and table specialties—each of them prepared with "mother-wit" and each of them bearing our money-back guaranty.

History was made this year by the sons of the mothers of this land. One of the things that gave our boys their "pep" and power was the good, wholesome food that America served them.

I am glad to say that the Company, of which I am the head, furnished a large share of this good, wholesome food to the men overseas, as well as here.

Standing behind the mothers of the land with food products on whose quality they can rely, means a good deal. It means standing behind the fathers, husbands, sons and brothers—giving them foods that mean health and strength and contentment.

Every individual in our organization is pledged on honor to safeguard in every way the production of the food that we sell.

Because I am sure that every person in our institution performs on honor I am willing to back our products with my name and to certify to their goodness.

This Christmas time I feel, somehow, that our customers and ourselves are linked together more than ever by a mutual desire to play fair. Our customers have been very good to us. We would be very derelict in our duty to them if we did not give to the utmost of our knowledge and our skill in the preparation of our food products.

We believe that they believe us when we say—"The Wilson label protects your table." So it is with feelings of deep appreciation for their confidence and friendly support that, speaking for myself and on behalf of all my associate workers, I extend greetings to our customers everywhere and wish for them all, happiness and prosperity.

Very truly,

President.
Wilson & Company, Chicago.

There Is Plenty of

OLD BUSHMILLS

ALL MALT IMPORTED

WHISKEY

If your dealer can't supply you, telephone us.

ALEX D. SHAW & CO. NY

12 Stone St., New York

Tel. No. 8070 Bowling Green

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED.

America's Foreign business, Export and Import, will reach enormous dimensions and will benefit all sections of the country.

A Trade Magazine on new lines is being organized to aid, effectively, in obtaining and permanently maintaining our country's due share of the world's trade.

A representative in every section is wanted to create in his district an organization for securing of Commercial advertising, distribution of the Magazine, submitting of important reading matter, etc.

Only the highest grade of men can be considered. The business is done on a commission basis only with satisfactory percentage for personal transactions of general representatives and extra commissions on subagents business.

Apply with full details as to experience, general standing, commercial connections, etc. Manager, R 673 Times Downtown, New York City.

—"AND THUS THE WAR ENDED."

President Wilson's announcements, also all the essential documents, utterances, records, and details in consecutive sequence of the great surrender, and, besides this, twenty other great features of deep historical significance—December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE. 242 pages. On news stands, 25 cents.—Adv.

TAYLOR WINS AGAIN IN TENNIS TOURNEY

He Will Probably Meet Anderson in Semi-Final of Junior Championship.

FREY PROVES A TARTAR

Richards and Bassford Also Returned Winners in Hard-Fought Matches.

Keen competition on the board courts at the Seventh Regiment Armory brought the players in the indoor junior tennis championship down to the third round yesterday. Although all the favorites came through with victories, some of them had a hard time in turning the tide of battle in their favor. As the national junior event looks now, the semi-finals will bring together four of the best youthful racquet wielders in the game.

In the upper half of the draw it now appears as if Frank Anderson and Harold Taylor would meet in the semi-final, while in the lower half Vincent Richards and Abraham Bassford, 3d, are pretty sure to face each other in the tussle to get into the finals.

Taylor met a tartar in his second round match yesterday when Alexander H. Frey of Yale got into action. Frey entered the first round against F. Porter of De Witt Clinton, and after being extended to take the first set in 6-3, he easily took the second and the match in a love set. Then Frey went to the courts against Taylor. The service of this talented youngster was swift and accurate in the first set, and in the face of the fire and dash of his strokes the Yale player failed to get a single game.

It was quite another story in the second set. The Ell boy rallied and came back at Taylor so strong that for a while he was carried off his feet. The attack of the Yale player was so aggressive that Taylor was unable to balk it successfully. Twice the set went to deuce, and then in a splendid outburst of speed Frey came through a winner, 7-5. Taylor was worried over this sudden turn of affairs, and in the third set he recovered and played his best game. This time he downed Frey 6 to 1, and took the match.

Frank Anderson worked his way through the second round with an easy straight set victory over L. Lefkowitz, the Stuyvesant player. Lefkowitz defeated Vincent O'Shea of New York in his first round match, but his game was no match for Anderson, the Long Island player with a swift, steady attack during the Stuyvesant player, 6—1, 6—2.

Vincent Richards got into action for the first time yesterday and had for an opponent J. Gardner of Horace Mann. Richards got something of a surprise in the first set, his opponent taking three games before Richards was able to pull out a victory. His game was steadier in the second set, however, and he won, 6—2.

Abraham Bassford, 3d, of Scarsdale, had to play his best to win from Warren E. Osgood, the promising Pleasantville player. There were times in both sets when it appeared as if Bassford was headed for defeat, but each time he rallied splendidly and turned the game in his favor. It required fourteen games to decide the first set, Bassford finally winning, 8—6. Again in the second set Osgood was dangerous and he pushed Bassford hard before the Scarsdale lad won, 7—5. This was one of the most exciting matches of the tournament and the players traveled at top speed all the way.

The junior championships in doubles was started yesterday and the outdoor champions, Taylor and Richards, won their opening match, defeating Bernstein and Kuhn after a stiff fight in the second set. The scores were 6—2, 7—5. Gerald Emerson of St. John's Academy and Abraham Bassford, 3d, of Scarsdale High, defeated H. S. Snow, Horace Mann, and J. Gardner, Horace Mann, 6—3, 6—1; Harold L. Taylor, Brooklyn Prep, and Vincent Richards, New York City, defeated M. Bernstein, De Witt Clinton, and E. Kuhn, New York, 6—2, 7—5.

ERASMUS BEATS BUSHWICK.

Flatbush Five Win, 29 to 25, in Extra Period.

Erasmus Hall High School's basketball team registered its fifth victory of the season yesterday when it defeated the Bushwick High School five in a closely contested game on the Bushwick court, by a score of 29 to 25. The victorious team scored its success in an extra five-minute period, when Barnes, the right forward, shot three field baskets. The teams, at the end of the regulation two halves, were deadlocked at 23 points.

Barnes did not get into the game until the second half, but was mainly responsible for his team's advancing to even terms with Bushwick. Feinbloom also worked hard for Erasmus Hall, getting three field and nine foul goals.

The lineup:

Erasmus, (29.)	Position.	Bushwick, (25.)
Depew	R. F.	Raskin
Chipurnoy	L. F.	Adams
McMullen	C.	Brockman
Feinbloom	R. G.	Rosin
Wittmer	L. G.	Rainone

Field Goals—Barnes, (6.) McMullen, Feinbloom, (3,) Raskin, (3,) Adams, Rosin, Rainone, (2.) Goals from foul—Feinbloom, (9.) Brockman. Substitution—For Erasmus Hall: Barnes for Depew. Referee—Mr. Adelstein, Bushwick H. S. Time of halves—Two of fifteen minutes and one period of five minutes.

TO DINE SERVICE MEN.

N. Y. A. C. Will Have 300 U. S. Fighters as Guests Today.

The New York Athletic Club has arranged to provide a merry Christmas to soldiers whose Yuletide, otherwise, would not have been particularly merry. An invitation has been extended to about 300 of Uncle Sam's fighters, to partake of a Christmas dinner which the Winged Foot officials have especially prepared for them. The dinner will be held today at 12:30 o'clock, in the New York A. C. clubhouse, Fifty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue. At the end of the dinner each soldier will receive a useful Christmas box, and then the gathering will be escorted to the Winged Foot gymnasium, where a series of vaudeville acts will be put on, followed by a motion picture show.

This furnishes another illustration of the good work the New York A. C. and its officials have done since this country entered the war. The Mercury Foot authorities have energetically catered to the accommodation and comforts of Uncle Sam's fighters. Championships in various sports in which the club has representation were absolutely disregarded with an edict which prohibited the flaunting of the club's emblem in title competitions of any nature. Instead the club officials embarked on the task of making life happy and joyful for the men who were fighting for world democracy.

Track and field sports were conducted on a large scale in all the local and nearby camps for soldiers and sailors. The programs were made up of sprinting and distance races and various other tests calculated to give beneficial training to the lads who were journeying to France. The prizes, too, were of the useful kind. Boxing and wrestling shows were held, as were swimming meets and other entertainments and forms of useful recreation. At tht club's centenary games, celebrated during the Spring and Fall of the year now drawing to a close, the major efforts were directed toward satisfying the competitive athletic wants of the nation's soldiers and sailors. Both meets were successful from every standpoint.

In addition to providing competitions the New York A. C. officials found other means to aid the doughboys and gobs. Every ship that steamed from this port with troops for France received a generous supply of athletic paraphernalia. These goods came in handy when the doughboys landed in France and helped in dispelling some of the tediousness of the soldiers' existence.

The club yesterday presented a motor ambulance to the Women's Motor Corps. The presentation took place at the Seventh Regiment Armory, Major Graeme M. Hammond, President of the New York A. C., making the presentation speech and Major Helen Russell Bastedo accepting the gift on behalf of the Women's Motor Corps.

With the announcement of this donation it was also made known that a similar ceremony will be celebrated before the end of the week. An ambulance is to be presented to the National League for Women's Service. The exact day of the presentation has not yet been decided upon.

TO RETURF SOUTH FIELD.

Work Not to Interfere with Spring Sports at Columbia.

South Field at Columbia University will not be returfed until the Summer so that plans of the athletic association for a general revival in all Spring sports will not be interfered with. It was learned yesterday that it had been decided not to begin work on the field until after Commencement Day, in accordance with a recommendation to that effect which was adopted by the directors of the athletic association last week. The work will be done during the Summer.

It will be possible, therefore, for baseball, soccer and the other Spring sports to be played without hindrance. It is probable that with the renovation of the field, the north grandstand will be erected for the 1919 football season. This will bring the seating capacity of the field up to close to 5,000.

TO ASK FOREIGN ATHLETES.

Stars from Abroad May Compete In Three Great Meets.

The Millrose A. A. will conduct its annual indoor athletic meet at Madison Square Garden during the week commencing March 9, according to an announcement made yesterday. Declaration of the exact date has been deferred pending the outcome of negotiations with the management of Madison Square Garden. It is probable, however, that the competitions will take place Wednesday, March 12.

Decision to hold the meet in March instead of in January, as heretofore, was made because of the sudden termination of the war. For a time it was designed to abandon the fixture this year because of the big conflict in Europe. The war's end, therefore, found the managers of the meet unprepared, so that although it has been decided to hold it it has been found necessary to postpone the fixture. This will give the officials additional time in which to get together a representation of the country's leading athletes. It is expected the meet will be one of the most elaborate in the history of the organization.

The Millrose games will be one of a series of three extensive meets which will be held in March. Plans are now under consideration between the representatives of the Millrose A. A., its sister organization in Philadelphia, the Meadowbrook Club, and the National A. A. U. Championship Committee, which provide for all three organizations to combine their resources in an effort to place athletics on a pre-war basis. The Meadowbrook Club will conduct its annual meet in Philadelphia on March 15, and the national championships will probably follow a week later, March 22.

This tentative schedule has been worked out by the three organizations with the idea of securing the country for every available athlete of note. If the project goes through as planned competitors from a distance will have the opportunity to participate in all three big fixtures without the inconvenience of additional travel.

It is probable that a plan for stimulating interest in international athletic competitions will result from the negotiations among the three organizations. It is announced as a possibility that invitations will be sent to prominent athletes abroad to visit this country for three meets.

OUTPUT 200,000 DAILY

7-20-4 J. G. SULLIVAN'S CIGAR

FACTORY MANCHESTER NEW HAMP

OVERSOLD more than three million, despite a factory output of **One Million Two Hundred Thousand** weekly, testifies to a universal demand of **Satisfied Smokers.**

To maintain its **Standard Uniform Quality,** the highest prices in history are being paid for the choice tobacco put into **R. G. Sullivan's 7-20-4.**

When you pay more, you are getting the **Quality Smoke** expected in a **7-20-4.**

CLUBS WILL TRAIN IN SOUTH AGAIN

Chicago Teams First to Announce Plans Because of Opening Date Decided On.

In spite of the fact that a policy of retrenchment has been adopted generally in baseball for the coming year, the plan to tbandon the Spring training trips altogether, or to prevent clubs from going further South than the Carolinas, has been dropped as the result of the announcement that the season will open on April 23.

Word was received from Chicago last night that both the Cubs and the White Sox had made definite arrangements for Spring training trips in the South upon learning of the opening date of the season. Similar announcements from other clubs in both leagues, including the Giants and Yankees, are expected also.

The Chicago Nationals are going to Southern California again, where Fred Mitchell had such good success with his team before. This plan had been decided on some time ago, but was held up by the probability that the season would open on May 1.

Charles Comiskey is going to send the White Sox to Texas again next year, but is not certain to what town they will go. The club trained at Mineral Wells last Spring, but Comiskey will make a trip through Texas soon to consider a number of sites before decidnig upon one.

This change in policy which will probably affect a number of clubs that have already announced their intention of training at home, has come because April 23 is considered too early a date by which to get clubs into shape on their home grounds. A sufficiently long period of home training would have been possible had May 1 been decided upon as the beginning of the season.

Neither the Giants nor Yankees have had time to perfect plans under the new arrangement, but it is quite certain that the Giants will not return to Marlin, Texas. Manager John McGraw had already considered a Florida resort, and will no doubt go ahead with the arrangement. The Yankees, too, have had their eyes on Florida.

Among the clubs which had decided to remain at home are the Athletics, the Cincinnati Reds, and the Brooklyn Dodgers. However, it requires at least three weeks to get a club into condition, and the first week or two in April have in past years provided no brand of weather that could be associated with Spring training. As an instance, the Yankees and Dodgers have been unable to play an entire series of exhibition games for three years, and the dates have always been set near the middle of the month.

SPEAR KEEPS SLATE CLEAN.

Defeats Jewel Handily in Class C Billiard Tourney.

George Spear, present holder of the title, added another victory to his slate in the N. A. A. B. P. Metropolitan Class C 18.2 balk-line billiard championship tournament at the Broadway Academy last night when he trounced William Jewel. The score was 150 to 103, the champion completing his string in forty-one innings. This gave Spear an average of 3·27-41. He had a high run of 21. Jewel's highest run was 12, and he averaged 2 21-41.

This triumph gave Spear his third success of the tournament. He has not yet sustained a defeat. Veterans of the sport who have witnessed his performance have expressed the opinion that he will gain another leg on the championship trophy.

Spear's success was a comparatively easy one. After a poor start, he recovered his stroke, and took the lead before the contest had gone half its distance. Once in the van, the champion's play improved, while Jewel's efforts seemed to fall off, and Spear found it an easy matter to keep in front.

Jewel's good start overshadowed the title-holder's play in the early innings. For the first eight innings Jewel gathered in 32 points, while Spear's total for a like period was 19. The champion couldn't get into his normal stroke during this part of the contest, while Jewel, on the other hand, showed surprising form and registered many difficult shots. Jewel gained additional ground in the next two innings, when he accounted for 5 while Spear was gathering 2.

The champion gained his true form shortly after this inning, however, and at the thirteenth, with a run of 10 he was but one point behind Jewel. The score was 39 to 38. In the fourteenth inning Spear gave his first display of real form and gathered a cluster of fifteen. This placed him in front of his rival by a score of 53 to 45. Thereafter the champion played consistently and retained the lead without difficulty.

The score by innings:

Spear—0 1 7 0 0 3 0 8 2 0 2 5 10 15 0 0 7
0 3 0 17 0 4 15 0 3 0 0 0 1 11 4 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 8
21—150. High run, 21; average, 3 27-41.

Jewel—0 12 6 1 1 1 1 11 3 2 0 0 4 2 3 1 1 0
0 0 4 2 0 0 4 11 0 0 3 4 0 0 8 0 1 0 0 1 1 1
—103. High run, 12; average, 2 21-41.

VOTES PLEDGED TO FULTZ.

International League to Elect President Jan. 6.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 24.—Charles H. Knapp, President of the Board of Directors of the new International League, has sent out a call for the club owners to meet at the Hotel Imperial in New York on Jan. 6.

The session will be for the purpose of electing a President, and it is understood that David L. Fultz, former President of the Players' Fraternity, has six of the eight votes pledged to him.

Star Athletes to Compete.

Some of the leading athletes of the district will be seen in action at the indoor games of the Seventy-first Regiment A. A., which will be held in the regiment armory Jan. 17. Already a number of stars have signified their intention of competing, including Homer Baker, Jack Sellers, Eddie Rens, Dick Remer, Pat McDonald, and A. Kuesman. Practically all those who intend entering for the games will have opportunities for doing their training work on the Seventy-first track, which has been thrown open to the athletes when it is not otherwise engaged.

UPHOLDS FOUR-YEAR RULE.

Pittsburgh Opposes Cancellation of Records for This Year.

The plan of several colleges to cancel the records for this year in order to give some of their stars another year in athletics, is meeting with opposition. Karl E. Davis, manager of the University of Pittsburgh football team, is energetically opposing the plan. With reference to the proposed game with Georgia Tech next year, he said:

"We are going to notify the Georgia School of Technology that the playing of Joe Guyon against Pitt next year will not be permitted.

"We offered Georgia Tech a football date in Pittsburg next year, in the belief that the usual eligibility rules would be respected at the Southern school, but now we hear reports that Tech figures this year will not be counted and that Guyon can be retained for another year of football.

"We are not going to stand for anything of the kind, and unless Georgia Tech agrees not to play Guyon our offer of a game for next year will be withdrawn."

It was recently reported Guyon had been dropped by the Georgia school as a result of Pitsburgh's protest.

15 Reasons

Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by This Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.

2.

They pay a better rate of interest than savings bank deposits or municipal bonds.

The Company has $256,000,000 outstanding and checks out $12,000,000 in interest annually so that the investor receives it the day it is due whether the borrower has paid it or not.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Florida East Coast HOTELS

In celebration of Victory and Peace, the group of world-famous winter resort hotels, on the East Coast of Florida, known as the Flagler System, have prepared for a great and joyous season. Whatever you like best to do, and doing renews your youth, you will find there in perfection. Golf—Tennis—Bathing—Fishing—Dancing—and the Smartest Social life of America, given over now to rejoicing.

At St. Augustine, the PONCE DE LEON is now open. ALCAZAR opens January 6; ORMOND, at Ormond, January 7; at PALM BEACH, Breakers, January 1; Royal Poinciana, January 15; at MIAMI, Royal Palm, January 1; LONG KEY FISHING CAMP, January 4.

Make Reservations NOW. For booklets and information.

Florida East Coast Hotel Co.,
243 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Your Happiest FEAST of the year should be

Christmas Dinner

Make it so by Dining at the

HOTEL MARSEILLES

Broadway at 103d St. Subway Entrance.

The Beautiful New BLUE ROOM, or the smaller Dining Room
Dinner Served 12 Noon to 9 P. M.
$2 per cover.

DANCING: Orchestra directed by Jacques Georges

Reserve Tables NOW for Special New Year's Eve Supper

EXQUISITE XMAS DAY DINNER

SERVED FROM NOON TO NINE P. M.
WITH AN ELABORATE MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
AND DANCING UNTIL CLOSING.

Also a la Carte

Jamaeen wants to see you

Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway

Exhibition Dancers

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR WONDERFUL XMAS TREE
Phone 3207 Madison Sq. at Once for Your Table.

STRAND ROOF
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS DINNER DE LUXE
$1.75 5 to 9 P.M.

B'way at 47th Street.
Phone—Bryant 7891.

Which Includes

THE BEST RESTAURANT SHOW EVER SEEN ON BROADWAY

A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties—Dancing on the Town's Largest Floor

170 WEST 72D ST.
REAL HOME COOKING
CHARMING SURROUNDINGS

THE PICCADILLY

SPECIAL XMAS DINNER $2.00
From 1 P.M. to 8 P.M.

Ideal home for persons of quiet taste seeking surroundings in keeping therewith.

Hotel Irving

26 GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH.

DAVID H. AND WILLIAM J. KNOTT.
Suites of 2 rooms & bath, $40 week up
Single room and bath, $28 week up
Single and double rooms, with running water, $20 week and upward.

AMERICAN PLAN

YEARLY OR SEASON LEASES CAN NOW BE ARRANGED.

Hotel faces the only Private Park in N. Y., and to which our Patrons have access. Adjoining Friends Meeting House.

W. T. HOWARD, Manager.

THELMA APARTMENT HOTEL

31 West 71st St.

Tel. 9780—Columbus.

A stone's throw to Central Park.
14-Story Fireproof House.
Modern. Cosey. Newly Furnished.
SUITES ON LEASE.
Complete hotel service. Light all sides.

RATES:
Single Room With Shower $12 Weekly
Double Rooms With Bath & Shower $60 Per Month
2-Room Suites With Bath & Shower $70-$90 Per Mo.

REFERENCES ESSENTIAL.

MONTICELLO

35-37 West 64th St., N. Y.

Between Broadway and Central Park.

A QUIET FAMILY HOTEL

NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS:
During the Holidays make your reservations in advance.
Columbus 1390. J. A. JEPSON.

The Little Club

44th Street Theatre Building.

TELEPHONE BRYANT 827

Nightly at 10 o'Clock.

NEW HOSTESSES:
BILLIE ALLEN AND HELEN MAXWELL

EXCELLENT CUISINE. SPLENDID BAND.

Reserve Tables Now
For New Year's Eve

Cuchow's

14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HOTEL NEWTON

2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.

SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.

RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 per day. Double, $3.00 to $5.00 per day.

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year

to every one of you, in Khaki and Blue, returned from duty overseas or held for duty over here—

Soldiers, Sailors, Marines!

Father Knickerbocker is foster-father to "The Boys" of the whole country, in all services, in all uniforms, and wants every one of them to feel at home in his town.

On his behalf the New York War Camp Community Service has arranged a Holiday Program of Good Will and Good Cheer for all of you from Christmas Eve to New Year's Day, and to each of you he says:

"God Bless You, Every One"

Free Theatre Tickets

For information regarding free theatre tickets during the holidays, apply to W. C. C. S. Information Booth at Public Library, Fifth Ave. and 41st St.

Home, Club and Hotel Dinners

For information on Christmas Dinners not listed, apply at W. C. C. S. Information Booths or Clubs, or at Headquarters Unit, 55 West 27th St. (Farragut 6247).

W. C. C. S. Information Booths

New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island and New Jersey

BATTERY PARK.
BROAD & WALL STS. (Treas. Bldg.).
HUDSON TERMINAL.
UNION SQUARE (14th St.).
23D ST. AND 5TH AVE.
LONG ISLAND R. R. (Penn. Station).
104 W. 42D ST. (near 6th Ave.).
GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL.
NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY.
TIMES SQUARE, 43D ST.
COLUMBUS CIRCLE.
96TH ST. AND BROADWAY.
NAVAL LANDING PIER, ft. of W. 96th St.
BROADWAY AND 129TH ST.
WEST FARMS, 177TH ST. & Boston Road.
BROOKLYN POST OFFICE.
L. I. R. R. STATION IN BROOKLYN.
POST OFFICE, St. George, Staten Island.
ENTRANCE HUDSON TUBES, Hoboken, N. J.
JERSEY CITY, P. R. R. STATION.
JERSEY CITY, L. V. R. R. J. Station.
FORT LEE FERRY, Edgewater, N. J.

Officers may apply for all information at Officers' Department, Madison Ave. at 44th St. (Vanderbilt—3556).

Special Events on Christmas Day

All-Day Party

Pershing Club and Pershing Theatre, Madison Ave. at 44th St. Open house, informal entertainment and refreshments, 10:00 A. M.-6:00 P. M. Open to officers and men. (Evening, Club open to officers only.)

"Khaki and Blue" Holiday Dance

71st Regiment Armory, Park Ave. and 34th St., 7-11 P. M. Partners provided by Social Department, New York War Camp Community Service. Officers and men will unite at the big dance of the Christmas season.

For United States and Allied Naval and Military Officers (Only)

(Auspices Congress of States Societies)
Christmas Party and Dance, Hotel Plaza, 4-7 P. M.

DANCES

Vacational Association Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 54), 38 W. 39th St., 8 P. M.-10:30 P. M.

Sailors' and Soldiers' Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 13), 225 W. 99th St., 8 P. M. Christmas Party.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 2, 70 Manhattan St., (Intersection Amsterdam Ave. and W. 126th St.), 8 P. M.

Temple Mt. Zion, 37 W. 119th St., 9 P. M. Refreshments, smokes, entertainment. Partners provided by Temple Mt. Zion.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 8, 64th St. and Central Park West, 8 P. M.

ENTERTAINMENT

VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT (PROFESSIONAL TALENT)—Volunteers of America Service Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 29), 530 7th Ave. (39th St.), 8:30 P. M.

INFORMAL ENTERTAINMENT, MUSIC, REFRESHMENTS, GAMES—Michigan Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 49), 36 W. 40th St., 7:30 P. M.

ENTERTAINMENT—West Side Branch, Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57th St. (all afternoon and evening).

MUSIC, MOVING PICTURES—Central Y. W. C. A., Lexington Ave. and 53d St., 2:00 to 10:30 P. M.

HOSPITALITY, REFRESHMENTS—Lafayette Club for Soldiers and Sailors (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 32), 12 E. 87th St., 3 P. M. Please inquire at elevator for Mrs. Isaac L. Rice.

OPEN HOUSE

Bryant Square Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 9), 36 W. 40th St. Open House all day.

Sailors' and Soldiers' Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 23), 916 West End Ave. (105th St.). Open House. Christmas Tree and Party.

Catholic Club of the City of New York, 120 Central Park South (59th St.), 1-5 P. M.

Auspices of Knights of Columbus at following places:—Corrigan Council, 157th St. and Broadway; Greenwich Council, 303 W. 12th St.; Holy Trinity Council, 342 Amsterdam Ave.; Liberty Council, 351 W. 48th St.; New Amsterdam Council, 307 W. 54th St.; Brownson Catholic Club, 348 E. 146th St.; Unity Council, 2506 Webster Ave., Bronx; Vera Cruz Council, 505 E. 23d St.; Veronica Council, 60 Morton St.

Open House and Dinner (for Colored Men in Uniform. Christmas tree with a present for each man (complimentary), 12:30-2:30 P. M. and 5:30-7:30 P. M.—Auspices of Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense, at 4-6 W. 131st St.

CHRISTMAS DINNERS

Grace Church Unit (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 19), 98 4th Ave. (near 11th St.), 12-2 P. M. (Auspices National League for Woman's Service.) By invitation. Christmas Tree—6 P. M. Singing with a leader; Christmas packages.

Wall Street Unit (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 17), 49 Broad St. Canteen open as usual day and night; Christmas dinner served.

Sea and Field Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 48), 71 W. 23d St. Christmas dinner 1 P. M. Apply for invitation cards before Christmas.

Headquarters Unit (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 5), 49 W. 27th St. "Get in touch with Unit No. 5 for what is doing all day."

Harvard Unit (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 1), Seventh Ave. at 33d St. Christmas dinner at Unit, 1-3 P. M. (given by Harvard Club.) Apply at Unit for invitation cards.

Comrade Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 37), 138 E. 37th St. Christmas dinner 1 P. M., by invitation. Afternoon dancing. Evening buffet supper.

Volunteers of America Service Club and Hotel for Enlisted Men (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 29), 530 Seventh Ave. (near 39th St.) Christmas Day dinner and entertainment, 11 A. M.-8 P. M.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 24 (National League for Woman's Service), 281 Madison Ave. (39th St.) Open House all day. Christmas Tree. Informal entertaining. Dancing in evening. Canteen open as usual.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 3, 17 E. 41st St. Open House all day. Christmas night dinner from 5:30-8 P. M. Jazz music.

St. Thomas's Church Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 20), 8 W. 53d St. Parishioners will entertain soldiers at Christmas dinner.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 8, 64th St. and Central Park West, 1 P. M. Christmas dinners (250 free). Party in afternoon. Buffet supper at 25c a person, 6-8:30 P. M. Dance 8-11 P. M.

National Lutheran Commission Service Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 26), 312 W. 72d St. Christmas dinner at 6 P. M.

Khaki and Blue Home Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 31), 108 W. 77th St. Christmas day and evening entertainment.

Sailors' and Soldiers' Home Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 4), 681 West End Ave. (cor. 93d St.) Free Canteen from 1-11 P. M. Entertainment all day. (given by Riverside Community House (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 35), Riverside Park at 97th St. Open House. Christmas dinner, 1 P. M. Christmas tree. Special invitations to men of the fleet.

Y. W. H. A., 31 W. 110th St., 7 P. M.

Harlem Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 12), 136 E. 127th St. (cor. Lexington Ave.) Christmas dinner at the club.

W. C. C. S. Unit No. 2, 70 Manhattan St. (126th St.) Christmas Day entertainment. Dinner 12-2:30 P. M.

Hayward Unit (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 14), for Colored Men, 2,388 Seventh Ave. (137th St.) Entertainment Christmas Day. Refer to Unit for information.

CHRISTMAS BREAKFAST (Complimentary)—Enlisted Men's Club at Christ Church (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 51), Broadway and 71st St. 9-11 A. M.

CHRISTMAS TREES

CHRISTMAS TREE, ENTERTAINMENT AND IMPROMPTUS—Y. M. C. A. Eagle Hut, Bryant Park, 42d St. and 6th Ave., 8:30 P. M. New cafeteria open with special features.

CHRISTMAS DINNER (Complimentary) 12:30-2:30 P. M. and 5:30-7:30 P. M.

Auspices of Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defence, at 40th St. and 5th Ave., City Hall Park, and 1845 Broadway (near 61st St.). Christmas Tree at Each Place with a Present for Every Man Who Is a Guest. Christmas Tree, 12:30-7:30 P. M.

CHRISTMAS PARTY AND TREE—Seventh Assembly District Soldiers', Sailors' and Marines' Club (W. C. C. S. Unit No. 52), 2228 Broadway (80th St.), 3 P. M. Light refreshments.

For further events of Christmas Week see WEEKLY NEWS CALENDAR at any W. C. C. S. Unit or Information Booth.

LOOKING FOR A JOB?

Uncle Sam has his Federal Employment Service at work for you in New York and all over the country.

Definite announcements will soon be available at W. C. C. S. Clubs and Information Booths.

Better not waste any time or money. As soon as you know for sure when you will go back to civil life register with the Public Employment Service.

New York War Camp Community Service

15 E. 40th St.
Telephone
Murray Hill
8210

150 DEAD ON LIST OF 107TH INFANTRY

Incomplete Casualties Report Compiled by Veterans Covers Only Half of Unit.

LIST LARGELY OF 7TH MEN

Few from 2d New York, Incorporated in 107th, or from Overseas Replacement Troops.

An honor roll of about 150 members of the old 7th Regiment of the New York National Guard who perished in the overseas service with the 107th Infantry, fighting as part of the 27th Division, composed of the National Guard troops from this State, has been compiled by Victor A. Hooke, a veteran of Company H, 7th Regiment, and other veterans of the regiment, and is to be published in The Seventh Regiment Gazette this month. An additional list of about seventy-five veterans wounded in the service also has been compiled.

In giving out the list Mr. Hooke explained that it had been compiled from the official reports of the War Department as well as from unofficial reports from members of the regiment serving overseas, and the majority of the deaths reported on the honor roll of the regiment had been confirmed by additional letters from other members of the company, either to the regimental magazines here or to members of the soldiers' families. It is believed by the veterans that few mistakes will be found in the list, because, in preparing it, they were anxious to spare sorrow to those who might be affected by an inaccurate report of a casualty.

This honor roll of 150 names contains the reports of only a few men of the old 2d Infantry of the National Guard that became a part of the 107th Infantry in the reorganization of the Guard into the 27th Division at Camp Wadsworth. About 145 men on the roll of honor were veterans of the old 7th, and because that unit represented slightly more than one-half the total personnel of the regiment when it went overseas those who compiled the list point out that it is in no way a complete report of the losses of the 107th Infantry in the fighting with the British in Belgium, or even of the losses among the veterans of the 7th New York.

According to the information of the veterans of the regiment here the majority of the men on the honor roll were killed in action, thus indicating to them the probability that the number of wounded in the regiment when the totals are given out will vary greatly from the official reports of the total casualties of the regiment and of the 27th division. They believe that the number of wounded will be several hundred, and in an effort to reach an estimate they have asked that all the relatives of men in the 7th who have reports of casualties send them to the armory, at Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street or to The Seventh Regiment Gazette.

Some of the veterans commented upon the official report from General March in Washington that the total casualties of the 27th Division overseas, as shown by the lists on file in the War Department on Dec. 8, were only forty-four officers and 1,109 men, "from all causes." It is the belief of the veterans that the total casualties of the 107th Infantry itself will be as large as that, and they point to the citations of allied officers as proof that the casualties in the infantry regiments in the division have been large.

Losses in 27th Division.

The total personnel of the 107th Regiment is only about one-tenth that of the 27th Division, and there are three other infantry regiments of the same strength, as well as three artillery regiments, a regiment of engineers, signal troops, trains, military police, medical troops, and other auxiliary troops. None of the tables of losses of the other units of the National Guard in the 27th Division are available here, inasmuch as the depot and auxiliary units have not endeavored to keep a list of the casualties. Many losses also have been reported in the 106th Infantry, composed of the 23d and 14th Regiments of Brooklyn, among the killed in action being Lieut. Col. Morris N. Liebmann and several other officers.

Not all the wounded reported at the 7th Regiment Armory here by relatives have been tabulated because of the lack of workers, and it is pointed out by those who compiled the list that it is an inadequate report. Despite efforts to get losses among the men of the 2d New York Infantry, now serving as part of the 107th, little progress has been made because the separate companies in the old unit came from nine different up-State towns. Their losses have been given by relatives to newspapers in their own towns, and few have reached the 7th Regiment Armory here.

The honor roll of the 7th Regiment contains also the names of sixty other men, most of them commissioned officers, who had received part of their training in the 7th New York and had been transferred to other commands. Among them are Major James A. McKenna, a 7th Regiment veteran, who was killed at the Ourcq at the head of his battalion of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division; Major Clarence Fahnestock of the 301st Infantry, Captain James S. Slosson of the 106th Infantry, 27th Division; Lieutenants David Ker and Francis Appleton Wood of the Aviation Section; Captain Frederick W. Cobb of the 369th Infantry; Lieutenant Conrad Crawford of the 47th, Adse Champollion and William H. Taller of the French Army, and Sergeant Joyce Kilmer and several others who were transferred from the 7th to the old 69th New York when the 165th Infantry was made up for the Rainbow Division.

A great part of the losses were suffered by the regiment in the fighting near the Hindenburg line in the Peronne and Bullecourt region late in September, and because few of their casualties cover the fighting done later by the unit the compilers believe their work is not finished yet. From the notes printed in the magazine it appears that Company L of the 107th suffered the heaviest losses. Captain Fancher Nicoll was killed, three Lieutenants were wounded, and one was taken prisoner. The incomplete honor roll of the regiment follows:

CAPTAINS.

Fisk, Clinton E.	Nicol, Fancher.
Hayward, Harry W.	

LIEUTENANTS.

Cassidy, M. F.	Hammond, B. T.
Cramer, M. E.	Hellquist, Oscar.
Gow, Kenneth.	Raven, R. M.
Gundlach, H. W.	Schwab, S. M.
Hall, P. M.	Willis, Edward.

SERGEANTS.

Aulick, H. H.	Heflin, Paul A.
Bowles, Whitney.	Holt, H. B.
Boyer, M. S.	Kelly, U. B., Jr.
Brown, F. H., Jr.	Lawson, A. E.
Brunig, P. M.	O'Connell, G. F.
Conklin, Kennedy.	Sell, Edward L.
Dieterlin, G. E.	Scott, Edward.
Drabble, W. W.	Smith, R. H.
Gudebrod, F. C., Jr.	Todd, T. W.
Hamilton, R. D.	Vedder, H. B.

CORPORALS.

Baldwin, M. S.	McCabe, J. C.
Brady, F. B.	McClure, R. A.
Breck, S. P.	McDonald, A. J.
Bush, A. L.	McKay, H. J.
Church, A. B.	McLeod, Paul.
Collins, Peter, Jr.	McMurray, G. P.
Cushman, J. R.	McNally, R. J.
Delahunt, S. K.	McIntyre, H. V.
Duane, R. J.	Maxon, H. E.
Dufau, E. H.	Nelsel, J. P.
Everett, T. H.	O'Shea, T. E.
Frankenberg, W.	Pritchett, D. L.
Galwey, Thomas.	Raven, Robert S.
Goetz, C. A.	Roedelsperger, C. E.
Gordon, H. W.	Scannel, H. L.
Gould, Charles.	Schultes, Nicholas.
Harris, E. R.	Sturges, Maurice.
Ingersoll, H. J.	Vedder, J. O.
Kin, A. A.	Whittle, J. R.
Kunhardt, H. W.	Winslow, H. L.
Leonard, W. A.	

PRIVATES.

Blauvelt, O.	Lytle, S. H.
Beaver, R. T.	McCool, J. J.
Bell, C. J.	McCormick, J. K.
Bowen, C. N.	McGlue, J. R.
Carr, R. J.	McLoughlin, Joseph.
Cassidy, J. H.	McNamara, E. J.
Chard, G. C.	Mallay, J. J., Jr.
Clayton, Arthur.	Masterson, E. M.
Cudmore, J. W.	Maybury, R. T.
Cummings, J. B.	Meeker, A. W.
Dearing, H. A.	Mindil, P. K., Jr.
De Baun, Henry.	Montgomery, R. A.
Douglass, J. E.	Nelsel, J. P.
Duane, Alexander G.	Odell, J. J.
Dudley, H. T.	O'Reilly, W. J.
Ericksen, F. F.	Owings, S. D. S.
Ficke, A. H.	Paul, E. E.
Finnegan, J. L.	Pauly, W. C.
Ferguson, Harold.	Pierpont, Matthew McKee.
Friedlander, F.	Pullen, W. D. V.
Gaskell, H. H.	Romaine, Edward.
Guiney, D. Q.	Rowe, C. W.
Hanson, J. P.	Schmid, Oscar, Jr.
Hawley, Bronson.	Schneider, G. J.
Hennessy, J. M.	Stack, John.
Hoffman, A. A.	Stumpf, J. F.
Hunnewell, D. P.	Strauch, E. M.
Keenan, F.	Sturges, Maurice.
Kelso, Glen.	Tenney, L. S., Jr.
Kennedy, J. M.	Terwilliger, J. E.
Korony, T. P.	Tieman, F. A.
Lemmon, William.	Volkert, W. F.
Lenehan, F. L.	Walker, R. S., G., Jr.
Leone, Vincent.	Wallenstein, F., Jr.
Lilienthal, H., Jr.	Wells, E. W.
Lobdell, A. J., Jr.	Williams, R. A.
Lowerre, E. B.	Wilson, C. S.

WOUNDED.

CAPTAINS.

Andrews, W. G.	Nichols, George P.

LIEUTENANTS.

Buell, R. P.	McAnerny, John.
Byrns, R. A.	Van Schaik, W. L.
Hallock, Russell.	Vollbracht, Robert.
Lumley, A. G.	

SERGEANTS.

Aulick, H. H.	Neeley, F. S., Jr.
Berry, J. M.	Reeves, A. A., Jr.
Lang, W. G.	Rowe, George.
Lewis, Peter.	Sanford, J. B., Jr.

CORPORALS.

Bradford, E. G.	Martin, Philip, Jr.
Cutler, M. D.	Maxon, H. E.
Doane, F. H., Jr.	Sell, C. S. L.
Durar, L. H.	Van Wagoner, L. S.
Everett, T. H.	Vedder, J. O.
Jackson, J. D.	Winslow, G. W.
Knipe, W. D.	Zabriskie, J. T.
Lee, J. P., Jr.	

PRIVATES.

Aspden, D. M.	Kaufmann, J. F.
Atkinson, Clarence.	Mailley, T. C.
Brown, C. A.	Morton, Samuel.
Brown, F. O.	Murphy, H. T.
Burke, E. J.	Murphy, John.
Callahan, C. C.	Murphy, Timothy.
Clarke, J. W., Jr.	Nellan, W. J.
Cole, W. B. F.	Nelson, C. O., Jr.
Collins, W. J.	Pellington, R. T.
Collins, Joseph.	Quinn, R. A.
Couse, C. E.	Rayner, E. B.
Erdman, Addison.	Raynor, C. E.
Farrell, F. L.	Rhinelander, T. J. O.
Fowler, H. B.	Roth, Benjamin.
Granger, J. M.	Sharp, E. C.
Hageneyer, G. K.	Trimble, L. K.
Henry, W. T.	Ware, F. C.
James, Ralph.	Wilson, L. A.

After the honor roll had been compiled a list of thirty-one members of Company L, reported to have been killed in the fighting on Sept. 28 and 29 was furnished to the regiment by Gregory Kelly of 115 West 106th Street, who arrived from an English hospital on an army transport last week and is now in St. Mary's Hospital at Hoboken. The list was sent in a letter to Claude Wixon, who was convalescing in an English hospital, by Arthur H. Parks, himself a member of Company L, who was wounded early in the fight and walked back over the field, caring for the wounded and taking the names of his comrades who had fallen.

Among those whose names have already been received by the 7th Regiment from other sources for the roll of honor are Sergeant Whitney Bowles, Arthur Clayton, Corporal Thomas H. Everett, McKee Morrison, S. H. McNaier, G. J. Schneider, Elmore Terwilliger, and Stafford C. Wilson. The families of several of these soldiers have received official notices from the War Department in the last few days. Many of the other names on the list are not on the rolls of the old 7th New York, and are believed to be those of men who joined the regiment at Spartanburg or were in replacement troops assigned to the 107th overseas.

An effort is being made by the veterans now to find the names of these men who were on the list: Bump, Bonnell, Corporal Coffey, Cummings, Anthony Carrell, Corporal Donnelly, Elias, Garrison, Hendy, Horowitz, Johnson, Karknlu, Lobdell, Sergeant Lewis, McGraw, Paul, First Sergt. Scott, Vaughn Smith, Wescott, Corporal Waterbury, Walter Williams, Weiss, and Tompkins. Men of similar names were in other companies of the regiment, and the veterans are trying to verify the list.

INSTRUCTION.

Learn SPANISH On Your Own Victrola

With the war over business firms by hundreds are searching for men and women with a working knowledge of Spanish to help handle South American trade. They offer splendid salaries with opportunities for travel and rapid advancement.

In order to quickly train people to meet this need, the International Correspondence Schools have prepared a special course by which you can easily acquire a working knowledge of Spanish for commercial use right at home in spare time.

The entire course consists of fifty lessons on thirteen double disc records together with simple, explanatory texts. The discs can be used on any machine that will play Victor or Columbia records.

No classes to bother with, no going and coming to take up your time. You learn in the comfort and quiet of your own home with no one around to embarrass you. You get the absolutely correct pronunciation of native teachers. Study when you find it convenient for as long or short a time as you wish. No tiresome questions to answer or examinations to take. Your Victrola is your teacher.

The I. C. S. Language Method is based on 27 years' experience in teaching men and women in their own homes. It is endorsed by leading educators and over 40,000 delighted students.

It will cost you nothing to find out all about this simple, easy plan. Just write a letter or post-card and say: "Send me full details about the new course in Spanish."

International Correspondence Schools
Box 9020, Scranton, Pa.

The Polytechnic Institute

Resumes its Regular Technical Courses In Engineering and Chemistry

Qualified Students May Be Admitted At Once

New Term Begins December 30th; Last Date of Registration January 2d.
85-99 Livingston Street, Brooklyn.

New York Preparatory SCHOOL 30TH YEAR

(DAY DEPT., DWIGHT SCHOOL)
New York—72 Park Av., bet. 38-39th Sts.
Brooklyn—Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Avs.
PREPARES ESPECIALLY FOR
REGENTS and COLLEGE EXAMINATIONS
also WEST POINT and ANNAPOLIS
NEW TERM BEGINS JANUARY 27.
Send for Catalog & "Success in Regents' Exams."

FILING AND INDEXING.
Positions open for our Graduates after a month's intensive training. Day and Evening Classes. Visitors welcome any time. Over three thousand graduates. Catalogue.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

SEEKING A BOARDING SCHOOL? Address Co-Operative Schools' Agency, 70 Park Row, N. Y. Your Interest Will Be Well Served.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 WEST 45th St. Secretarial training, individual instruction.

WOOD'S BUSINESS SCHOOL
FIFTH AVE. AND 125TH ST.
29th Year. 60,000 Graduates.

ITALIAN, with or without teacher. COLUMBUS MAGAZINE, 132 Nassau St.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

24 Years at This Address Means Something.

REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING

Tel. Col. 4684. 913-915 8th Ave.
Send for Free Illustrated Booklet.
OPEN DAILY, 10 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

POLICE ARE HOSTS TO THE CITY'S POOR

Thousands of Children Receive Presents and Food in Most of the Stations.

MANY GIFTS FOR SOLDIERS

War Camp Community Service and Other Agencies Arranging Entertainments for Them.

Thousands of children were entertained at Christmas tree celebrations yesterday by members of the Police Department at station houses throughout the city, as well as by workers in community and settlement houses, churches, schools, and other institutions observing the custom of brightening the season for families who lack means of observing the season themselves. From many of the police stations packages of food and clothing also were distributed among the needy.

A little girl standing at the Christmas tree in West Sixty-eighth Street station expressed her joy at the generosity of the police by confiding to a Sergeant that her mother had told her to pray for a doll, and added her surprise that her prayer had been answered. This was typical of many children who viewed the police invitation to a party with some suspicion. In the West Sixty-eighth Street Station Captain Frank Tierney took the part of Santa Claus to the joy of some 5,000 children. The first group came at 10 o'clock and the entertainment in their honor was given at intervals until a very tired Santa Claus made an entry on the "blotter" and went home last night. As the children entered they were confronted with a great tree fairly loaded down with presents and ornaments. While the children were still looking an orchestra began to play, and later theatrical folk fairly kept the small guests screaming with laughter.

In Other Police Stations.

The police of the East Fifty-first Street Station were hosts to 2,200 children. Captain William Duggan, dressed as Santa Claus, was waiting to welcome each little visitor, with an entertainment committee of policemen. Each child got a "Christmas bundle," and in some cases the bundle was almost too much for the child to lug away.

Captain Maurice Hannon played Santa Claus to 2,250 children in the Elizabeth Street Station house. Here there were not only toys, but the police also sent out substantial gifts of food to poor families in the precinct. Rear Admiral Usher and Commander F. D. Burns of the Third Naval District, and Deputy Police Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis, were present and helped to entertain the children. At the West 135th Street Station about 850 children were made happy. Basket dinners were also given away to the needy. Captain P. Day of the West 152d Street Station estimated last night after the tree lights had been put out and the entertainers had gone that about 600 children had been entertained and sent away carrying gifts.

At the East Eighty-eighth Street Station, in charge of Captain Patrick J. Cray, about 2,500 children were entertained. The searcher for pure joy could have ended his search at the East Sixty-seventh Street Station, where Lieutenant John Tinker cut short his vacation to play Santa Claus. He took up the rôle at the unanimous request of every man in the station house, and he gave presents to 1,000 small guests who were afterward allowed to dance and disport themselves in defiance of every station house rule. Captain James Wall headed the Reception Committee.

At the Morrisania Station, in the Bronx, about 400 children were present, and 200 mothers received the "fixings" of a holiday dinner from Captain John J. Lantry. About 200 children attended an entertainment in the Red Cross rooms at the Kingsbridge Police Station. Captain Matthew McKeon distributed presents. Two jazz bands provided music in the East 126th Street Station and every one danced.

Other Entertainments.

Besides police entertainments, there were plenty of other chances for the children of the city to enjoy Christmas. There was fun in plenty all day in the house of the Bowling Green Neighborhood Association, 45 West Street. At least 1,200 children visited there during the day and 250 baskets of food were sent out to families. The children were admitted by age groups, this having been provided for by issuing colored tickets. Each received several presents from the tree and there was singing and other entertainment. Albert Rucus, President of the Boy's Club, and Joseph Zalloom, relayed in the part of St. Nick. The association, through the co-operation of the Women's Apparel Association, was able to send out 500 packages of clothing.

The Christmas celebration of the Social Service Bureau of Bellevue Hospital, of which Miss Mary E. Wadley is the head began its Christmas season yesterday and will continue it throughout the week. Twenty children, ten boys and ten girls, representing the most needy cases found in the work of the Social Service Bureau, were entertained by Mrs. William Adams Delano of 131 East Thirty-sixth Street. There was a real Christmas dinner for the children and plenty of gifts. The doctors, nurses, and social service workers of Bellevue Medical Clinic entertained 100 children at their clubhouse at 421 East Twenty-fifth Street. All the children received gifts.

More than 12,000 families received supplies for Christmas dinner, yesterday from the Christmas Fund of the New York American. The distribution was made at the Armory of the 69th Regiment, in Lexington Avenue at Twenty-fifth Street. The Fireman's and the Letter Carrier's Bands furnished music during the day. About 250 children also were entertained by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Presents were distributed, and the guests were entertained by volunteer actors from theatres here.

Program for Soldiers.

An elaborate Christmas program for soldiers and sailors was begun by the War Camp Community Service yesterday. Its plans for the entertainment of men in uniform will be continued until after New Year's Day, and there is not an hour in the week that soldiers, sailors, and marines cannot find entertainment somewhere. A feature of the entertainment provided for uniformed men is the Christmas tree parties, homelike gatherings where the men may make merry. This feature especially appeals to men from small towns. One party of this kind was held in St. Thomas's Church Club, at 8 West Fifty-third Street.

The Cardinal Farley Soldiers' and Sailors' Service Club, at 15 East Thirtieth Street, entertained 200 soldiers and sailors last night. Arrangements have been made to furnish three meals today, including a turkey dinner, to 500 or 600 service men. There will be no charge for the meals. The club has a dormitory with 200 beds, a writing room, reading room, billiard room, bowling alley, and a canteen.

The Pershing Club, for officers of the United States and allied nations, was opened in the old St. Bartholomew's Church, at Forty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, and Christmas Day there will be celebrated by an "open house" for men in uniform. There will be a continuous vaudeville show, starting at 10 o'clock in the morning and lasting until 11 o'clock at night. There will also be dancing in the afternoon and evening, and refreshments will be served. After 5 o'clock in the afternoon the club will be open only to officers. Another event of the day was the opening of the Debarkation Hostess House, at Forty-first Street and Lexington Avenue, by the Young Women's Christian Association. Here in the afternoon some of the soldiers from out of town met women relatives.

Christmas celebrations in Wall Street yesterday were hampered by the steady rain, and there was an absence of the usual skylarking of brokers on the different exchanges in the last sessions before Christmas. On the Consolidated Stock Exchange a brass band appeared about 1 o'clock and business was suspended when the national anthem was being played. From then on until the close of business an hour later the band played patriotic and popular music, and the Consolidated brokers paid little attention to buying and selling.

After 3 o'clock the trading floor was thrown open to visitors and dancing and merrymaking continued until 4 o'clock.

One of the bright spots in the financial district was the Wall Street Navy Canteen, which is run for the benefit of navy men and women below the Curb Market at Broad Street. Captain H. Renwick Earle and her volunteer workers, aided by yeowomen and yeomen, saw to it that a big Christmas tree in the canteen was decorated.

Rain prevented the carnival arranged for last night at the Tree of Light in Madison Square, but the tree will be illuminated regardless of the weather. The allied children who were to have been the hosts have postponed their carnival to Thursday night at 6 o'clock. It will continue until 9 o'clock. The Tree of Light is under the auspices of the anonymous group of persons who have decorated it for several years. The tree at the Battery put up by the War Camp Community Service will also be illuminated every night this week.

Rain also prevented the out-of-doors program at the dedication of New Temple Place, Schermerhorn Street and Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, last night. Services were held in the Central Y. W. C. A. The Christmas tree that has been put up by the Central Y. W. C. A. was lighted up.

A striking Christmas Eve celebration took place on Swinburne Island. The wounded sailors from the Naval Hospital erected on the lonely island a Tree of Light as Christmas beacon to the incoming ships. One of the wounded boys was asked why they had put up the tree, covered with many colored lights, far away from any city, and he replied:

"Those boys coming in will be glad to know some one has remembered them, and that they are going to have friends and stockings when they land. It is Christmas on the water the same as it is on land."

Many Entertainments Today.

Many and elaborate are the programs for the celebration today. The activities of the Salvation Army will include Christmas celebration in Madison Square, the Christmas tree at the Forty-first Street Hotel, and the entertainment at its huts at Camp Dix. There will be a dinner for 1,500 army men by the Rocky Mountain Club at the Astor at 1 P. M.

The Women's Apparel Association will give a Christmas party at 4 o'clock in the Buell Terminal Sales Building, 130 West Forty-second Street. The guests will be the children of men in the service and needy children who have been recommended by social workers. At the Grace Memorial Newsboys Home, 244 William Street, there will be a Christmas dinner at 5 P. M. This is an annual event given by Thomas W. Lamont in memory of Evert Jansen Wendell. At night there will be a tree and the distribution of gifts. The Welfare Department of Public School 62 will act as host to forty children. It will distribute useful gifts.

The Seamen's Church Institute, 35 South Street, will keep open house today for seamen and ship officers who are at this port. The Stage Women's War Relief will present eleven programs to camps and base hospitals today, including the first entertainment to be given at the Grand Central Palace Hospital.

Fifty crippled children from Bellevue Hospital will be entertained at a Christmas tree party by Mrs. Stowe Phelps at her home, 161 East Seventy-fourth Street. The children will be taken to the party by Miss Yvonne Gourd, who has furnished a tree and gifts for the 300 children at Bellevue. The Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense will entertain 1,000 children at the Strand Theatre today. There will be a Christmas tree at the Wall Street Navy Canteen, 55 Broad Street.

BARRED-ZONE ORDER ENDED

Modified Restrictions Upon Enemy Aliens in Effect Here Today.

The order of Attorney General Gregory, effective today, abolishing waterfront and inland barred zones and terminating the registration of enemy aliens, reached local Federal officials yesterday. The text of the order follows:

"By order of the President, on and after Dec. 25 discontinue the enforcement of all regulations imposed on alien enemies of both sexes, except regulations 9 and 12 of proclamation of April 6, 17 and 19, which continue in full force. Instruct your subordinates to note carefully that all prohibited and restricted areas, both water front and inland, are abolished.

"The necessity for permits connected with alien registration is also abolished, but German and Austrian alien enemies are still subject to arrest if considered dangerous to be at large and warrants will be issued as in the past. All now arrested or interned will remain in detention and all restrictions on paroled persons must be observed by them and violations of parole will be punished."

R. W. Sprague, Jr., Special Assistant to the Attorney General, in charge of the New York Port Enemy Alien Bureau, said that the order meant the end of the zone pass system and that likewise enemy aliens now may change their places of residence without official permission. They cannot leave or enter the country, however, without special permission.

United States Marshals McCarthy in New York and Power in Brooklyn will be governed by the proclamation in future.

TO CLOSE FOREIGN BUREAU.

Creel Cables Order to Local Service Under Ernest Poole.

The Foreign Press Bureau, one of the three divisions of the Committee on Public Information will conclude its activities on Jan. 1. George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, cabled to the heads of the division to this effect recently and the announcement was made that the employes would receive a two weeks' bonus.

It is expected that the cable division will be the next one to close, and then, perhaps next June, the moving picture division will wind up its affairs. Officials of the picture division are now busy in Paris making film records of events there leading up to the peace conference.

Seventeen departments were combined in the Foreign Press Bureau, in charge of Ernest Poole. Previous incumbents of the office were Will Irwin and Edgar Sisson. The work of the bureau during the war concerned itself with the attempt to combat German propaganda abroad. Mr. Creel's agents, as well as the United States consular officials abroad, constantly notified the bureau, during the course of the war, of the arguments of the pro-German propagandists in various parts of the world.

A special mail service, conducted by the bureau, sent abroad replies in the form of news articles rewritten in condensed form from various publications in this country. The work of the bureau concerned itself mainly with the war activities of the United States Government and articles were sent abroad telling of the work of the Food Administration, of the Liberty Loan campaigns, and similar activities.

At the bureau's office, 95 Madison Avenue, it was said yesterday that many of the more than sixty employes have already obtained work elsewhere.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

9 Cents per word each insertion.

LINGERIES AND SILK UNDERWEAR Wanted.—Stock to equip several ladies' wear shops; also job quantity for our wholesale department. Rosenzweig, 1,687 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

9 Cents per word each insertion.

CAPS.—Overseas, twenty oz. khaki regulation, all wool, to close out very cheap. Co-operative Manufacturers' Assn., 24 West 4th St.

CHIFFON VELVET.—Any shade; for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

COATS.—Special closing out; 100 silk plush coats, 9-inch bottom, collar, and cuff, formerly $20, now $15.50; coats with shawl collar, $16.50; 500 silk plush coats, beaver trimmed bottom, collars, and cuffs, $11; also assorted cotton plush coats at very low prices. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS.—Salt's plush coats, fur-trimmed, full sweep, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 100 West 26th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—A few velour coats, nutria shawl collars, to close. Mohawk, 41 Division St. Orchard 7074.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk dresses, to close out, cheap. Wexler Bros., 16 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Spring line for jobbers. Fitwell Dress, 12 West 17th. Farragut 3029.

PLUSH.—50 pieces Hinds & Harrison silk plush to be sold at $3.35 net cash; Dobson's 54-inch cotton plush at $1.35, and Dobson's beaver, 50-inch, $2.10; to close on account of stock taking. Stuyvesant 3046.

PLUSHES, Velours, Kerseys.—¾ goods of all kinds; mercerized plushes; very cheap. Greeley 1121.

SUITS.—Suits for jobbing trade; better grade. 109 W. 26th St., N. Hurwitz & Son.

TAFFETAS.—All shades; for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TRICOTINES, Poiret Twill, Serges, U. S. 235, 838, 1464—9, 11433. Andon Mills, 289 4th Av.

Allied Industries.

APPAREL Wanted.—Ladies', all kinds, highest grades; unlimited quantities. National, Canal 4222.

NAPKINS.—Linfeel mercerized napkins, 22-inch, 750 doz., immediate delivery. Fischman & Co., 395 Broadway, city.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN.—Must have big following, to handle strong established line children's underwear as side line; all territories; commission. B 289 Times.

Commercial Paper.

Yesterday.....6 per cent. for the best names
Monday.....6 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Waiting for Inventories.

There is little prospect for the sale of cretonnes until after the inventories have been taken of the retail stocks. Some large orders have been received, however, from the furniture trade for use in connection with the Spring lines. But the orders that have so far been booked from the department stores are rather small in comparison with those taken in other years.

***

Could Have Sold More Goods.

The past season has been an exceptionally big one for manufacturers of children's and infants' dresses. One of the manufacturers in this line said that he had sold more goods this year than in any year before. He also added that if he could have secured the necessary labor he would have been able to increase his sales at least 25 per cent. The local trade has been exceptionally good this season, the credit being for the higher-priced merchandise. In the West business conditions are much different, the sales having been affected to a great extent by the influenza epidemic.

***

To Hold Furniture Exposition.

After the announcement had been made by the War Industries Board that the restrictions on furniture had been removed, it was decided by members of the furniture trade to hold the yearly exposition. This made it necessary for the manufacturers to rush through their sample lines, and at the same time created more of a demand for furniture coverings in the upholstery trade. At present there are comparatively few orders coming into the mills for upholstery fabrics, and the manufacturers are doing all they can to turn out the work that they have on hand.

***

Receiving Last-Minute Orders.

The demand for Japanese merchandise is increasing to such an extent that in some cases the importers are having difficulty in filling orders, owing to the limited amount of goods on hand. In this city the call has been so large that, as late as yesterday morning, orders were received from some of the Fifth Avenue shops for their Christmas trade. Teakwood chairs and stands, lamps and vases are among the more popular goods, and in the small wares Japanese novelties are being sold in large quantities.

***

Burnt Plumage Used Now.

Quite a few "smart" turbans in burnt plumage in a new shape have been seen in this market lately. These hats are regarded as excellent between-seasons models. They are offered in black or brown, crushed in a few irregular creases, and are higher in the back than at the front. A small peak at the front gives a jockey cap effect. One type of turban with a very narrow brim of black satin has a crown of burnt plumage, and is trimmed with a large fan-shaped spray of plumage across the crown.

***

Fancy Goods Sales Slow Up.

The fancy goods and notions trade ends the year in about the same way it began it—with business slow. Last January it was the heatless days that did the trick, while the influenza hit business toward the close of the year. The ending of the war also put a check on sales of merchandise that had become big, staple sellers while the fighting was going on, these goods including various kinds of knitting supplies, trench and comfort kits, &c. Yet the trade as a whole did a larger business, in dollars and cents, than in 1917, and faces 1919 with considerable optimism.

***

Some Gray Goods Business Done.

Some business was done in the local gray goods market yesterday, though many of the big traders did not come to their offices. Sheetings sales included 5.50s at 10⅝ cents and 48-square, four-yard goods at 14 cents. Among the sales made on printcloths were 39-inch 68-72s at 14⅜ cents, and 38½-inch 60-48s at 10½ cents. Deliveries will run through the coming four or five weeks.

***

Gunmetal Leather Supply Short.

Manufacturers of the better grades of shoes for men are complaining of the difficulty they are having in obtaining sufficient supplies of gunmetal leather for immediate delivery, though it appears that considerable quantities of this commodity are being shipped abroad. One of the best-known manufacturers in the trade combed the market recently without success, but later was tendered some leather of this kind that ran a bit heavier than normal. The seller had about fifty dozen skins on hand, and the manufacturer in question ordered fifteen dozen. Now the seller is trying to hedge on the sale, despite the fact that the shoe man has taken orders for the shoes into which the leather is—or, maybe, was—to be cut.

***

Drug Trading Very Quiet.

Trading in drugs is very quiet, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, owing to the holidays and stock taking. A reduction in the price of chloroform and chloral hydrate has been announced by manufacturers. Balsam tolu, vanilla beans, and quinine sulphate held in second hands have advanced. Both domestic and export business in heavy chemicals was in light volume. A few prices were easier, but prices generally remained steady, owing to light offerings. Dealers are pursuing a conservative course. Consumers of dyestuffs are buying only sufficient supplies for immediate needs. The trade welcomed the removal of restrictions from importations of dye woods which have been scarce.

PURVEYOR OF INTELLIGENCE

West Virginian Tells His Fellows How to Keep Abreast of Progress.

Down in West Virginia, high up among the mountains, is the town of Elkins, named for the late Senator. It is a rich and progressive town, which boasts a good newspaper, The Inter-Mountain. In its issue of Dec. 17, The Inter-Mountain printed this:

A New Year Wish.

To the Editor of The Elkins Inter-Mountain:

We are on the eve of the greatest act in the great war, the act of peace negotiations. Our President, as he stated in his first address in Paris, represents not himself, nor Congress, but the great American nation; that is, us, the people. What he does we in the last analysis must approve. How can we approve unless we know; how can we know unless we read and think? And we need to read from the best authorities. No paper in this country surpasses THE NEW YORK TIMES as national and international medium of the best news. This paper is too big to be partisan, too widely circulated to be provincial. Any man who wants to get at the progress of the Peace Conference will find its pages filled with the observations of the best that the newspaper profession can produce. The reporters are scholars and experts. A home that can lay this paper on its tables is entitled to have its opinions listened to.

I read it through the war, and I will read on to peace, believing that it is my patriotic duty to know what is going on now in France. There are many people who read The Inter-Mountain who can afford to read THE TIMES, too. My wish for them for the New Year is that they will subscribe to THE TIMES for six months.

Elkins, W. Va. JAMES E. ALLEN.

HYLAN STOPS POLICE GIFT.

Mayor Disapproves Fund for Commissioner's Wedding Present.

Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright returned from his wedding trip yesterday and shortly after he arrived at Police Headquarters, the Police Department fund which was being raised to give him a wedding gift, was ordered dropped. Acting Police Commissioner Leach said only $640 had been collected and that this sum would be returned to the donors at once. Mr. Leach said Mayor Hylan had written requesting that any assessment on the members of the Police Department be stopped.

Commissioner Enright's attention was called to the large number of crimes committed recently here and he said he was inclined to think that conditions were about normal. Speaking of the Brooklyn bank robbery and murders, he said:

"If we had 50,000 patrolmen and detectives it would have been impossible to prevent it. Apparently it is the work of some Western crooks who knew their business. That they seelcted the bank, and made a study of the hours of the employes and the absence of the special patrolman at that hour, indicates it was the work of professional criminals."

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

HENRY MALKAN, dealer in books at 42 Broadway.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by three creditors: Zincograph Company, $1,000; D. Appleton & Co., $1,000, and Frederick Stokes & Co., $100. Judge Hand appointed Gustav C. Wedekind receiver, bond $20,000. Liabilities are stated to be over $100,000, and assets $50,000. He had put out a large number of military books, for which, because of the signing of the armistice, there has been no market. Suits for over $30,000 are now pending against him, and other creditors are threatening him with suits. He has been in business twenty-five years, starting with a newsstand on Hanover Square. In 1904 he began the use of the trade style of the Military Publishing Company.

ANTHONY COLUMBO of 794 Ninth Av., formerly in the storage business, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,476 and assets of $1,846, consisting of real estate in the Bronx, $1,000, mortgaged for $900, and accounts, $246. The Indian Refining Company is the largest creditor, for $966.

PHOEBE SNOW LABORATORIES, INC., manufacturer of toilet and pharmaceutical preparations at 541 West 22d St., has made an assignment to Philip Scheinkman. The company was incorporated in 1917. Anthony Gold is President and Abraham Dorb Treasurer.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts of $100 and Over.)

Adderson, Dritz E.—J. L. Morschmann $120.20
Biagio, Vitagliano—F. Romeo & Co..... 150.15
Buscell, Louis—Nagle Packing Co..... 131.00
Buckley, Mildred D.—J. Haberman..... 120.72
Bozzuffi, John—D. Bozzuffi..... 1,910.40
Campbell, May—I. Kranosky 130.85
Conroy Bros., Inc.—Burrows & Kenyon..... 265.00
Cullen Motor Trucking Corp.—M. G. Wright 1,070.58
Diskin, John—Ajax Rubber Co..... 206.23
Davis, Caroline—People, &c..... 500.00
Dolare, Benjamin B.—S. Br

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.
115 Devonshire St. BOSTON — 17 Wall St. NEW YORK

Commercial and Travellers Letters of Credit on
BARING BROTHERS & CO., LTD.
LONDON

Send for Offering No. 152

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

Investments for The New Year
Bonds to Yield 5½% to 6½%
Notes to Yield 6¾% to 7¾%

A TYPE OF INVESTMENT TO INCLUDE AMONG YOUR HOLDINGS
Bonds having as their basic security value well situated hydro-electric plants are held in high esteem by discriminating investors. In some cases the bonded debt per horse-power development and the margin of earnings beyond fixed charges are so extremely favorable as to warrant the purchase of such investments by those wholly dependent upon income.
Write for Circular 1223
Describing a Bond of this Type
Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

Maury Rogers & Auchincloss
Stocks
Bonds
Cotton
Grain
Members
N. Y. Stock Exchange
N. Y. Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
25 Broad St.

Sound Investment Securities
Knauth Nachod & Kuhne
Members New York Stock Exchange
Equitable Building, New York.

NEW JERSEY SECURITIES
B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Phone Broad 6037. 12 Broadway

Mark A. Noble — Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. — New York
Chase Nat. — Otis Elevator
Hanover Nat. — D., L. & W. Coal
Telephone 1111 Broad.

F. M. Dyer & Co.
High-Grade Investment Securities
24 Broad Street, New York City
Telephone 3620 Rector.
Boston — New Haven

Bankers Trust Rights
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, 'Phone 7663 Rector

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Again Unsettled by Decline in Traction Issues—Time Funds Easier.

The local traction situation was brought sharply to the attention of the financial community again yesterday through further declines in bonds and stocks of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, the Interborough-Consolidated Company and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. Several issues of bonds and notes receded to new low levels for the year, and the stocks were under pressure all the way along. Presumably the selling of these issues, which has reached out into other local public utility securities, has been promoted by disappointment among holders because pleas for increased service rates have not received favorable attention in city administrative quarters. The decline of the traction issues by itself was enough to impart a bearish atmosphere to the market, and the general tendency of prices downward reflected the attitude of traders.

The reduction of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company's dividend from $2 to $1.50 per share for the quarter worked to depress sentiment toward the copper share list and was an unsettling element elsewhere during the afternoon. The cut came as a surprise and was particularly unwelcome to followers of the metal issues, inasmuch as it appeared to emphasize the problems of the readjustment period. While production costs were known to have advanced in case of the Anaconda Company as well as the others which issue quarterly statements, the Street had thought the old dividend rate was justified by profits and would be continued, at least for some time longer. In the absence of an official explanation for the Directors' action it was assumed that the company desired to conserve cash until the metal market had become re-established on a peace basis. A significant development, and one new in the experience of American business, was the appearance of a definite quotation for copper to be sold abroad. This not only denoted an effort to reopen the market on a new basis but showed that producers had quickly perfected plans after the armistice was signed to unite under the Webb-Pomerene law for joint operations in the foreign markets. The quotation of 23 cents marks a substantial recession from the former Government price and is expected before the turn of the year to have influence in guiding the early stages of domestic consumption. It remains to be seen, of course, whether the buyers of other countries will be attracted immediately, and upon their activities will depend to a considerable extent the willingness or reluctance of purchasers at home to place contracts. Doubtless, the quotation will be put forward in the way of an initial experiment from which deductions may be made as to ways for handling the market in the future.

The quality of dealings in stocks indicated that short sellers were active; in fact, the market had as many earmarks of professional operations as at any time prior to the holiday season. In the steel issues uncertainty over the demand for finished products during the next few weeks seemed to find expression in a gradual melting-away process, while the railroad issues moved in a highly irregular fashion. The Liberty bond market was heavy, eliminating a part of the preceding day's advances. Call money had a firmer tone than on Monday, but at the same time accommodation of the longer maturities softened, some loans of six months' money going at 5½ per cent.

Trading Dull on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Trading on the Bourse today was without animation. The exchange will be closed tomorrow.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6
Low 4½	Low 5
Renewals 4½	Renewals 5
Last 6	Last 6

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4¾

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days....5 @5¼	Sixty days.....5¼
Ninety days...5¼@5¾	Ninety days.....5½
Four months...5¼@5¾	Four months...5¼@5¾
Five months...5¼@5¾	Five months...5¼@5¾
Six months...5¼@5¾	Six months....5½@5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅛
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days.....5¼@5¾
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5¾

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5¾@6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.7580	$4.7580	$4.7580	..
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45½	5.45½	5.45¼	..
Cables	5.45	5.45	5.45	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close.—Demand or Checks.	Cables.	Monday.
4.8665 London	$4.7580	$4.76⅛	$4.76⅛
5.1813 Paris	5.45½	5.45	..
China—			
Hongkong	81.00	81.25	..
Peking	131.50	131.75	..
Shanghai	123.00	123.25	..
40.29 Holland	42.50	42.75	..
19.30 Greece	19.35	19.45	..
32.44 India—			
Bombay	35.43	*35.73	..
Calcutta	35.43	*35.73	..
5.1813 Italy	6.36	6.35	..
Japan—			
Kobe	53.25	53.50	..
Yokohama	53.25	53.50	..
19.30 Spain	20.05	20.14	..
50.00 Philippine Islands—			
Manila	49.875	50.00	..
26.80 Scandinavia—			
Stockholm	29.20	29.45	..
Copenhagen	26.875	27.125	..
Christiania	28.00	28.25	..
South America—			
42.64 Buenos Aires	45.10	45.25	..
94.42 Rio	25.60	26.75	..
5.1818 Switzerland	4.78	4.82	..
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.	..
100 rubles	16.40	16.70	..
500 rubles	16.30	16.60	..

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers'— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71¾	$4.72⅛	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $761,024,708; balance, $57,430,439; United States Treasury debit balance, $796,294; Federal Reserve credit balance, $38,731,083.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $15.625 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 7-16d; in New York, $1.01⅛ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	....	8.50	....	8.50
Antimony	7.37½	7.62½	7.37½	7.62½
Quicksilver	*$115.00	....	*$115.00	....
Aluminium	*38.00	....	*38.00	....
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	....	39.50	....	39.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	112	0	0	111	10	0
Copper, future	99	0	0	98	0	0
Tin, spot	206	0	0	204	0	0
Tin, futures	254	0	0	255	0	0
Spelter	56	0	0	56	0	0
Lead	40	10	0	40	10	0

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Rec.
Am. P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 26
Anaconda Cop.	$1.50	Q	Feb. 24	Jan. 18
Arlington Mills	$2	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 23
Do	$2	Sp	Jan. 2	Dec. 23
Cardenas Am Sug.pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Central Leather	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 10
Chemical Nat.	3½	Bi-mo	Jan. 2	.....
Elec. L. & P. Abington and Rockland	$4	SA	Jan. 2	Dec. 26
E. Brantingham pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
N. Y. Dock	2½	—	Feb. 15	Feb. 4
Northern Pacific	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 3
Sec. Nat. Bank	3	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 31
Truscon Steel	4	—	Jan. 15	Jan. 5

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, DEC. 24, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	425,504	Holiday	796,050
Year to date	139,287,900	180,567,450	232,424,328

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
45	47¾	500	Adams Express	48¼	48¼	45½	45½	−2¾
57	59	300	Advance Rumely pf	58	58	57¾	58	...
63	66	200	Ajax Rubber	66¼	66¼	65½	65½	−1½
1	1¼	3,000	Ajax Rubber rights	1¼	1¼	1	1	−¼
3⅜	3⅝	2,700	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	...
1⅞	1⅞	4,500	Alaska Juneau	1¾	2	1⅝	1⅝	...
30½	30½	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	31	31	30¼	30½	− ⅜
83¾	85	300	Allis-Chalmers pf	84¾	84½	84½	84½	+ ½
98½	101¼	100	Am. Ag. Chemical	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ ¼
62½	63	900	Am. Beet Sugar	62½	62½	61¼	62½	...
45⅝	46	6,000	Am. Can	46⅝	46⅝	45⅝	45⅝	− ⅜
96	98½	200	Am. Can pf	97¾	98	97¾	98	+1½
87¼	87½	800	Am. Car & Found	86⅝	87¼	86½	87¼	+ ⅛
109	117	10	Am. Car & F. pf	109½	109½	109½	109½	+2
39	39¼	100	Am. Cotton Oil	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+ ⅛
84	86	100	Am. Express	85½	85½	85½	85½	− ½
13	13½	2,600	Am. Hide & Leath	13½	13½	13	13	− ¼
67	67½	8,300	Am. Hide & L. pf	68⅝	68¾	67¾	67¾	−1¼
55	56½	100	Am. Ice pf	56¾	56¾	56½	56½	− ¼
54⅜	54⅞	300	Am. International	54⅝	54⅝	54⅜	54⅜	− ⅜
44½	45	500	Am. Linseed	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	...
60½	61	900	Am. Locomotive	60⅝	61	60½	60⅝	− ⅜
4½	4⅝	200	Am. Malting	4½	4½	4½	4½	− ⅛
75½	75⅝	21,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	77⅝	77⅞	75½	75½	−2⅜
106½	107½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	107½	107½	107	107	− ½
84	86	400	Am. Steel Found	85	85	84½	84½	− ½
110½	111	1,000	Am. Sugar Ref	111	111	110½	110½	− ½
95½	96	600	Am. Sumatra Tob	95½	95½	94½	95½	− ½
98½	99	400	Am. Tel. & Tel	98½	98½	98¼	98¼	− ¼
98½	99	80	Am. T. & T., odd lot	98	98	98	98	...
98½	99¼	10	Am. Tob. pf., new	99	99	99	99	...
50⅝	51½	1,300	Am. Woolen	52	52	50¾	50⅝	−1⅝
27½	28	900	Am. Writ. Paper pf	28½	28½	27½	27½	−1½
60⅞	61	24,600	Anaconda Copper	63	63	60¾	60⅞	−2½
⅝	1¼	500	Assets Realization	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	+ ⅛
17½	18½	100	Assoc. Dry Goods	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	− ⅛
66½	69½	300	Associated Oil	69	69	68¾	68¾	−1⅝
90	90½	2,100	At., Top. & S. F	90¾	90¾	90¼	90½	...
89	89½	300	At., Top. & S. F. pf	89	89½	89	89¼	− ¾
6¾	7½	200	Atlanta, Birm. & At	7½	7½	7	7	...
109	110	200	At., Gulf & W. I	109¾	109¾	109	109	−2
73½	73⅝	4,000	Baldwin Locomot	74¾	74¾	73¼	73¾	−1
52¾	53	2,069	Baltimore & Ohio	52½	53	52½	53	+ ¼
55½	56½	1,800	Baltimore & O. pf	57	57	55½	55½	−1½
102	103	300	Barrett Co	103½	103½	103	103	−1
102	103	60	Barrett Co., odd lot	104	104	104	104	...
1⅝	1¾	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...
61½	62	600	Bethlehem Steel	60¾	61¾	60¾	61⅞	− ⅛
61½	61⅝	5,700	Beth. Steel, Class B	61½	61¾	61¼	61½	− ¼
103⅞	104¼	700	Beth. Steel 8% pf	104¼	104¼	104	104	− ¼
21⅞	22	600	Booth Fisheries	22	22½	22	22	− ¼
26	26¼	12,700	Brook. Rapid Tran	28	28	25½	26¼	−1⅛
75	93	200	Brook. Union Gas	81	81	80½	80½	− ¾
8¼	8⅝	100	Bruns.Tr. & Ry.Sec	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	− ⅛
38½	40	2,700	Butte Copper & Z	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	− ¼
19	19½	800	Butte & Superior	19	19¼	18¾	19¼	...
47¼	47¾	100	California Packing	47¼	47¾	47¼	47¾	+ ¼
20¾	21½	200	California Petrol	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
155	156	1,100	Canadian Pacific	156	156	155	155	− ¾
58½	60½	9,800	Central Leather	58½	58¾	56¼	56¾	−1⅞
37	40	100	Certain-Teed Prod	37½	37½	37½	37½	− ⅜
32½	33	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33½	33½	33	33	− ⅜
104	105	100	Chandler Motor	104	104	104	104	−2
55	56	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	56	56	55¾	55¾	− ¼
6¾	10¼	500	Chicago & Alton	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7½	− ⅛
12	14	100	Chicago & Alton pf	12	12	12	12	−1½
23½	25½	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	+ ⅛
40⅝	40⅞	4,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	41¾	41¾	40⅝	40⅝	− ⅞
74½	74⅝	1,730	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	75¼	76⅝	74½	74½	− ⅞
96¼	96½	2,700	Chi. & Northwest	97½	97½	96¼	96¼	− ⅛
25⅝	25⅞	2,000	Chi., R. I. & Pac	25½	25¾	25⅛	25⅛	− ⅛
79½	79⅝	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	79¾	79¾	79¼	79¼	− ⅛
65	66	400	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	65	65¾	65	65	− ⅛
18¾	19	800	Chile Copper	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	− ⅛
33	33½	900	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅞	33	33	− ⅜
38½	40	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	38½	38½	38½	38½	− ⅜
39½	40	600	Columbia Gas & El	39½	39¾	39	39	− ⅛
94½	95	4,600	Consolidated Gas	97½	97½	94½	94½	−2½
8⅝	9½	500	Con. Interst. Cal. M	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
67¼	69	800	Continental Can	68	68	67¾	68	...
46¼	46⅝	5,100	Corn Prod. Ref	46⅝	46⅝	46	46¼	− ⅛
56½	57	1,800	Crucible Steel	56⅝	57	56⅝	56⅞	− ⅛
87	90	100	Crucible Steel pf	89	89	89	89	+2
30	30¼	600	Cuba Cane Sugar	30½	30½	30	30	− ⅜
79¼	80	200	Cuba Cane S. pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ ⅛
94½	95	100	Deere & Co. pf	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	...
104½	108	2,800	Del., Lack. & Hudson	105¾	105¾	105	105	− ¾
6¼	6½	1,000	Del. & Rio G. pf	7	7	6¼	6¼	− ⅛
50¾	50¾	1,400	Distillers Securities	50⅝	50¾	50	50⅝	− ⅜
12	12½	200	Dome Mines	12	12	12	12	...
17	17½	5,500	Erie	17¼	17¼	17	17	− ⅛
28¼	28⅞	900	Erie 1st pf	29¼	29¼	28½	28½	− ⅛
29½	29¾	2,700	Gast., Wm. & Wig	29¾	29¾	29½	29½	+ ⅛
45¾	46½	200	General Cigar	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	−1⅛
145	147	100	General Electric	145	145	145	145	−1⅞
129	130½	900	General Motors	130⅝	130½	128⅝	128⅝	−1¾
53½	54	700	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	55	55	53⅝	53⅝	−1⅝
78½	80	100	Granby Consol	81	81	81	81	...
95	95⅝	1,600	Great Northern pf	94⅝	95	94⅝	95	− ⅝
31⅞	32	1,500	Gt.No. cts.,ore prop	32¼	32¼	32	32	− ⅛
45½	45¾	1,100	Greene-Can. Copper	45	45¾	45	45½	− ⅛
59	61	100	Gulf States Steel	59	59	59	59	−2
93¼	99½	100	Gulf States S.1st pf	95	95	95	95	− ½
53½	55	100	Hartman Corp.	54	54	54	54	...
96¼	99	100	Illinois Central	98	98	98	98	+1
43	43½	9,200	Inspiration Copper	44¾	44¾	42⅞	43	−1¾
4⅝	4¾	10,000	Interboro Consol	5½	5½	4⅝	4⅝	−2⅛
18⅝	19¼	3,500	Interboro Con. pf	22	22	18¾	19¼	−2⅝
49¾	50	300	Internat. Nick	50	50	49¾	49¾	− ⅜
113½	114	800	Int. Harv. pf., new	114½	114½	114	114	...
26½	27	800	Internat. Mer. Mar	26½	26½	26½	26½	− ⅜
112¼	112⅝	8,900	Internat. Mer. M.pf	113⅝	113⅝	111⅝	112⅝	− ½
32¼	32½	800	Internat. Nickel	32¼	32⅝	32¼	32¼	− ½
31	31½	600	Internat. Paper	31	31	31	31	− ½
62	62	200	Int. Paper pf., sta	62	62	62	62	+ ⅜
31	31	200	Jewel Tea. pf	31	31	31	31	−1
19	19	300	Kan. City Southern	19	19	19	19	+ ⅛
54	54	100	Kan. City South. pf	54	54	54	54	− ¼
70½	70½	400	Kelly Spring. Tire	70½	70½	69	69	−1
33⅜	33⅝	5,700	Kennecott Copper	33⅜	33⅝	33¼	33⅜	− ⅛
80⅝	81	3,200	Tobacco Products	81¼	81⅝	80⅝	80⅝	−2½
100½	102	500	Tobacco Prod. pf	101½	101	100½	100⅝	+ ⅛
110	..	10	Underw'd T'wr. pf	115	115	115	115	...
73	76½	100	Union Bag & Paper	74	74	74	74	−2
126⅝	127	3,100	Union Pacific	127½	127½	126⅞	127	− ⅞
69½	70	900	Union Pacific pf	71	71	69¾	70	−1
38¼	38⅝	200	United Alloy Steel	38¾	38¾	38⅝	38⅝	+ ¼
107	107⅞	2,200	United Cigar Stores	108½	108½	107¼	107¼	−1¼
153½	155	200	United Fruit	153	153	153	153	+1
101⅝	102	1,300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	101⅝	102¼	101⅛	101¼	−1⅝
76½	77	1,300	U. S. Rubber	76½	76⅝	76	76½	− ⅝
109½	110	175	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	...
94⅞	95	49,100	United States Steel	95⅝	96	94⅜	94⅞	− ⅛
112⅝	113	600	U. S. Steel pf	112⅝	113	112⅝	113	+1¼
12¼	12½	6,200	Utah Copper	73⅝	73⅝	72⅝	72½	−1¼
13	14	300	Utah Securities	13	13	13	13	− ⅛
53	53½	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	53½	53⅞	53¼	53⅞	+ ⅜
8¼	8⅝	1,100	Wabash	8½	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	− ⅛
33¼	34	2,700	Wabash pf. A	34	34¼	33¼	33¼	− ⅝
20½	21	1,100	Wabash pf. B	20¾	20¾	20	20	−1½
67	70	200	Wells Fargo Exp	68½	68½	68	68	−1
12¼	12½	600	Western Maryland	12¾	12¾	12⅜	12⅜	− ⅛
24	29	100	Western Md. 2d pf	24	24	24	24	−6
85⅞	86¼	400	West. Union Teleg	85⅞	85⅞	85⅝	85⅝	− ⅝
42⅝	42⅞	1,300	West'house E. & M	42½	43	42⅜	42½	− ¼
9	9½	500	Wheeling & L. E	9	9	9	9	...
17	17½	300	Wheel. & L. E. pf	18¼	18¼	17¾	17¾	− ¾
44½	45	200	White Motors	44½	44½	44½	44½	...
71½	71¾	3,100	Wilson & Co	72½	72½	69½	71⅝	−1½
24½	28¼	2,700	Willys-Overland	24⅞	25¼	24⅝	25	...
87	88¼	400	Willys-Overland pf	88¾	88¾	88¼	88¾	− ⅛
28	30	500	Wisconsin Central	31	31	30	30	−4
121	123½	100	Woolworth (F. W.)	123½	123½	123½	123½	+2½
66	70	100	Worth. Pump. pf. B	66	66	66	66	− ½

Bingham Estate Taxed $345,403.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 24.—On a tentative valuation of $7,500,000, but subject to review by the courts, the administrators today paid to the State of Kentucky $346,402.01 inheritance taxes on stock of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and the jewels held by the estate of Mrs. Robert Worth Bingham, formerly Mrs. Henry M. Flagler of New York. Judge Bingham, who received $1,000,000 under his wife's will, recently paid an inheritance tax of $146,100.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.61	62.12	62.38	−.13
25 industrials	83.31	82.27	82.52	−.78
50 stocks	72.96	72.19	72.45	−.45

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 23	73.45	72.74	72.90	−.45
Dec. 21	73.60	73.05	73.35	+.19
Dec. 20	73.52	72.69	73.16	−.33
Dec. 19	74.36	73.34	73.49	−.68
Dec. 18	74.77	74.06	74.17	−.47
Dec. 17	75.16	74.46	74.64	+.11

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	—High.	—Low.	Last.
*1918	76.34 Dec. 11	72.19 Dec. 24	72.45
1917	86.26 Dec. 31	57.43 Dec. 20	65.88
1916	99.26 Dec. 4	83.88 Dec. 21	88.22
1915	91.90 Dec. 7	88.58 Dec. 2	91.50

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1918	80.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	72.45
†1917	90.45 Sep. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.57

Full Years.

1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57 43 Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 23	58.00 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.— Day	Month.	Year.
40 issues	79.08	−.58	−1.08	+4.49

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Dec. 23	79.66 —.22	Dec. 16	80.72 —.11
Dec. 21	79.88 —.08	Dec. 14	80.88 +.07
Dec. 20	79.96 —.37	Dec. 13	80.76 —.08
Dec. 19	80.33 —.25	Dec. 12	80.84 —.08
Dec. 18	80.58 —.16	Dec. 11	80.93 —.19
Dec. 17	80.74 +.02	Dec. 10	81.11 +.07

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
1918	82.86 Nov. 12	75.66 Sep. 27	79.08
1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.59

Full Years.

*1918	82.86 Nov. 12	75.66 Sep. 27	79.88
†1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1915	87.42 May 24	81.52 Jan. 2	86.67

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Foreign Issues in Demand.

The strength of some of the foreign Government and municipal bonds on the Stock Exchange was in so marked a contrast with the course of prices elsewhere as to attract considerable attention in investment quarters. The French Government 5½s sold up to 105, a new high record. The French "cities," bonds of Bordeaux, Lyons, and Marseilles, advanced good-sized fractional distances, although City of Paris 6s receded a trifle. A total of $24,000 United Kingdom bonds, due in 1937, changed hands at 101 and 100⅝ in their first appearance on the board. These bonds, bearing 5½ per cent. interest, represent conversions of notes issued here in 1917. The Stock Exchange listed $8,970,000 of them on Monday, a part of an authorized total of $143,587,000.

***

Central Leather Dividend.

Speculators appeared to find cause for bearish transactions in Central Leather yesterday in the declaration of the usual quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. The quotation receded 1⅞ points net. Considered in its general aspects, the leather situation at present supplies no reason for extra dividends. The companies were working on heavy war orders or supplying material for large orders when the armistice cut off much manufacturing. They are understood to have substantial inventories, which will have to be worked up or disposed of in the market of the future, whose price tendencies are not yet determined. Contract adjustments with the Government are to be completed. It would appear as a time when surplus earnings were to be conserved.

***

Tractions at New Lows.

Persistent selling pressure in yesterday's stock market resulted in a number of new low prices in the traction group. Consolidated Gas opened at 97⅛ and sold off to 94¼ at the close on a comparatively small amount of business. Manhattan Elevated sold down to a low of 78½, but recovered to 82, while Interborough Consolidated preferred touched a new low at 18⅝, but rallied in the late trading to 19⅝. Traction bonds were also subject to pressure and prices broke sharply. B. R. T. 7s dropping to 87, off 1; Interborough Rapid Transit 5s to 71½, off 2¼; Interborough Metropolitan 4½s to 38½, off 4½, and New York Railways refunding 4s to 38¼. In banking quarters it was reported that the outlook for the weaker local tractions is far from bright and nothing but bear gossip could be found in the utility specialty houses.

***

Railroad Gossip.

In keeping with the depressing weather yesterday gossip in Wall Street on the railroad situation was inclined to be gloomy. The report that the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee is carefully studying the problem of lengthened Government control of the carriers did not serve to improve sentiment. In some quarters it is believed that a step will be taken in the right direction when the general conference of the Association of Railway Executives is called in the local Chamber of Commerce on Dec. 30, when it is expected that a definite plan for the return of the roads to modified private ownership will be announced. In

COPPER FOR EXPORT PRICED AT 23 CENTS

New Association Sets Figure Which Probably Will Determine Domestic Rate.

EXPECT BIG FOREIGN ORDERS

Profits of High Cost Producers and Wages of Miners Enter Into the Situation.

The recently formed Copper Export Associaiton, which is to handle the foreign business of American producers, fixed the price for export copper at 23 cents a pound yesterday, a reduction of three cents from the Government price which has ruled for the last half year. This is the first definite announcement from the producers as to the price since the Government, through the War Industries Board, refused to continue its fixed price beyond the end of the year. While the new rate applies to export copper only, it is believed that the reduction foreshadows a corresponding lowering of the domestic price. A representative of a big producing company said yesterday that he believed a number of large orders would be placed at the 23-cent price before the end of the week.

A reduction in the price of copper was hardly a surprise. For some time it has been reported that buyers were not inclined to place orders at the Government figure, and they are said to have entered bids from 19 cents to 23. It is believed now that producers and consumers have come together on the 23 cent basis. Several foreign commissions, it is understood, have been scanning the copper market and making indirect inquiries as to prices. With the 23 cent rate fixed it is expected that large orders will be offered by these commissions.

There was some curiosity yesterday as to how the lower price would affect some of the high cost producing companies. Recent reports have indicated that the cost of their production was close to 20 cents, and it was predicted by a copper authority not long ago that some of the high cost companies would have to close if the price of copper was to be radically reduced. Whether a reduction of 3 cents would bring about such a situation was a subject of discussion in the financial district. It was generally believed, however, that there would be no curtailment.

The reduction in the price of copper brings the labor situation at the mines to the front. At present a sliding scale is maintained, the miners being paid according to the price of metal, so that the reduction means a corresponding cut in wages. For some time representatives of the miners have been conferring with the producers with the idea of having their minimum wages based on 25-cent copper. It was said yesterday that the producers had rejected the suggestion. One leading copper man was quoted as saying that the mines would be closed rather than pay wages out of proportion to the price of copper.

ANACONDA DIVIDEND CUT.

Copper Company Reduces Quarterly Payment to $1.50 a Share.

The action of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company Directors, who cut the quarterly dividend from $2 to $1.50 a share yesterday, came as a surprise to the financial district. There had been no rumor that such action might be taken and that the stock would be placed on a six-dollar-a-year basis. The two-dollar quarterly payment has been made since the middle of 1916.

After the Directors' meeting it was said authoritatively that there was no explanation except the fact that copper at 23 cents would mean approximately $10,000,000 a year cut in earnings for the company, or about $4 on the stock. At the same time it was intimated that if wages were reduced early in the coming year the decrease in earnings would not be so heavy.

The announcement was received by the stock market without particular excitement, although there were indications of some selling pressure when the news circulated through the financial district, and sales were recorded as low as 60¾. There was a later rally, closing quotations being 60⅞.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	5	5⅛	Houghton	80	60
B S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	30	32
Bost Ariz	⅛	1⅛	Iron Blos	50	55
Bos Det	1	3	Iron Cap	15½	16¾
Bos Ely	96	1¼	Jerome V	46	49
Bos Mon	55	56	La Rose	25	32
Begole	25	50	Majestic	21	23
Black Hl	25	50	Mex Met	34	37
Bohemia	75	80	Mojave T	3	7
Butte & L	11	15	New Balt	1	1¼
Cal & Ar	1½	1¾	N Z & L	10	13
Calaveras	1½	1¾	N Cornelia	16¾	17
Champ, old	3	4	Nixon Nev	49	51
Chief Cons	3¼	3½	Nev Doug	35	40
Cons Cop	6¼	6½	Oneco	25	45
Cortez	15	20	Onondaga	10	20
Crown Res	22	30	Seven Met	54	57
Denbigh	55	57	S W M p p	69	1¼
Earl Eagle	2	2	U V Exten	35	86
E & B B	2¾	2½	Victoria M	85	85
Fortuna	3	5	Yukon G'd	1	1¼
Gold Lake	2	5			

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of January, 1919, a semi-annual interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the first day of January, 1919, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited on or before January 10th, 1919, will draw interest from January 1st.

ANDREW D. BAIRD, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.

BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 4 to 7.

Blanks for Opening Accounts by Mail or upon request.

We Sell WAR SAVINGS and THRIFT STAMPS.

The Bowery Savings Bank

128 and 130 BOWERY.

NEW YORK, December 9, 1918.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of January next, and will be payable on and after Monday, January 20, 1919.

Money deposited on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1919.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend Jan. 1st, 1919, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto, under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINKERHOFF, Sec'y.

HOLIDAY TRAVEL LARGER.

Marked Increase Due in Part to Army and Navy Furloughs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Holiday travel in 1918 is much larger than that in 1917, the Railroad Administration reported today.

Soldiers and sailors on furlough and men discharged from the service have been the chief factors in the increase. Special arrangements were made to avoid congestion, and no complaints are reported.

As typical of the holiday business, the sales at the Grand Central Station in New York City last Saturday were $73,000. This is $8,000 more than the next best day reported—Labor Day. Extra sleeping cars put in service out of the Grand Central Station between Dec. 21 and 24 numbered 280, as compared with 67 in 1917 and 172 in 1916. On Dec. 21 there were 82 extra sleepers put in service.

Conditions at the Pennsylvania terminals in New York and Philadelphia were about the same as at the Grand Central. At the Pennsylvania Terminal in New York the ticket sales from Dec. 20 to 22 were 70 per cent. above those of a year ago, amounting to $175,000. The increase was 20 per cent. at the Philadelphia station.

Conditions at Washington, the report says, were probably more extreme this year than at any other city. For the six days ended Dec. 21 the total sales at the Union Station were $328,000, compared with $180,000 in 1917. The number of passengers was 49,000, as against 34,000 in 1917. The sales at the consolidated ticket office for the same period this year were $237,000 and the number of passengers 27,000.

Steel Company Incorporates.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 24.—Papers of incorporation for the Liberty Steel Corporation, a $1,500,000 concern, were filed today in the Clerk's office. The purpose of the company is to manufacture high speed steel, according to the papers. None of the incorporators would say who their principals were. They are all connected with the New Jersey Registration and Trust Company of East Orange.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	1.39⅛	1.38⅛	1.39⅜	1.39¼
February	1.36⅝	1.35½	1.36⅛	1.35⅞
March	1.35⅛	1.34¼	1.35⅛	1.35⅛
May	1.35⅞	1.34⅝	1.35⅞	1.35⅛

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	69½	68¼	68⅝	69⅝
January	70	69⅛	69⅝	69⅝
February	69⅞	68⅝	68⅞	69⅝
March	69⅞	68⅝	69	69⅞
May	70¼	69⅝	69¼	69⅞

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 78½c; No. 2 white, 78½c; No. 3 white, 78c; No. 4 white, 77½c; ordinary clipped, 78@80c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Lard—				
January	23.87	23.80	23.80	24.00
May	24.10	24.00	24.00	24.07
Ribs—				
January	25.15	25.00	25.00	25.00
May	23.80	23.70	23.72	23.67
Pork—				
January	..	..	47.00	46.75
May	43.05	42.90	43.00	42.70

RYE.

	Last.
January	1.60
February	1.61½
May	1.64

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,807 packages. A number of jobbers were taking on a little fresh stock to complete their assortments for the holiday, but trade otherwise was slack. The feeling, however, was a trifle steadier on the choice and fancy grades of table butter, but rather easy on renovated and ladles. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 68½@69c; extras, 92 score, 67½@68c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 63@67c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 57@62½c; lower grades, 53@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 70½@71c; extras, 62½@70c; firsts, 65@69c; seconds, 60@64c; State dairy, tubs, good to prime, 62@65c; common to fair, 52@61c; renovated, extras, 53@54c; firsts, 50@52c; lower grades, 43@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 44@45c; seconds, 43c; lower grades, 41@42½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42½@43c; No. 2, 41½c; lower grades, 38@40½c.

EGGS.—10,108 cases. The market ruled weaker yesterday afternoon and it was difficult to effect sales of Western firsts above 61c, and that price was accepted in some instances and on 'Change today trade opened at 60c, with an unsettled and irregular feeling. A stronger buying interest, however, developed, based partly upon Government orders, and closing sales were at 61½c, with light offerings at that price. The evidence of firmness at the close had stimulated a little better demand from regular trade sources and the market closed steadier with 62c the ruling price on prime firsts, undergrades ranging dcwnward irregularly, and fancy graded and candled stock holding steady at about Monday's quotations. Mediocrate priced early packed storage eggs are fully sustained at previous values, the demand still greater than can be readily supplied. Nearby white eggs are very irregular, most of the supply is of mixed quality and very dull and holders are pressing such for sale at easy prices. There is only a limited offering of uniformly large, fancy stock, and a few such work out in regular channels at the quotations. Some further movement in extra, fancy Pataluma whites at 85c, but the lower qualities of California whites, which comprise the bulk of the supply here, are dragging heavily and have hardly enough trade to establish selling values. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 63@66c; extra firsts, 63@64c; firsts, 61½@62c; seconds, 58@61c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2, nearby pooled, 56@63c; checks, good to choice, dry, 45@46c; under grades, 40@44c; refrigerator, 40@52c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 82@85c; ordinary to prime, 70@80c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 70@82c; pullet whites, 68@72c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 85c; lower grades, 73@80c; pullets, 65@70c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 66@80c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 70@72c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 62@66c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Fofecast:

N. C.—Fair, colder Wed., much colder at night. Thurs., fair.

S. C.—Fair, colder Wed., much colder at night, with temperature probably close to freezing to the Coast. Thurs., fair and moderately cold.

Ga.—Fair, much colder Wed.; Thurs., fair, moderately cold.

Fla.—Fair Wed., colder in n. and c., much colder in n. and at night in c.; Thurs., fair, colder in s. and warmer in extreme w.

Ala.—Fair, colder Wed. Thurs., fair, not quite so cold.

Miss.—Fair, continued cold Wed. Thurs., fair, not so cold.

Tenn.—Fair, colder Wed. Thurs., fair, slightly warmer.

Ky.—Fair, colder Wed. Thurs., fair, warmer.

Ind.—Fair Wed., except snow flurries in extreme n.; colder. Thurs. fair, warmer.

Ohio—Local snows and colder Wed. Thurs. fair, warmer.

Lower Mich.—Local snows Wed., colder in c. and e.; Thurs. probably fair and slightly warmer.

Upper Mich.—Local snows Wed., except fair in n. w.; Thurs. local snows and warmer.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.03
Andes	.03	Justice	.01
Best & Belcher	.01	Mexican	.01
Bullion	.01	Occidental	.40
Caledonia	.01	Ophir	.02
Challenge Con	.02	Overman	.01
Confidence	.06	Sierra Nevada	.08
Con. Virginia	.06	Union Con	.06
Hale & Norcross	.01	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.50	Booth	.11
Cash Boy	.08	Florence	.15
Gold Zone	.10	Goldfield Con	.24
Halifax	.15	Goldfield Merger	.05
Jim Butler	.35	Great Bend	.04
McNamara	.31	Jumbo Ext	.13
Midway	.18	Kewanas	.05
Mizpah	.05	Lone Star	.03
Monarch Pitts	.06	Oliver Pick	.05
Montana	.13	Spearhead	.17
North Star	.07	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.07	Manhattan Con	.04
Tonopah Belmont	.30	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Ext	1.30	Packard	.34
West End	1.20	Rochester	.30
West Tonopah	.16	Round Mountain	.21
GOLDFIELD.		United Eastern	4.25
Atlanta	.04	White Caps	.09

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5	Isabella	6¾	7
Dr. Jackpot	4¼	5	McKinney	7	10
Elkton	5¾	8	Portland	104	110
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	14¾	15½
Golden C.	173	175	Vindicator	44	50
Granite	17½	..	Rose Nicol.	11½	..

SECURITIES CONTROL TO BE ENDED DEC. 31

Capital Issues Committee Will Suspend Its Work, but May Be Convoked Again.

WARNS PUBLIC OF FRAUDS

Steps to Offset Organized Effort to Cheat Buyers of Liberty Bonds Are Advocated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The Capital Issues Committee, a specially created arm of the Treasury Department, for the control of the issue of new securities during the war, will suspend its activities on Dec. 31.

In announcing the decision Chairman Hamlin of the committee warns the public of and directs the attention of Congress to the menace to holders of Government bonds through the uncontrolled issue of fraudulent and worthless securities. Schools are being established in some parts of the country, the decision states, to train salesmen in the art of persuading investors to buy bad securities. It is the intention of the committee to make a report to Congress recommending the creation of machinery to restrain in peace as well as war time the sale of such securities.

Secretary Glass, in an accompanying statement, says that he will immediately ask Congress for legislation to check the traffic in worthless securities, while imposing no undue restrictions on the financing of legitimate business. If necessary, before such legislation is passed, he will reassemble the committee to resume its functions.

From May 17, the date of its organization, to Oct. 21 the committee examined nearly 2,000 applications. The proposed security issues aggregated approximately $2,350,000,000. About 20 per cent. of these applications were disapproved. These were mostly of a character involving new extensions, which would not be contributory to the winning of the war.

Committee Not to Disband.

"In view of the rapid changes that have been taking place since the signing of the armistice," said Chairman Hamlin, "the Capital Issues Committee has voted to suspend its activities on Dec. 31. The committee will not be dissolved but will remain inactive, unless it is found that the sale of new securities competes unduly with Government financing or for other reasons it may become desirable for the committee to resume its work, pending its dissolution by the President or by operation of law.

"Although the war emergency which gave rise to the creation of the committee has passed, it is nevertheless imperative that capital should be saved and removal of the restraining influence exerted by the committee during its existence should not be construed as approval of the financing of unnecessary public projects or private enterprises of doubtful merit. On the contrary the financial needs of the Government and the large capital requirements of the railroads and for the readjustment of American industries to a peace basis compel strict economy in the use of new capital.

"While legitimate business may safely be left to work out its own problems, the Capital Issues Committee feels that it would be unfaithful to its responsibility if it failed to warn the public respecting the enormous losses sustained by the nation through the sale of worthless and fraudulent securities. In the opinion of the committee the sale of such securities should be restrained in times of peace as well as in war and strongly urges that Congress establish adequate machinery to put a stop to this traffic.

"The extent of the menace due to the issue of such securities to the holders of Government bonds is revealed by the fact that schools are being established in some parts of the country to drill salesmen in the art of persuading investors to subscribe for unmeritorious or worthless securities. This can only be prevented by legislation vesting in some duly constituted public agency full power to restrain the offering of fraudulent or worthless securities.

Favors Anti-Fraud Law.

"The Capital Issues Committee warns the public and earnestly directs the attention of Congress to the problem. It is the intention of the committee to make a supplemental report to Congress recommending a law to prevent these existing abuses and such impositions upon the investing public.

"The committee will maintain its offices in Washington until further notice."

Secretary Glass made this comment on the action taken:

"The decision of the Capital Issues Committee to suspend its activities on Dec. 31 should not be interpreted by the business public as a warrant for any expenditure of capital for needless or unwise purposes, whether public or private in their nature. Should it become apparent that voluntary restraints are not being exercised so as to prevent the misuse of capital, I shall request the committee to resume its control.

"My chief misgiving in accepting the action of the committee arises out of the need the committee has frequently expressed and the importance of which has become increasingly obvious, of protecting the public investor against the flood of worthless or doubtful securities which threaten the market when the restrictions are removed, and present conditions emphasize the importance of obtaining emergency legislation as speedily as possible, so as to be able to cope effectively with this evil. The Government not only should protect itself as to future bond issues, but, as well, owes a duty to the millions of Liberty bond buyers to restrain reckless and fraudulent promoters, particularly at this time.

"I intend to ask Congress immediately for legislation that will check the traffic in worthless securities while imposing no undue restrictions upon the financing of legitimate business, and shall urge that it be made effective before the close of the present session. Meantime, it may become necessary before such legislation is passed to reassemble the committee for the purpose of resuming its functions."

SAVE YOUR THRIFT CARDS.

Certificates May Be Filled and Exchanged for 1919 Issue.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—To clear away a mistaken idea reported from many sections that war savings certificates must be cashed before Jan. 1, Lewis B. Franklin, Director of War Loan Organization, today issued this statement:

"War savings stamps and thrift stamps are as good as gold, whether your certificate or thrift card is completely filled or not. The idea that unfilled certificates must be cashed before Jan. 1 is absolutely baseless. The Government will continue to sell thrift stamps so that you can fill out these cards and exchange them for the 1919 issue of war savings stamps."

EARNINGS.

UNITED GAS & ELECTRIC, subsidiary operating companies:

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
October gross	†$915,904	$1,398,052	$483,048
Net after taxes	184,410	491,305	306,895
Sur. aft. taxes	71,404	188,345	116,881
Twelve m. grs.	16,158,281	16,063,447	*94,834
Net after taxes	4,420,690	6,299,111	1,878,412
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,285,424	2,752,899	1,467,475

*Increase.

†Includes earnings of International Traction Company, on which operation was suspended twenty-four days on account of strike.

JEWEL TEA CO.—

4 weeks to Nov. 30	$1,184,785	$1,232,286	$47,482
48 weeks to Nov. 30	13,947,024	14,109,089	162,065

TO SHIP MERCHANT CREWS.

Sea Service Bureau Formed by the United States Shipping Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The United States Shipping Board today announced that beginning with the new year, crews for all merchant vessels operated by the Board will be placed in employment through a central agency to be known as the Sea Service Bureau of the United States Shipping Board.

This agency will have offices in the principal American ports, and through it not only seamen, but masters, mates and engineers—in fact, the proverbial "all hands and the cook"—will be signed for sea duty. Vessels privately operated will have the privilege of shipping crews through the Bureau on the same footing as those operated by the Shipping Board.

Captain Irving L. Evans of Cleveland, Ohio, a former shipmaster, and an Admiralty lawyer, was today transferred from the Board's recruiting service to head the new bureau, which was formed by combining an agency of the same name in the recruiting service with the existing shipping agencies of the Board's Division of Operations, that hitherto has manned the ships operated by the Board.

In addition to placing experienced seafarers in employment, the new bureau will ship out to sea for duty all the graduates of the Shipping Board's training system.

BIGGER NOVEMBER IMPORTS.

They Were $251,008,037, as Against $220,534,550 in 1917.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Total imports for November amounted to $251,008,037, as compared with $220,534,550 in November, 1917, according to figures made public today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

For the eleven months ending with November the total for this year is $2,820,326,193, as against $2,724,556,458 for the corresponding period in 1917. The heaviest November imports were from Canada, amounting to $45,165,023. Japan was next, with $25,930,455. Others in order were: British East Indies, $20,290,087 Argentina, $20,279,637; Mexico, $15,597,210.

In the grand divisions the figures for November were:

Europe—1918, $20,417,581; 1917, $34,036,292.

North America—1918, $78,536,207; 1917, $70,876,808.

South America—1918, $59,025,372; 1917, $36,596,060.

Asia—1918, $61,948,968; 1917, $61,731,678.

Oceanica—1918, $20,341,658; 1917, $14,020,541.

Africa—1918, $10,738,251; 1917, $3,273,181.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—Ten new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $385,500, were chartered today. They include:

Excelsior Essence Co., Brooklyn, syrups and fruit products, $10,000; G. Drobegg, H. Fox, D. Simon, 230 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.

Progress American Steamship Line, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000; J. F. Cleveland, L. J. Dompnie, H. J. Furlong, 90 West St.

Roos-Krieger Company, Manhattan, buttons, buckles, and braid, $15,000; S. Kriegler, M. and H. Roos, 308 West 22d St.

Parker Concrete Const. Corp. of New York, Manhattan, $50,000; A. C. Dauchy, B. J. Parker, W. B. Willcott, 204 West 82d St.

Ontario Equipment Corp., Fulton, engines, boilers, machinery, and tools, $10,000; G. C. Hodgson, W. J. Hartnett, G. M. Fanning, Fulton.

Textile Alliance Export Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; J. R. Munn, J. P. Stevens, R. Watts, 43 Leonard St.

The Clair-Manor Nurseries, Inc., Manhattan, farm products of all kinds, $90,000; G. Nassauer, L. Ornstein, C. Rosenswalke, 1,975 1st Av.

Bosaca Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; B. M. and C. Bew, L. B. Case, 440 Riverside Drive.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Struck & Bossack, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Sonalta Films, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $1,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Prescription Spuport Co., Arizona, body braces, trusses, &c., $500,000; representative, H. B. Hanson, Watertown.

Sanky Co., Ltd., Japan, importing and exporting, 62,000 yen; representative, S. Okada, 21 Park Row.

F. F. Proctor, Yonkers, Grand Operating Corp., Delaware, theatricals, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; representative, S. B. Howard, 65 Cedar St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Beckwith Leather Co., Manhattan.
Havoline Oil Co., Manhattan.
Williamsburgh Manhattan, Restaurant and Lunch Co., Inc., Brooklyn.
Fred Hall Corp., Manhattan.
Increment Realty Co., Manhattan.
Creston Realty Corp., Manhattan.
Manhattan Infants' Wear Co., Manhattan.
Bay Boulevard Realty Co., Long Beach.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 24.—Charters filed:

Republican Varnish Co., Newark, $150,000; Samuel S. Long, E. G. Bloch, and Anna H. Carlin, all of New York.

Liberty Steel Corp., East Orange, $1,500,000; H. H. Picking, C. O. Geyer, and S. L. Gedney, Jr., all of East Orange.

John E. Dale Coal Co., East Orange, $100,000; H. H. Picking, C. O. Geyer, and S. L. Gedney, Jr., all of East Orange.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 24.—Charters filed:

Boliva Metals and Refining Corp., $5,000,000; W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Paul S. Smith, all of New York.

Electro Chemical Engineering Corp., $1,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, A. W. Britton, Paul S. Smith, all of New York.

American Breeding and Hatching Co., $500,000; Victor P. Frank, Jos. Fikite, Jr., Marcus J. Golden, all of Chicago.

Ross-Common Water Co., to deal in and with refined aerated mineralized water, &c., $95,000; Ray C. Ross and Dallett H. Wilson, Bethlehem, Penn.; W. P. Kirkpatrick, Easton, Penn.

Liberty Co-operative Publishers, Inc., printing business, $50,000; M. J. Lucey, Ferris Giles, G. E. Biddison, all of Wilmington.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅛	99	6.60
Dom. of Can.	6	Aug. 1919	98⅞	99¼	6.40
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	98½	99¼	6.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¼	101	5.70
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Govt.	5½	June, 1919	62	65	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	149	154	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	60	62	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99⅜	5.25

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100½	100⅞	6.10
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅝	5.70
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	93	9.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	101	101⅜	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅜	101⅞	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102	102⅜	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅜	102⅝	6.20
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	102⅝	102⅞	6.30
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	5.90
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	94	98	8.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅜	99⅝	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.20
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅜	100⅝	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅛	100⅜	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅜	100⅝	6.80
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	100⅝	101	6.40
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅜	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	91	92½	..
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97⅞	98⅛	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98¾	97¼	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99¾	100¼	5.75
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.85
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99¼	100¾	5.90
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102	102¼	6.40
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅜	99	5.50
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97¼	98	6.70
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	95	96	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97½	98½	5.80
Gen. Electric.	6	Dec., 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Elec.	6	July, 1920	100⅞	101⅛	5.05
Gt. A. & P.	5	June, 1921	97	98	5.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.60
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99	7.75
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	93	94	..
Met. C. Co.	6	Feb. '19	99	99¼	..
N. Y. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	88	90	9.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	95	97¼	7.75
Met. Ed. 1st & ref.	5	Aug., 1922	90	93	..
N. Y. Dock.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99½	5.85
Okl. G & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99½	7.50
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	96	99	8.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	99	99	9.00
Pitts. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100½	5.25
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101½	102	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102½	5.95
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102⅛	102⅝	6.05
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅛	103⅝	6.05
Read. T. & L.	6	Aug., 1919	94½	98¼	7.50
Rem. A. U. M. Cigc. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	98¼	99¼	9.50
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	92	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec.15,'19	102½	103½	..
St. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1921	96	98½	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 2,'19	99¼	99¾	7.00
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May., 1920	95	98	8.00
U. L. & Ry.	7	Apr., 1923	94¼	96¼	7.50
W. E. M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	5.90
Wm. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Certificate of Membership No. 2886, issued by the New York Produce Exchange, November 8, 1905, to Jacob Hirt having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate. All persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued.

New York, Dec. 20, 1918.
L. B. HOWE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Munplace' Steamship Corporation will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 8, 1919, 11:00 A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.

Dated December 25, 1918.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

New York, December 7, 1918.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its Banking House, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

GIBBONS OPPOSES FEDERALIZED ROADS

Cardinal Also Warns of Government Ownership of Telegraphs and Other Utilities.

FEARS A POLITICAL MACHINE

Sees No Danger from Socialism Here — Deprecates Administrative Encroachment.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 24.—Cardinal Gibbons, in a statement today, said he had no fear that socialism would become an issue to be dreaded in the period of reconstruction, and that the good sense of the American working people would check any social upheaval.

He expressed opposition to Government ownership of the railroads, telegraphs, and other utilities, holding that there was danger of thus building up a big political machine. The Cardinal warned against encroachment by the administrative department of the Government upon the other branches.

"We ought to rejoice particularly on this Christmas occasion," he said, "because it is the first Christmas festival in five years that we have had the happiness of celebrating in the midst of the universal peace either actually attained or dawning upon us.

"And I think, too, that the example of energy we have seen in the prosecution of the war is a matter for rejoicing, for it has shown the world the capacity of America and Americans. We have sent to the fighting forces provisions and munitions of war in enormous quantities, we have sent billions of money and millions of men; and for this tremendous effort on the part of America we ask, so far as I can learn, no compensation.

"We ask neither an inch of territory nor a dollar in money. Our only reward is to be the consciousness of having done our duty, of having helped to make the world free and having helped to win a just and glorious peace.

Hopes for Permanent Peace.

"I earnestly hope that this peace has come to stay, that we will know no more war, and that in our day and for all future generations disputes between peoples will be settled not by the sword but by the voice and pen of conciliation, which are mightier than the sword.

"As for the outcome of the negotiations now about to begin in Paris, it is hard to express an opinion. We can only hope that they will be directed by wisdom and justice, and that selfishness may be subordinated.

"Nations are like men, they are selfish and they oftentimes let their own interests blind them to the rights of others and to the demands of fair dealing, but we may hope that in the light of what we trust is the dawning of a better day for all humanity wise counsel and justice and fair dealing may prevail over the interests of individual nations, and that the peace negotiations may be ended at an early day.

"I feel no anxiety with regard to the future of our own country. I feel that we will go on, that we will

BELIEVE 25,000,000 JOINED RED CROSS

War Council Compiling Final Figures of Members Gained in Christmas Roll Call.

BOROUGH ENROLLS 400,000

Manhattan Increased from 285,000 Last Year—Brooklyn Over 150,000 and Hopes for 250,000.

Final figures upon the enrollment of members of the American Red Cross during the annual Christmas roll call, ended on Monday, will be given out by the War Council in Washington tomorrow, and officials here said yesterday that the early estimates still indicated that the number for the country would be more than 25,000,000. The membership in 1918 was about 22,000,000, and it was only 5,000,000 in 1917, before campaigns were begun to increase the number so that the war work could be carried on more effectively.

Neither Atlantic Division, comprising New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut, nor the Campaign Committee for New York County, will have their figures until tomorrow, and perhaps some will be delayed till later in the week, but it is expected that the divisional total will be many thousands more than 4,000,000. Henry D. Campbell, Chairman of the Christmas Roll Call Committee for Manhattan, predicted yesterday that the amount of reports still to come into the headquarters at 665 Fifth Avenue indicated that the total for the borough would not be less than 400,000.

The local membership for the last year was about 285,000, and officials again pointed out that the aim of the committee was to increase the proportion of the population who were members of the Red Cross from 16 per cent. of the total to more than 19 per cent. That is the general average throughout the country, and it is believed the plan to equal it here has been realized. The final percentage will be much more than 19, it is said.

The committee of women in direction of the 450 enrollment booths in Manhattan had turned into the Red Cross treasury yesterday cash for more than 100,000 memberships. A cash accounting by the Industrial Division showed 75,000 members enrolled, with the lists only about half completed.

Reports from the Police Department were that more than 50,000 members had been enrolled by the regular police and the reserves. Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, directing the canvass in the hospitals, reported 2,644 members, with about 500 to be reported from two other institutions. Colleges reported about 2,000 members.

No report has been made by the Homes Canvass Committee, in charge of the house-to-house enrollment of members with volunteer workers from the political organizations. Their totals will be sent in this week. In the Ninth Assembly District 1,200 members were reported, and in the Twenty-second about 1,500.

Only one total was turned in from the workers of the Midtown Division and none from the Downtown Division. In the Midtown Mrs. Morris Aron and a squad of workers covering the section bounded by Fifth and Seventh Avenues and Eighteenth and Twenty-second Streets reported 5,000 members.

Over in Brooklyn, as a result of the extension of the Red Cross Christmas Roll Call there, Chairman Edward T. Allen expects the borough's new enrollments will reach 250,000. The total announced yesterday was 153,892, an increase of 30 457 in twenty-four hours.

The Brooklyn campaign closes at midnight tonight, but it probably will be Saturday before the total enrollment is known.

COTTON FAIRLY ACTIVE.

No Interruption to the Forward Trend of Prices.

Trading in the cotton market was fairly active yesterday, considering the pre-holiday spirit, which pervaded the trading floor. The course of prices showed no interruption to the forward trend of recent weeks. After an irregular opening, first prices showing a loss of 50 points for December to 10 to 34 points lower for the general list, the process of evening up before the holiday, together with the covering by Liverpool on the short end of straddles here, imparted a fairly active tone to trading, which absorbed the opening losses.

The demand from the trade still continues to act as a check to the selling movements, which are inaugurated by those taking profits. The maximum range for the day, from the opening to the high prices, showed that December's net gain was 100 points, January, 84 points; March, 95 points; May, 71 points, and July 60 points. Trading in December contracts ceased at midday, January taking its place as the spot month, but aside from this no fresh factors of importance to the market was disclosed.

The Liverpool market will be closed from today to Dec. 30, and then on Jan. 1 and 2.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	COTTON. Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec	31.00	32.00	31.00	....	31.51
Jan	29.06	29.90	29.05	29.50@29.63	29.17
Feb	....	....	....	28.65 bid	28.75
March	27.80	28.75	27.80	28.48@28.50	28.14
April	....	....	....	27.90 bid	27.50
May	27.14	27.85	27.14	27.72@27.75	27.40
July	26.70	27.30	26.70	27.14@27.17	26.80
Aug	....	26.25	25.95	26.25 bid	26.05
Sept	24.80	24.80	24.80	25.30 bid	24.80
Oct	24.40	24.95	24.40	24.84	24.38

The local market for spot cotton was steady at 32.60c for middling upland, up 50 points. Sales, 6,700 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32½c; New Orleans, 30.75c; Savannah, 30½c; Augusta, 30¼c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 32c; Little Rock, 30.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester-day.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	30,936	31,176	12,873
Exports	6,837	34,978	....
Exports, season	1,716,781	1,538,804	1,992,340
New York stocks	141,653	157,373	138,601
Port stocks	1,411,427	1,416,809	1,316,477
N. Y. arrivals	10,053	1,080	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton dull at 20.40d for middling, 20.99d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales; American, 300. Imports, 18,000 bales; American, 14,000.

Futures opened quiet 4 to 10 points advance and closed steady 3 to 35 points up for near months. Dec., 21.61d; Jan., 20.01d; Feb., 19.07d; March, 18.26d; April, 17.24d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths, more demand.

ASSIGNMENT OF MORTGAGES

Manhattan.

43D ST, 235-241 West, ntg now $8,000; Benenson Realty Co. to Laura E. Wall or, 538 West 179th St; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stein, 15 William St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Laura E. Walker to Annie Roberts, 7 East 105th St; attorneys, same.....$100

120TH ST, 340 East; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. to Harriet W. Winslow; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,500

120TH ST, s w s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, ntg $7,500; Harriet W. Winslow to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.....$6,500

Bronx.

BROOK AV, s e corner of 3d Av, 80.2x70x118x59; John A. Fager to M. F. Westergren, Inc., 213 East 144th St; attorney, M. F. Westergren, Inc., 213 East 144th St.....$1

BERGEN AV, s w corner of Grove St, 48.9x94.11x36.11x90.6; Rockland Realty Co. to John J. Bell, Nyack, N. Y.; attorneys, Hirshman & Wolf, 391 East 149th St.....$10,000

DAWSON ST, w s, 225 ft s of Longwood Av, 25x100; Anna L. Green to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.$7,000

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, n w corner of 198th St, 79.4x86.6x56.3x80.1; Chelsea Realty Co. to Alice W. Goddard Litchfield, Conn.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

GRAND AV, w s, 150 ft n of 184th St, 122.1x126.7x136.10; Augusta A. Levey et al, executors, to Frederick H. Levey, Elizabeth, N. J.; attorney, William F. Clare, 135 Broadway.....$10,000

FOX ST, 838; Marcus Adler to Rose Adler, 355 West 114th St; attorney Lawyers Mortgage Co.....59 Liberty St.....$1

PROSPECT AV, n w corner of 150th St, 75x100; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to John J. Bell, Upper Nyack, N. Y.; attorneys, Herleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$16,000

WILLETT AV, 3,777; Henry Tietjen, Pittsfield, Mass., to John Tietjen, Pittstown, N. J.; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 7 East 42d St.....$65,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of Lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,184, store and basement, et al, to Abr. and Nathan Chaleff, 2,246 Amsterdam Av, 3 years, from Feb. 1, 1919, 5 years, renewal; attorney, Lowenbraun, 115 Nassau St.....$480

38TH ST, 402 West, store and basement; Jos. Stern to Morris Waletzky, 402 West 38th St, 10 years, from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, Julius H. Cohn, 277 Broadway..$240

Bronx.

148TH ST, 367 East, store and cellar; William Oppenheim, receiver, to Louis Rothbart, doing business as L. & R. Lunch and Bakery, 1,536 Vyse Av, 5 years, from Dec. 20, 1918; attorney, M. Levy, 115 Broadway.....$600 to $900

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

2D ST, 120; Arthur Bleier against Simon Levy, foreclosure of mechanic's lien; attorney, P. A. Hatting.

MADISON AV, n e corner of 99th St, 100.11x120; Nedron Mortgage Corp. against Madison Avenue and 99th Street Co., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. A. Meier.

MOUNT MORRIS PARK WEST, 34; 5th Av, 2,023 to 2,037; 124th St, 166 to 172 East; Elsie B. Fowler against Charles H. Powers et al., partition; attorney, J. W. H. Crim.

128TH ST, 210 West; Archibald G. Ogden against Harriet E. T. Ogden, action to appoint committee; attorneys, Reynolds, Richards & McCutcheon.

153D ST, 503 and 505 West; Henry H. Jackson et al. against D. H. Jackson Co., Inc., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. H. Jackson.

Bronx.

WELLMAN AV, s s, 375 ft n of Mayflower Av, 100x125; Arthur F. Wills against Mary Scully, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Mapes & Hayes.

141ST ST, s s, 152.6 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 64.9x98.5; Solomon Rogers against John H. Symmers et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, Knox & Delgnan.

HUNTS POINT AV, n e corner of Seneca Av, 71.9x100; Herman Younker against Irvine Construction Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. S. Posner.

HUNTS POINT AV, e s, 138.6 ft n of Seneca Av, 66.7x111.7; Herman Younker against Irvine Construction Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, L. S. Posner.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

93D ST, 10 West; James L. Thornton against Mary G. Pinckney Estate, owner; Louis D. Hopkins and Edward H. Boyd, contractor.....$57

96TH ST, 113 East; Joseph Miller against Calvin Realty Co., owner; H. & R. Construction Co., contractor.....$99

120TH ST, 36 West; City Guaranteed Proofing Co. against Emma Newmark, owner and contractor; Samuel Seck, contractor...$150

Bronx.

DALY AV, 2,133 to 2,139; Philip Stein against Simsola Realty Co., owners and contractors.....$1,436

WESTCHESTER AV, n e corner of Ferris Place, 81x132; O'Connell Contracting Co. against Robert J. Rooney, owner and contractor.....$823

136TH ST, 543 East; East River Mill and Lumber Co. against Silverson Cont. Co., lessee and contractors, renewal.....$285

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,567 and 1,569; Lockwood Co. against Lee Shubert et al., Dec. 10, 1918.....$1,200

Bronx.

CANNON PLACE, 3,480-3,486; William Regon against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., et al, Jan. 8, 1917.....$308.28

CANNON PLACE, 3,488-3,494; William Regon against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., et al, Jan. 8, 1917.....$100.00

CANNON PLACE, 3,486-3,404; Abraham Gillman against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., et al., Jan. 8, 1917.....$350.00

Building Loan Contracts.

STANTON ST, n s, 40 ft w of Mangin St, 39.8x70; Maiden Lane Savings Bank loans Enterprise Warehousing Corp. to erect a — story building, — payments.....$35,000

STANTON ST, 334 to 340; Maiden Lane Savings Bank loans Enterprise Warehousing Corp. to erect a six-story building, three payments.....$35,000

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Times Square furnished the feature in the realty market yesterday with the largest sale in that locality that has been closed in several months, representing over $250,000. The three old houses at 141 to 145 West Forty-third Street, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, were purchased by Henry G. Smith, President of the Woodstock Hotel Company, from the Kines Realty Company. They have a frontage of 60 feet by 100.5 in depth, and adjoin the Woodstock Hotel on the west. The assessed valuation of the plot is $194,000, of which $188,000 is land value.

Mr. Smith said regarding the purchase that he has no plans of improvement, but acquired the property primarily as a protection to the hotel. A large addition was built to the hotel a few years ago, doubling its capacity, its frontage being 144.2 feet, practically in the middle of the block, and the recent purchase gives Mr. Smith a total frontage of 204.2 feet.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company acted as brokers in the sale. Isidore H. Lehman represented the sellers as attorney and Frederick H. Button represented the buyer.

53d Street Home as Christmas Gift.

The five-story residence at 21 West Fifty-third Street, on a lot 23 by 100.5, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, was recorded as transferred yesterday by Blanche L. Shoemaker to her son, Henry W. Shoemaker, subject to a mortgage of $85,000. It is the present home of young Mr. Shoemaker, who is a broker and well known as an author of Pennsylvania stories and early history. The property was reported as having been given to Mr. Shoemaker as a wedding gift five years ago.

Buys Two Apartments on Edgecombe Avenue.

In the West Harlem section a large apartment house deal was closed in the sale of the two five-story structures at 84 and 86 Edgecombe Avenue, adjoining the northeast corner of 138th Street and 90 to 96 Edgecombe Avenue, at the southeast corner of 139th Street. They were purchased by the Grand Concourse Realty Company, Michael Kaufman, President, from the Guardian Life Insurance Company, which took the properties at foreclosure sale last January. They have been held at $230,000, and are fully rented. The first named house covers a plot 90 by 99 and the other 72.11 by 85 on the street. A. Blumenthal was the broker in the sale. An 18-foot residence separates the two houses.

$225,000 Bronx Investment.

The Bronx furnished another large apartment investment deal to the number which have preceded it in the last few days in the purchase by Daniel H. Jackson of the six-story apartment building known as the Seville at 941 to 947 Intervale Avenue, the southwest corner of 163d Street. It was held at $225,000, and is fully rented, including the ten stores on the ground floor. The property was purchased from the Intervale Holding Company, and makes Mr. Jackson's third purchase within two weeks in the East Bronx residential section. The Burton-Thompson Company acted as brokers.

Drive Residence Sold for Alteration Into Small Apartments.

The five-story dwelling, 414 Riverside Drive, on a lot 25.10 by 118.4, has been sold by Alexander Walker, President of the Colonial Bank, to a client of A. H. Levy. The property, which was held at $50 000, is located between 114th and 115th Streets. It will be remodeled into small apartments by the buyer.

School Buys on Henry Street.

The Mordecai Talmud School has purchased from James Fitzgerald 134 Henry Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 23.10 by 100. This is the first transfer of the property in many years. It is assessed by the city at $21,000. Jacob Finkelstein & Sons negotiated the sale.

Operator Resells Two Parcels Held at $70,000

Frederick Brown, operator, resold two parcels of Manhattan property recently taken in trade. In the Dyckman section he sold to a client of Paul M. Gomberg, 20 Arden Street, a five-story apartment on a plot 40.6 by 130, held at $60,000.

The second deal involved 395 Manhattan Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18 by 83.4, held at $10 000, which was sold to a client of Nehring Brothers for investment.

Tenement Deals.

Porter & Co. sold for Sophia and Fanny Goodman, to an investor, the five-story double flat with store, 543 West 125th Street.

Max N. Natanson resold 1,883 Third Avenue, northeast corner of 104th Street, on lot 20 by 100. This property was acquired by the seller last August in a trade for the Northdale, northwest corner of 179th Street and Northern Avenue, Byrne & Bowman were the brokers.

The Bronx Market.

James Montgomery & Son sold to an investor a plot, 100 by 100, on the north side of 167th Street, 100 feet west of Alexander Avenue.

Shaw & Co. sold for the Lawyers Title & Trust Co. at trustees the three-story brick, two-family dwelling, 1,229 Union Avenue, on a lot 20 by 152 feet, to M. Mantel.

Queens Borough Sales.

The house and plot, 55 by 100, oh the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Percy Street, Flushing, owned by the estate of James Gillies, has been sold by J. Albert Johntra to M. A. Harmen of Brooklyn.

The River Realty Company sold to A. Higgins a plot, 39 by 117, on the west side of New York Avenue, north of Reason Street, Jamaica.

The Riverhead Savings Bank sold to O. Liberman a plot, 75 by 87, on the east side of Carlton Avenue, south of the Arverne Boulevard, Far Rockaway.

New Jersey.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. sold for the Charles R. Piper Company the frame dwelling and garage on a lot 70 by 100, at 527 Hillside Terrace, South Orange, N. J., to W. A. Wakeley.

Recent Buyers.

The B. Winter Realty Company is the buyer of the Barrington, a nine-story apartment, at 203 to 209 West Eighty-first Street, sold Monday.

J. P. Morgan is the buyer of the four-story dwelling 108 East Thirty-seventh Street.

Commercial Leases.

Spear & Co. leased for Michael P. Rich the two entire buildings, 394-396 Sixth Avenue, on the northwest corner of Twenty-fourth Street, for many years occupied as a hotel and known as the Worth House. The entire building will be extensively altered for business purposes by the lessee, William L. Miller.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

1st Av, 1,138, e s, 75.5 ft s of 63d St, 25x81.5, five-story tenement and stores; Sophia Muller against Bozuffi Realty Co. et al.; H. M. Phillips, attorney; due, $10,890.60; taxes, &c., $935.80; to the plaintiff for $13,500.

By James J. Donovan.

Webster Av, 2,751-2,753, n w corner of 197th St, (395,) 51.2x115.3x50x104.6, five-story tenement and stores; S. T. Case, executrix, against Evelyn Building Co. et al.; C. H. Friedrich, attorney; due, $9,030.45; taxes, &c., $3,467.72; adjourned to Dec. 31.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, DEC. 24.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 66, n s, 71.10 ft w of New Chambers St, 17.1x97.6 to s w s of New Chambers St x 22.6x78.8; Nicholas P. Walsh to Ambrosia and Margerita Guariglia, 38 Cherry St, tenants by entirety, mtg $4,000, all liens, Dec. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $1

COOPER SQUARE, 28, (or Bowery, 388,) w s, runs n 27.9x w 43x n w 78.10 to alley x s 23.5x e 95x s e 36 to beginning; Frances A Sands to Browning, King & Co., 26 Cooper Square, Dec. 24; b. & s.; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St....$100

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 51st St, 50.5 x100; Orinoco Realty Co. to Samuel Petzky, 926 Longwood Av, mtg $65,000, all liens, Dec. 19.....$100

STANTON ST, n s, 40 ft w of Mangin St, 39.8x70; Maiden Lane Savings Bank to Enterprise Warehousing Corporation, 78 Broad St, mtg $35,000, which includes P. M. mtg of $24,000, Dec. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

STANTON ST, 338-340, n w corner of Mangin St, 40x70; Circle Warehouse Corporation to same, all liens, Dec. 11; attorney same.....$1

UNION SQUARE EAST, 26 and 28, e s, 78 ft n of 18th St, 50.6x125, foreclosure Nov. 6, 1918; Herman Joseph, referee, to Union Square Savings Bank, 20 Union Square, Dec. 16; attorney, Stephen P. Nash, 30 Pine St.....$100,000

WHITE ST, s s, 225 ft e of Broadway, 25x 47.8x28x48; also lot in rear, 25x52; Louis D. Hopkins to Jennie K. Stiefel, 1,401 Broadway, Far Rockaway, B. of Q., mtg $40,100; attorney, Ferd. I. Haber, 44 Cedar St.....$1

1ST ST, 45 East, s s, 244.11 ft e of 2d Av, 20.7x72x20.4x74.6, foreclosure Nov. 20, 1918; David L. Well, referee, to J. B. Seligmann, 35 West 74th St; attorney, Harry R. Kohn, 42 Broadway.....$12,000

2D AV, s e corner of 44th St, 20x82; Obermeyer & Liebman to Willbush Co., 59 Bremen St, Brooklyn, mtg $12,000, all liens, Dec. 23; attorney, Meier Steinbrink, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn.....$15,000

2D AV, n w corner of 34th St, 20.5x70; Henry J. Herman to Maria F. O'Donnell, 1,615 Avenue T, Brooklyn, Oct. 2, 1917; attorneys, Kurzman, O. & F., 25 Broad St.....$1

11TH AV, n e corner of 36th St, 24.9x100; Obermeyer & Liebman to Willbush Co., 59 Bremen St, Brooklyn, mtg $10,000, all liens, Dec. 23; attorney, Meier Steinbrink, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn.....$12,000

APT ST, 310 East, s s, 175 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x98.9; John B. Phillips et al. to Joseph Donders, 360 Ocean Av, Jersey City; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

53D ST, 114 West, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 18.9x100.5, foreclosure Dec. 10, 1918; John J. O'Connell, referee, to Bisco Co., 25 Broad St; attorneys, G. J. & S. N. Carr, 149 Broadway $8,000

53D ST, 114 West, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 18.9x100.5, foreclosure Dec. 10, 1918; John J. O'Connell, referee, to Bisco Co., 25 Broad St; attorneys, G. J. & S. N. Carr, 149 Broadway $8,100

53D ST, 21 West, n s, 437 ft w of 5th Av, 23x100.8; Blanche L. Shoemaker to Henry W., her son, at McElhattan, Clinton County, Penn., mtg $85,000, all liens, Dec. 20; attorney, M. P. Lawrence, 60 Broadway.....Gift

54TH ST, n s, 250.6 ft w of 6th Av, 24.6x100.5; Glenbrook Co. to Raymond H. Kutner, 2,703 Hughes Av, mtg $23,000, all liens, Dec. 20; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St.....$100

61ST ST, 310 East, n s, 274.6 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5, foreclosure Dec. 16, 1918; James F. Curnen, referee, to Dominick Bozzuffi, 340 East 63d St, mtg $11,500, Dec. 23; attorney, Louis Campora, 93 Nassau St.$1,000

73D ST, 227-29 East, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 50x102.2; Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y. to Elias Rosenbaum, 61 East 86th St, Dec. 21; attorneys, Murray, P. & H., 37 Wall St.....$1,000

74TH ST, 260 West, s s, 30 ft e of West End Av, 20x21x irregular; William Hotmer to Rebecca H. Veysey, 260 West 74th St, one-third part, mtg $12,000, Dec. 24; attorney, Henry Amerman, 233 Broadway.....$100

78TH ST, 344 East, s s, 210 ft w of 1st Av, 20x102.2; Obermeyer & Liebman to Willbush Co., 59 Bremen St, Brooklyn, mtg $7,000, all liens, Dec. 23; attorney, Meier Steinbrink, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn.....$10,000

88TH ST, n s, 429 ft e of Columbus Av, 21x100.8; Olda Holding Corporation to Constant J. and Catharine R. Sperco, 305 West 136th St, tenants by entirety, mtg $20,000, all liens, Dec. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

100TH ST, 327 East, n s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11, foreclosure; Cornelius Huth, referee, to Citizens' Sav. Bank, 56 Bowery, Dec. 23; attorneys, Beall & Rogers, 141 Broadway.....$9,000

120TH ST, 9 West, n s, 146 ft w of Mount Morris Park West, 18x100.11; Leon Kamalky to Ida Rubin, 208 West 119th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Ida Rubin to A. Ginsburg, 208 West 119th St, mtg $7,000, all liens, Dec. 18; attorney, same.....$100

124TH ST, 258 West, s s, 415 ft w of 5th Av, 26x99.11; Estelle G. Winston to Revenue Realty Co., 320 Broadway, all liens, Feb. 17, 1916; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $100

125TH ST, s s, 350 ft w of Lenox Av, 41.8x 99.11; Estelle Wohlgemuth to Criterion Holding Co., 46 Cedar St.; attorneys, Lind & P., 46 Cedar St.....$1

147TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Rosa Mulliner, as executors, &c., to Isaac Muslimer, to Jerome Birns, 545 West 11th St, one-third part, all liens, Dec. 10; attorney, Hy. A. Friedman, 31 Nassau St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Silas Muslimer et al. to same, two-thirds part, all liens, Dec. 10; attorney same $1

132D ST, 250-261 West, n s, 170 ft e of 8th Av, 50x99.11; Millie Rosenberg to Hilmon Realty Corporation, 127 West 141st St, all liens, June 7, 1917; attorney, M. J. Katz, 320 Broadway $1

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, e s, 186.8 ft n of 181st St, 24.2x167; Rowland W. Thomas to Lucy Kirtland, 31 2d Place, Brooklyn, Oct. 19, 1917; attorney Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

BELMONT AV, e s, 186.8 ft n of 181st St, 24.2x167; Lucy Kirtland to Lucile Glazin, 2,115 Belmont Av, Dec. 23; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100

BRONX PARK, 2,210; James Rosenbaum to Booth, referee, to United States Trust Co., exr, Dec. 23; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St.....$1,300

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 188th St, 115.6 x94.10x117x96; August F. Schmidt to Elise Schmidt, 68 West 70th St, Dec. 21; attorney, J. M. Ruck, 99 Nassau St.....$1

CHISHOLM ST, w s, 165.3 ft s of Freeman St, 47.3x irregular; Louis Bodner to Jonas Blatt, 35 Main St, Yonkers, mtg $52,000, May 8; attorney J. Blatt, 35 Main St, Yonkers $1

GARDEN PLACE, s e s, being Lot 435, map of Washingtonville, 35.10x137x — x142; Andrew J. Wightman to Daisy E. Bogardus, Oct. 31, 1898; attorney, F. William Eggert, 4,709 White Plains Av.....$1

FORREST AV, s e corner of 163d St, 17.9x95; Alfred Goldberg to Louise Ehling, 803 Eagle Av, Feb. 9, 1913; attorney, E. Cohn, 32 Broadway $1

GERARD ST, n e s, 124.5 ft s e of Bergen Av, being s e 54.3x n e 89.9x w 105; Walter E. Phelps to William F. Smith, 954 East 181st St, Dec. 23; attorney, Walter E. Phelps, 435 East 149th St.....$100

SOUNDVIEW TERRACE, being Lot 98 on map attached to this deed, 153.8x irregular; Francis K. Pendleton, trustee, to Le Grand L. Benedict, Cedarhurst, L. I., et al., April 30; attorneys, Anderson, P. & A., 25 Broad St $1

STORY AV, 2,130, s s, 25x103.11; William F. Angus to Alfred W. Wattenberg, 426 Palmetto Av, Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 19; attorneys, Pressinger & G., 60 Wall St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred W. Wattenberg to Fred G. Merkle, 560 Wales Av, Dec. 23; attorneys, same.....$100

MAIN ST, n s, at division line between Lots 1 and 2, map of Cooper, runs n 100x e 25xn 50x e to centre line of Westchester Creek x s — to n s of causeway crossing x w — to beginning; Lewis A. Mitchell to I. Napoleon Levy, 18 West 72d St, April 28, 1916; attorney, I. Napoleon Levy, 128 Broadway.....$1

WEEKS AV, e s, 95 ft n of 173d St, 50x95; Alfred Corporation to Henry M. Greenberg, 34 West 119th St, mtg $3,000, Dec. 23; attorney, New York Title Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

WHEELER AV, 1,218, e s, 40x100; Dora Schlesinger to Maria Theurer, 440 East 184th St, mtg $20,000, Dec. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney, interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

GREENWICH AV, s w s, at s w s of 13th St, 111.11x132.7x irregular, Dec. 24; Annie M. Devary to Simon M. Goldsmith, 302 Convent Av, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $30,000; attorney, Albert Zimmermann, 206 Broadway.....$5,500

NORFOLK ST, 85, w s, 100 ft n of Delancey St, Dec. 23; Hy M. Greenberg to Rudsim Realty Corporation, 135 Broadway, due Aug. 23, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $14,000, leasehold; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$5,500

STANTON ST, 334 to 340, n w corner of Mangin St, 79.8x70, Dec. 18; Enterprising Warehousing Corporation to Maiden Lane Savings Bank, 170 Broadway, due Dec. 5, 1921, 5½ p. c.; attorneys Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$35,000

24TH ST, 310 East, s s, 175 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x98.9, Dec. 23; Joseph Donders to John B., Charles E. H., and Alfred N. Phillips, Glenbrook, Conn., due and interest as per bond; attorneys, Sayers Bros., 31 Nassau St.....$5,000

53D ST, 114 and 116 West, s s, 225 and 243.9 ft w of 6th Av, two lots, each 18.9x 100.5, two prior mtgs, each $5,000, Dec. 23; Bisco Co. to James J. Gulick, 1,405 10th St, Coronado, Cal., 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, G. J. & S. N. Carr, 149 Broadway $10,000

73D ST, 227 and 229 East, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 50x102.2, P. M.; Elias Rosenbaum to Equitable Trust Co. of New York, 37 Wall St, due Dec. 23, 1921, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Murray, H. & P., 37 Wall St.$12,000 in gold

117TH ST, 450 East, s s, 94 ft w of Pleasant Av, 28.11x100.10, Dec. 23; Americo Vespucci Realty Co. to Florence Plonsky, 320 Riverside Drive, et al., executors, due Dec. 20, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Menken Bros., 206 Broadway.....$7,500

120TH ST, 9 West, n s, 146 ft w of Mt. Morris Park West, 18x100.11, P. M, Dec. 18; Ida Rubin to Leon Kamalky, 61 East 80th St, due Jan. 1, 1924; attorney, Bernard Bloch, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.....$7,000

127TH ST, 250 West, s s, 386.8 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11, Dec. 24; Louisa B. Nelson to Edward B. Close, 2 East 92d St, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, 2,146, e s, 24.2x167; Lucile Gracini to Lucy Kretland, 59 West 45th St, Dec. 23, due Jan. 1, 1924; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $6,000

COURTLANDT AV, n e corner of 149th St, 55x100; People's Big Market, Inc., to Realty Operating Co., 15 Wall St, prior mtg $150,000, Dec. 23, due June 23, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$15,000

GERARD AV, n e s, 124.5 ft s e of Bergen Av, runs s e 54.3x n e 89.9x w 105.1; William P. Smith to Walter E. Phelps, 2,731 Creston Av, prior mtg $10,000, Dec. 23, 5 years; attorney, Walter E. Phelps, 2,731 Creston Av $3,000

HUNTS POINT ROAD, 824, e s, 19.3x100.1; Jeannette Fleischer and another to Walter C. White, Township of Ocean, N. J., Dec. 23, due Jan. 1, 1924, 5½ p. c.; attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St.....$4,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, prior mtg $4,000, Dec. 23, 2 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney $1,300

STORY AV, 2,130, s s, 25x103.1; Fred W. Merkle to Alfred W. Wattenberg, 426 Palmetto St, Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 23, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St $3,000

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, being Lot 20, map 1, South Vernon Park, 25.3x106.6, deed recorded as mtg to secure note of $500, recording tax paid $2.50; William T. Mapes to Harris Pomerantz, 170 Lenox Av, Sept. 15, due as per note; attorney, J. J. Wechsler, 132 Nassau St.....$100

WEEKS AV, e s, 95 ft n of 173d St, 50x95; Henry M. Greenberg to Elted Corporation, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn, Dec. 23, Aug. 23, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$3,000

180TH ST, 880 East, leasehold; Adolf Hollander to Moses Harlnik, 2,005 Honeywell Av, and another, given to secure deposit on lease, Dec. 23, 5 years, 3 p. c.; attorneys, Lesser & L., 141 Broadway.....$525

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

S. Goldsticker, Auct'r,

WILL SELL AT AUCTION

The Six Story Brick Loft Bldg.

WITH LAND 50x122,

Nos. 229 & 230 West St.

BETWEEN NORTH MOORE AND BEACH STS.,

Thursday, Dec. 26th, at 12 Noon

at the R. P. Salesroom, 14 & 16 Vesey St.

For Particulars apply to Messrs. Beckman, Menken & Griscom, Attorneys, 52 William St., or the Auctioneer, S. Goldsticker, 156 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS INC. *Business Property*

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH Carries one of our California type Comfort Homes. GARAGE, sleeping porch, etc. Beautiful street; only two minutes from Kings Highway station of the Broadway-Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. Open daily, or particulars upon request. JOHN F. CHURLO CORPN., Kings Highway & West 11th St., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND

Westchester County and Connecticut.

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—8441.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE

Finest residential section of Westchester; 15 acres, with an artistic brick and stucco residence and garage. Easy commuting distance. $5,000 cash; balance can be arranged. Griffen, Murry Hill 6442.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LEASE DOUBLE COVERED PIER 430 Feet Long

Deep Water Both Sides.
East River, N. Y. Side,
Adjoining Manhattan Bridge.

Rent $70,00[illegible] per Year

This Advertisement will not appear again

G. P. BUTTERLY 16 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

YOU AUTO BUY OR RENT A FINE TWO-STORY

GARAGE, 100x100

LIVE BUSINESS SECTION OF LONG ISLAND CITY NEAR BRIDGE PLAZA. 12 Minutes to Columbus Circle. Splendid Location for Commercial Garage

REASONABLE TERMS.

LOUIS GOLD, Builder.

44 Court St., BROOKLYN. Telephone 7050-51 MAIN

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

Wanted to Rent or Buy Garage

for owner's private use, to hold at least six cars; must be modern structure; preference given to garage with living accommodations for chauffeur and when ready for occupancy. Address West Side, Box 178 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

CATHEDRAL COURT

541 WEST 113TH ST. Near B'way.

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.

One Left, 8 ROOMS, $1,500
2 Baths,

Ap

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

AT ONCE.
Eight or nine rooms, three baths; our client will pay $500 per month for four or five months providing apartment is first class. Call Mr. Brooks, Columbus 7240. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Family, three adults, want apartment, three rooms, bath and kitchenette; three or four months, Jan. 15; location, Central Park West or Claremont Av., vicinity 120th St.; best references furnished. R 209 Times.

Apartment, furnished, wanted, four-five rooms, from 135th St., West, up; only people in family grandmother and child; write full particulars. S 333 Times.

Wanted furnished and unfurnished apartments and houses. Mrs. Gertie Smith, 31 East 48th St. Murray Hill 8485.

Army officer desires well appointed apartment home; particulars. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dinglsman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Responsible clients wanting furnished apartments, 3 to 9 months. Apartment Renting Co., 176 West 72d St.

Furnished apartment wanted for month of January by three adults; below 59th St. Edw. Klotz, 35 West 39th St.

1-2 rooms, bath; gentleman; Gramercy-Washington Square; electricity indispensable. S 337 Times.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENTS WANTING Furnished Apartments, 3 to 9 Months. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 W. 72d St.

A studio on 67th or 57th St., furnished or unfurnished. L 108 Times.

Unfurnished.

One, two rooms, bath; gentleman's Gramercy, Washington Square; electricity indispensable. L 141 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

60TH, 134 EAST.—Nicely furnished large front room; steam.

The Management of THE NEWEST ALLERTON, EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS, 143 East 39th St., are now receiving applications for residence in their NEW 16-STORY RESIDENCE FOR MEN. Completely furnished. The congenial spirit and atmosphere of a well-appointed club for men of refinement. Shower baths, reading rooms, library, billiard room, handball courts, &c. Rates $6.50 to $15 per week. References.

West Side.

68TH, 31 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; convenient location; private family.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Small room; steam heat, running water, electricity; gentlemen; references; permanent.

75TH, 259 WEST.—Furnished suite, private bath; also rooms for gentlemen.

85TH ST., 209 WEST.—3 elegant exceptionally furnished rooms, with private bath; use of kitchen.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Elegant sunny front parlor; lavatory; electricity; reference.

94TH, 344 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all conveniences; references.

94TH, 311 WEST.—Outside sunny single room; elevator, telephone; modern apartment; with couple; breakfast optional; $7 weekly. Topiltz.

96TH, 27 WEST.—Handsome, large and connecting dressing room, private family; gentlemen.

100TH, 243 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; also charming suite.

104TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large, newly furnished room; 2 elevators; apartment 6.

HOTEL BRADDOCK,
126TH ST. AND 8TH AV.,
one block from 6th and 9th Av. elevated station, catering to permanent guests; single or double rooms, with or without bath, at popular prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (84th St.)—One large front room, adjoining bath. Schuyler 6690.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Refined American couple want large front room or suite, near bath, in first-class elevator apartment; west side, near Broadway, between 80th and 136th Sts.; private family; no other roomers. Address Geiss, 30 East 42d St.

BUSINESS MAN DESIRES FURNISHED ROOM, BELOW 72D ST., WEST SIDE; STATE DETAIL PARTICULARS. H 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Young gentleman wants comfortable room; steam heat, electric light; bath adjoining; 34; 40th-65th, West. S 341 Times.

Young business man desires furnished room; state particulars and price. G 649 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 783, (66th St.)—A gentleman can find superior accommodation and cultured family, elegant house, exclusive neighborhood; sunny room, private bath.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms with board; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; excellent table.

73D, 302 WEST.—One medium size, one small room; excellent cooking; subway.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors, tearoom and lounge, steam heat; booklet.

92D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

95TH, 76 WEST.—First-class accommodations; excellent cuisine; conveniences; in private family. Van Dyck.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family; front room, four southern windows, private bath.

118TH, 151 WEST.—Single, double, first floor; electricity, running water; excellent board.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single room, boarding house, first-class Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

BOARD and residence, first-class dining room, newly opened, private house; district Central Park. Phone Schuyler 8250.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (CORNER 77TH ST.) THE GRAYMORE.—EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; EXCELLENT TABLE. TEL. SCHUYLER 4306.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath, meals, one flight; singles, facing park, electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Elderly, active gentleman wants airy room and board with refined family who have no other boarders. W 559 Times Downtown.

Good home in suburbs wanted for two boys, aged 8, 9; moderate terms. Write Room 1017, Hotel San Remo.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150; special holiday rates; booklet. Phone 1165 White Plains.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium. — Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St., Brooklyn.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM. Nonsectarian; beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 3006W.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

FRENCH DRESSMAKER from Maison Thurn, $5 per day. R 313 Times.

HEAD OF EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.
Woman experienced in this line wishes position with large corporation. X 382 Times Annex.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3320.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. Lockhart, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, knowledge of bookkeeping, bright beginner; $10 to start. G. C. 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive with record for achievement, seeks position controller or corporation executive. H 775 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, closed, systematized, tax reports, bookkeeping arrangement; $2.50 weekly. Alpert-Barst, 21 Park Row. Barclay 8148.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, honorably discharged, experienced in public accounting, New York University accountancy student, seeks position with C. P. A. S 315 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, audits systems, part time bookkeeping, income tax. Strouch, 135 Ross St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Broad manufacturing experience; modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary, $3,000; thorough executive; capable mature business judgment. R 671 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Income tax reports, $5 monthly upward; trial balances; books opened, closed, audited. Friedlander, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 998.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, credit man, and office manager, thoroughly experienced, desires position. S 318 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Student N. Y. U. School Commerce; excellent education; honorable army discharge. W 317 Times.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC; French-Swiss, 42, speaks English, French Italian, German; first class references; expert in Rolls-Royce; long experience touring in Europe. Write A. T. C., care Duvoisin, 228 East 35th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; Swedish; 31; ten years' experience on foreign and American cars; also shop experience; best of references. Victor Seaburg, 181 East 75th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—American; married; A1 references; 12 years' experience; own repairs; careful driver; any make car. Kerwin, 422 East 83d.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, single; experienced on all high class cars. Write Fred Pobat, 1,336 Lexington Av.

EDITORIAL POSITION wanted; scientific; trade; general; experienced. S 324 Times.

EXPORT DRY GOODS MAN,
With clientele in South and Central America, wishes to make connection developing business in Latin-American countries; five years' experience, writes Spanish, traveled abroad; highest credentials. H 795 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, (32.)—Twelve years' manufacturing and business experience; accustomed handling technical matters; dependable, resourceful; demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

HAVE been handling large force of men for past four years with Du Pont Powder Co.; will go any part of world. L 123 Times.

INSTRUCTOR IN MATHEMATICS, college student, recommended by Faculty as efficient, desires connection with evening preparatory school; also private lessons. I. T., 646 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Two live wires, with New York office, would like to sell direct for silk mill on straight commission basis. X 394 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, export, opening agencies in Havana, Cuba, and traveling, desires to take on lines; commission basis. S 336 Times.

SALES MANAGER, well qualified, desires position with Eastern firm; capable of producing results; honorably discharged after eleven months' foreign service. W 302 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 27; American; married; released from essential industry; executive ability; A1 references; Notary Public. G 655 Times Downtown.

SHIPBUILDERS, hull Superintendent, reliable and up to date, with initiative, if you require such a man. X 391 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK or traffic manager, experienced in all details of export and domestic shipping, desires position. W 311 Times.

SPANISH-AMERICAN editor, 47, desires connection with publishing house; interested in Spanish publications; experience in literary, educational work; good correspondent and translator. W 301 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged U. S. A., First Lieutenant, desires position with opportunity for advancement. L 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, honorably discharged, high school graduate, desires connection with reliable concern. Marshall, 321 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 22, seven years' office, shipping experience, similar position. W 308 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV., AT 38TH ST.,
require the services of several experienced

SALESLADIES,
also STOCK GIRLS
for their muslin underwear department.

Excellent salary; steady position to those who are accustomed to the very highest class of patronage.

Apply
Employment Department,
6 East 38th St.

BUYER AND MANAGER
FOR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
A large department store has a vacancy for a competent woman as buyer and manager for their notion and art goods department; application treated strictly confidential; state age, experience, salary expected. F. A., 212 Times Downtown.

CASHIER and checker for soda fountain and lunchroom; thoroughly experienced; must have first-class references. B 292 Times.

CLEANER and maid, white, to do cleaning and be generally useful; no Sunday or night work; salary $9 the week, ($40 the month,) or $5 a half day's work, from 7 A. M. to 1 or from 12:30 to 6:30 P.M., salary $6. Call Thursday. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., bet. 42d and 43d Sts.

EXPERIENCED COOKS,
EXPERIENCED WAITRESSES,
CHAMBERMAIDS,
BATHROOM MAIDS,
CLEANERS,
GLASS GIRLS,
STOREROOM GIRLS,
LAUNDRY GIRLS,
MANGLE GIRLS,
IRONERS.

APPLY TO THE HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH ST.,
NEAR 4TH AV.,
FROM 8:30 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

GIRL to typewrite orders, also to file and act as assistant telephone operator; permanent position assured with opportunity for advancement. Tiffany Studios, 361 Madison Av.

HAIR DRESSERS who are experienced marcel wavers; have steady desirable positions for really competent operators; also an expert at manicuring and face massaging. Call Thursday. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

HOME WORKERS.—Ladies to do beading and paste leather buckles; also helper in workroom, part or full time; no experience necessary; extra pay. Call MARTINE, 78 Reade St.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl, experienced, with reference, for general housework in small family; wages $45. Call Wednesday or Thursday; car fare paid. 495 8th Av., corner 5th St. Lakewood Apt., Apt. 52, Brooklyn.

NURSE, middle aged, experienced, care for baby girl 2½ years; exceptional references necessary; call mornings after 10 A. M. Mrs. George E. Hall, 110 Riverside Drive.

NURSE wanted; strong, white, for 15 months boy; character and cheerfulness appreciated more than experience; good wages. Flushing 2320.

NURSE for child 2 years old; must be neat, capable, pleasant disposition. Phone Riverside 534.

PURCHASING CLERK.
Assistant to buyer in large publishing house, used to obtain quotations by phone, rapid typist; state age, experience, and salary desired. S. M., 114 Times.

SALESLADIES,
experienced in the following departments: Corsets, gloves, hosiery, underwear, and Infants' wear; salary, $16 to $25. I. Berger, 120 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER, taking rapid dictation, transcribing grammatically; steady position; opportunity advancement; salary not more than $20; specify experience and references. S. N., 804 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high grade, for legal department; must have had at least 7 years' experience. Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken, three blocks from West 23d St. Ferry.

STENOGRAPHER, engineer's office; American; high school graduate preferred; state age, salary, and experience. O 757 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, willing to assist in sample room trying dresses; full size 16 or 18; experience unnecessary; $12 start. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

STENOGRAPHERS used to general dictation, speedy and accurate, reasonable salary; advancement according to ability; good hours. McCall, 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER in office of wholesale grocery house; state age, reference, previous employment; $18 per week. R 863 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young girl to assist bookkeeper; $12 weekly; good chance of advancement. Jamison, Semple Co., 152 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, Spanish; English not essential. X 394 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opportunity to learn and advance; $12 to start; state age, experience. B 291 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER for complaint department of health publication; healthy appearance; must have publishing experience; good opportunity to learn and advance; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Agency, newspaper advertising experience preferred; state qualifications and salary. L 136 Times.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require competent saleswomen for
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
LACES,
VEILINGS.
Apply after 9 A. M., at Employes' Entrance, West 43d St., near 5th Av.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require competent cashiers; good salaries. Apply after 9 A. M., Employes' Entrance, 43d St., near 5th Av., or by letter.

TYPISTS, piecework; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WOMAN to care for physician's office from 12 to 4; easy work; $5; time for own work. S 359 Times.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syla-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training. Day and Evening Classes. Visitors welcome any time. Over three thousand graduates. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING. Singer Building, New York.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted in investigating situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE. Send for Bulletin 10, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 100 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

STENOGRAPHY.—Beginners, advanced students taught privately; forceful, intelligent instruction; immediate progress assured. Room 415, 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 2088.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT.—Capable accountant, with public accounting experience as senior or advanced junior, wanted by certified public accountant; permanent position; salary commensurate with experience; applications held in strict confidence; address stating salary, age and references. G 662 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by corporation; an experienced accountant; permanent position. Address, stating references, P. O. Box 27, Station V.

ADVERTISING WRITER WANTED.
Well-known agency needs man capable of writing inspirational sales copy. Mail order experience will help; real salary to start and big opportunity ahead for right man. Address H 197 Times.

BILLING CLERK.—Young man, experienced bill clerk, accurate and neat, for large corporation; salary $85. R 654 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, CASHIER.
Trained office executive capable of taking charge of accounting, billing, collections, credits, &c., for a successful publishing house in Connecticut; give references, qualifications, salary, &c., in first letter. W 310 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man; must attend to execution of orders; splendid chance for advancement; salary to begin $30, but will be increased as ability is shown. Address, with particulars, W 315 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced double entry, able to handle large number of accounts; accuracy, rapidity and executive ability essential; full details and salary. G 646 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years, to check remittances, post and take off trial balances; must be experienced. B 288 Times.

BOY.—A bright and intelligent office boy, 17 or 19 years of age; none but those with best of references need apply; salary $8 per week. S 334 Times.

BUYER AND MANAGER
FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS.
A large department store has a vacancy for buyer and manager of their cloak and suit department; splendid opportunity for a progressive and active man; applications treated strictly confidential; state age, reference, and salary expected. T. A., 209 Times Downtown.

BUYER, thoroughly experienced, to take complete charge of piece goods department. Ritter Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

CARPENTERS, $5.50 per day of 8 hours; Government construction work. Apply 7:20 A. M., Statue of Liberty Ferry Landing, Battery.

COOKS, EXPERIENCED;
ASSISTANT COOKS;
PASTRY COOKS;
ICE CREAM MEN;
BAKERS, ROLL, BREAD, AND CAKE;
LUNCHMEN;
OYSTERMEN,
BUTCHERS,
FISH AND CHICKEN BUTCHERS,
COLD MEAT MEN,
VEGETABLE PEELERS.
COFFEE MEN,
PANTRYMEN,
ICEMEN,
PORTERS,
BARTENDERS,
CAPTAINS,
WAITERS,
BUS BOYS,
DUMBWAITER MEN,
DISHWASHERS,
FIREMEN,
POT WASHERS,
SILVER CLEANERS,
HOUSEMEN,
YARDMEN,
CLEANERS,
APPLY TO THE HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH ST.,
NEAR 4TH AV.
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR BY LARGE WESTERN MANUFACTURER; MUST BE CAPABLE OF ALSO MANAGING ENTIRE FACTORY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY; IN ANSWERING GIVE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED, WHICH WILL BE HELD IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. X 345 TIMES ANNEX.

DISCHARGED SOLDIER WANTED.
No other need apply; one who understands selling propositions thoroughly, to do some selling himself and take charge of organization; high class novelty; commission; opportunity to make big money; give experience, age, married or single. Address W 241 Times.

DISTRICT SALES MANAGER.
Truck manufacturer of a standard line of high-grade worm-drive trucks, 1 to 5 ton capacity, has opening for energetic man who has had experience in lining up a dealer organization, to cover Central and Western New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; exceptional opportunity for a live wire. Address District Manager, S 330 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER wanted for up-State industrial plant of 3,000 employes; permanent position; only experienced and well qualified man should apply. X 374 Times Annex.

ENGINEER.—A man capable of taking entire charge of boiler and engine rooms in a rapidly growing plant, not far from New York City; give experience and references in first letter. Address X 370 Times Annex.

ERECTOR FOR MEDIUM-WEIGHT MACHINERY; MUST BE ALL-AROUND MECHANIC; INDOOR PLANT WORK; PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY 1 TO 3 P. M., 3403 WOOLWORTH BUILDING.

FEEDER.—Capable of feeding Chandler & Price and Gailey Universal press; also make ready; state wages. Standard Printing Co., Dover, N. J.

FOREMAN.—Intelligent, working, for cloth and pamphlet binding; state age, nationality, and experience. B 287 Times.

HUB CUTTER for fine jewelry; must be good designer and have artistic taste; state where employed and wages wanted; position steady. W. E., 807 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST and tool maker wanted, experienced on covered buttons, &c., by Philadelphia firm. Reply at once, stating experience, salary, and references. Good opportunity. X 372 Times Annex.

MAN between 21 and 35 years of age; good memory, good penmanship; those familiar with the different makes of automobiles preferred; reasonable hours; wages $25 per week; give age, nationality, residence, names and addresses of former employers; only sober men need apply. H. C. J., 37 Times.

MAN, experienced in weighing; to check weights in wholesale pork house; state references, and salary. E. K., 123 Times.

MANAGER soda fountain and lunchroom; must be thoroughly experienced and have first-class references; good opportunity for the right man. B 293 Times.

MANAGER.—Out of town, exclusive retail clothing store; call, See-Ell System Clothing, 718 Broadway.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.—Man of wide experience in the actual work of the upkeep of a factory; carpenters, electricians, machine shop, and all repairs to be organized to keep production up to par; a technology-trained man preferred; give references in first letter. Address X 371 Times Annex.

MERCHANDISE MAN.

Man who has had broad training as merchandise man or buyer of a large retail establishment to act in the capacity of Merchandise Manager. No statistician. Only those thoroughly experienced in handling merchandise and supervising others will be considered. Apply by letter, stating in detail experience and lines of merchandise you are acquainted with. X 388 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, neat appearance, to run errands, make himself useful, and assist in putting out mail; large corporation; salary $45 month. R 695 Times Downtown.

OYSTERMEN
FOR NEW YORK CITY HOTELS.
APPLY TO THE
HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH STREET,
NEAR FOURTH AV.,
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

PRINTING ORDER CLERK.—Must be able to estimate. Write, stating salary and qualifications. Box 125, 1,921 3d Av.

PROOFREADER in printing and publishing house; elderly man preferred; work not heavy; state experience and salary wanted. G 645 Times Downtown.

RETAIL BILL and charge clerk wanted for permanent position in large publishing office in city; department store experience preferred; must be able to operate Underwood machine. D 855 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—A well established manufacturer of office supplies offers good opportunity with attractive salary to man as salesman, selling to the consumer, in New York City; liberal commission with drawing account; applicant must be well educated, of good appearance and willing to work reasonably hard; to receive attention let your application state age, experience, and qualifications. Address R 678 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man to sell a well-known automobile accessory; ambitious salesman who wants to advance himself by hard work will find this an excellent opportunity; prefer one who has sold an advertised article to retail dealers; this is a strict commission proposition; no time wasted abling our other men to produce big earnings for themselves. Address P. O. Box 592, Mount Vernon.

SALESMAN WANTED; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR GOOD WIDE AWAKE SALESMAN ACQUAINTED WITH BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS TRADE; STATE AGE, SALARY, REFERENCES, AND EXPERIENCE; STEADY. G 636 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN and district managers required on a national proposition; electric specialty; extraordinary opportunity to secure territorial rights; only high-calibre and financially responsible men need apply; commission. B 295 Times.

SALESMEN, energetic, forceful, for New York and Brooklyn, to sell guaranteed tungsten nitrogen lamps; salary and commission. Apply Thursday from 12 to 2, Room 504, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn Borough Hall.

SALESMEN.—2 live wires, experienced, to represent popular line of children's colored dresses, to travel through Middle Atlantic and Southern States; strictly commission basis. B 273 Times.

SALESMAN for New England States; one who has handled men's neckwear; strictly commission basis; Boston residence preferred. James A. Alexander, 17 East 22d.

SALESMAN, knowing machinery buyers, for local territory; liberal commission; state experience for last five years, otherwise cannot consider. Reliable. S 338 Times.

SALESMAN, leather goods, to handle side lines of ladies' belts for Southern territories; jobbing and retail trade; commission basis. E. J. 225 Times.

SALESMAN to sell stock on 25% cash commission; excellent, easy-selling proposition; call or send for information. Kenneth Clarendon, 1,482 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Must have big following, to handle strong established line children's underwear as side line; all territories; commission. B 289 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for ladies' trimmed and tailored hats; commission basis; good opportunity. Imperial Novelty Co., 14 West 4th St.

SALESMEN, traveling, experienced on caps; high grade line; commission with drawing account. G. H., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, hat, to carry side line of high grade caps; commission basis. G. G., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN for highest class office specialty; commission; with drawing account if worthy. Flechner, 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, acquainted with grocer's trade; only live wires; commission. G 634 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY in Christian physician's office; college education; accurate stenographer; $25 if experienced. Apt. 1D, 104 East 40th St. Write age, education, and experience.

SOLICITOR.—Wanted at once by an important New York daily, a high-class solicitor for local and general advertising; only a man of good personality and proved ability need apply. Give particulars briefly. S. D., Box 50, Room 1201, 220 West 42d.

TRAVELING SALESMAN wanted to cover Middle West with a line of children's colored dresses; commission. Call Friday, Dec. 27, Room 518, Wilson Bldg., 1,270 Broadway.

TYPISTS.—Piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

YOUNG MAN, bright, for detail work with representative silk glove firm; good future for the right one; give information as to age, education, experience, salary, &c. B 286 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the receiving department of a Brooklyn bank; one with experience preferred; state age and salary desired. G 660 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

LARGEST UNIVERSITY IN THE WORLD
Training women and men by simple, practical and agreeable HOME STUDY for HIGHER ACCOUNTING and C. P. A. examination, paying $2,500 to $10,000 YEARLY. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING Moderate fee, easy terms. UNNECESSARY. Address or call on E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar, 110 West 40th St., New York. Telephone 1235 Bryant.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pulliman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish and French; graduate Boston University; improved method; immediate results. Room 415, 500 5th Av., at 42d St., phone Murray Hill 2088.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A BARGAIN.
CADILLAC, new, standard 1918 landaulet, recently bought, run 3,000 miles; owner leaving America; price $3,800. Bode, Belmont Hotel.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 "8-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood Limousine.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 TOWN CAR.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 48 Special 4-Pass.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 48 LIMOUSINE.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO.
1917 Franklin Sedan. 1918 & '17 Dodge Sed.
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Hudson Limou.
1917 Hudson T'n Car. 1916 Cadillac Sedan.
1917 Buick Sedan. 1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1917 Buick Coupe. 1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1918 model, 7 passenger, Sterling detachable Winter top, slip cover, two extra good shoes and tubes, tool box and other extras; original paint; run about 6,000 miles; price $1,400. Call Flatbush 6688. Louis Stone.

BUICK late 1918 touring; very little used, $700; five original tires; like new; see this before buying new car. 1,116 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 878.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS,
roadsters. Black, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA, 4-Pass.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
DODGE 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 COUPE.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 3-38 TOURING, 7-Pass.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC, 1917, TOWN CAR.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

CADILLACS, 1918-1917 models, tourings, sedans, roadsters, and chummy. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1916, 7-passenger, extras. Mr. Mead, Columbus 7834.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER.
Rebuilt and refinished.
USED CARS.
Tourings, Roadsters, Sedans, Coupes, Town Cars, Dispatch Cars, Limousines.
NINETY DAYS' GUARANTEE.
OTHER MAKES:
SIMPLEX 1918 Limousine, Holbrook Body; elegant condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

COLE, 1917, SEDAN.
VERY EXCEPTIONAL CONDITION.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

DE DION BOUTON.
Landaulet, brougham; latest importation; almost new; no reasonable offer refused.
VAN DYKE, 1,789 BROADWAY.

DODGE, 1917, SEDAN.
READY TO BE USED IMMEDIATELY.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

DODGE coupe, new, 1918 model, three-seated, heated; perfect order. Call or write Diskin, Oakwood, Plainfield, N. J.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auction of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 533.

EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, INC., TODAY AND EVERY TUESDAY, SECOND FLOOR.
CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN, SUPER SIX.
1918 BUICK BROUGHAM.
ALL SPECIALS. MANY OTHERS.

FORD, 1917 Sedan, 1918 Dodge Sedan, 1917 Super Six Sedan, all in good condition. Telephone 785 Newburg.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring Car; Winter top, new tires; excellent condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 touring; A1 mechanical condition; new paint; new car; bargain. Phone E. E. Parrack, Columbus 8725.

HUDSON 1918 special de luxe sedan; a magnificent car, practically brand-new, at great sacrifice; cost $4,500; accept $3,200. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59th St.

HUDSON 1918 four-passenger Super Six; guaranteed same as new; bargain. Barclay 7446.

HUPMOBILE, 1917, 5-passenger, touring, first-class condition; must dispose of immediately; $650. Ask for Whitney's car, Commonwealth Garage, 132 East 41st. Call Phone 3076 Broad.

HUPMOBILE 1917 runabout, excellent condition. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

HUPMOBILE 1916 Roadster. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

INTERSTATE 1917 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

LANCIA 1916 limousine, A1 condition. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 B'way. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 1917 limousine, guaranteed same as new. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 1028.

MERCER or Oldsmobile coupe; will trade for quantity of ladies' silk underwear and lingerie. 1687 Broadway.

MERCER 1916 Landaulet. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

MURRAY enclosed drive limousine; touring car Victoria top, and 4-passenger; other makes. Morton W. Smith Co., Inc., 19 West 44th St., N. Y. Telephone 1138 Murray Hill.

NATIONAL 1918 7-passenger touring car; A1 condition. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 1028.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD 3-35, 7-passenger touring car for sale; is in first-class condition and has been run about 3,000 miles; no brokers or dealers. R 674 Times Downtown.

PACKARD.—Four-passenger coupe; body new, very handsome; absolutely up to date; bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 467 South Broadway, Yonkers.

PIERCE-ARROW, 48 h. p., 1915 touring; run 20,000 miles; excellent condition; three new Goodyear cord tires go with car; price $3,000; on view garage, 157 Milton Road, Rye, New York. Telephone 104 Rye. O. T. Paine.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 limousine, landaulet, also touring; bargains. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT.—Sacrifice for quick sale, 7 pass. touring; fine condition; wire wheels with spare; $650 cash. H 780 Times Downtown.

SELECT USED CARS.
De Dion Sedan; Westinghouse starter.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan

DR. E. M. STIRES QUITS MAYOR'S COMMITTEE

Rector of St. Thomas's Resents Hylan's Attitude in Letter Extolling Hearst.

SAYS SOLDIERS WILL JUDGE

Thinks They Will Not Tolerate "Almost Inflammatory Suggestions" Contained in the Note.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church, Fifty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, has refused to serve on the committee appointed by Mayor Hylan to welcome soldiers returning from Europe. In the letter declining the appointment, addressed to the Mayor's secretary, Dr. Stires makes the Mayor's attitude more a reason for the declination than the appointment of William Randolph Hearst as a member of the committee.

In a letter to Mr. Hearst made public yesterday, the Mayor said that only "profiteers" and "predatory wealth" were objecting to Mr. Hearst's membership on the committee and that Hearst was the stanchest friend of honest public officials and the most-hated enemy of profiteers in the country. The text of Dr. Stires's letter follows:

Dec. 24, 1918.

Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, City Hall, New York City:

My Dear Mr. Whalen: With regret I am compelled to ask you to hand to his Honor the Mayor my resignation as a member of the committee to welcome our home-coming troops. My action is not based upon Mr. Hearst's membership on that committee, though I deplored the Mayor's judgment in making such an appointment at such a sensitive time.

In a letter addressed to Mr. Hearst, and appearing in today's issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES, his Honor has chosen to make such an issue of Mr. Hearst and his policies as may not redound to the advantage of the editor, and is certain to evoke the just and immediate condemnation of good and intelligent Americans.

Condemns Approval of Hearst.

By implication, if not by direct charge, those who differ with the Mayor and Mr. Hearst are characterized in terms which, had he mentioned names, would have subjected him to prosecution, without the likelihood of the cases being dropped.

In fact, if such widespread guilt exists, in the certain knowledge of the Mayor, then his oath of office makes it his plain duty to take instant action, not merely in one or two instances, but in every case of serious violation of the rights of the people. His failure to do so cannot be atoned for by immoderate verbal abuse.

I have talked with soldiers along 200 miles of battlefront, from Ypres to Verdun. They are loyal, intelligent and just, quick to recognize the subtle forces of destruction and prompt in their hatred of the demagogue. These men may be fully trusted, and all entrenched insincerity, whether in or out of office, may well repent before their return.

Because of my association with these men I should esteem it a high honor to be a member of the city's official committee to welcome their happy homecoming, and I regret that his Honor's extraordinary action has defined a moral issue of national significance, which leaves me no alternative, for he declares that Mr. Hearst is "doing more than any other man in the United States to aid public officials to support and protect the people."

His Honor must be aware that there is profound and widespread differences of opinion upon this point, and that to make such a statement will not help Mr. Hearst, nor redound to the credit of the Mayor, nor minister to the peace and goodwill which should unite our people for the great work before us.

Suggestions "Almost Inflammatory."

I hesitate to call attention to certain expressions in the Mayor's letter which are almost inflammatory by suggestion. Our homecoming men will not easily tolerate such influences. It is a pleasure to accept in its entirety that closing paragraph of the Mayor's letter which uterly condemns all the rest of it. The Mayor says:

"This is a time when all patriotic and honest citizens should cast aside all political or religious differences and personal animosity, and rally to the welcome of our soldiers, sailors and marines who are returning home after their glorious victory on the field of battle."

We may well pray that this sentiment may soon become his Honor's deepest conviction, and that he may have the courageous logic of that conviction. Respectfully, yours,

ERNEST M. STIRES.

St. Thomas's is one of the largest and most influential Protestant Episcopal congregations in the New York Diocese, and Dr. Stires has been its rector for eighteen years.

The Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York also have protested against the appointment of Mr. Hearst. At a meeting of the Board of Managers, held at Fraunce's Tavern on Monday, with twenty-one of the twenty-five members present, a resolution was unanimously adopted saying that the board "learned with regret of the appointment of William Randolph Hearst as a member of the committee to welcome the men of the service returning from abroad." A copy of the resolution was sent to Mayor Hylan.

HUNGER DUE TO MILK COST.

Many Children In Ill-Health, Says Police Department Investigator.

Mrs. Mary A. Sullivan of the Police Department Welfare Bureau told Chief Magistrate McAdoo at the milk inquiry in the Criminal Court Building yesterday that her investigations of home conditions on the east and west sides had disclosed that hundreds of children were in ill-health and in a condition of semi-starvation because milk could not be provided for them, owing to the present high cost. She also exhibited photographs of fifteen children.

"One family in Norfolk Street, consisting of seven children, ranging in age from 13 to 1 year, has been unable to provide more than a bottle of milk for them all because the mother, their sole means of support, cannot afford more than 14 cents daily for milk," asserted Mrs. Sullivan. "A Spanish family in Front Street, having eight children, was found in a more deplorable condition because both parents have been ill at intervals."

Mrs. Sullivan told of many children kept from school by lack of sufficient clothing and food. She said she had reported the most distressing cases to Deputy Police Commissioner Ellen O'Grady, and together they planned to afford some relief. She also induced some of her friends to contribute relief, she said, as the Police Department has no funds for this work.

John D. Miller, a Director of the Dairymen's League, suggested at the hearing that milk consumers organize, but both Assistant District Attorney Dooling and Magistrate McAdoo said this would be impossible, and that the only relief for the public was to be had through the State and city authorities.

The hearing will continue on Friday.

PAROLES 96 PRISONERS.

New Jersey Court Orders Release Before Christmas.

Raymond E. Smith, former Treasurer of the Roseville Trust Company of Newark, who was serving a term of seven and a half years in the New Jersey State Prison for embezzlement, and former County Engineer George F. Drum, who was found guilty of manslaughter for shooting a policeman, were among ninety-six prisoners paroled yesterday by the New Jersey Court of Pardons.

Smith pleaded non vult to two indictments, one charging him with conspiracy to defraud the bank and the other with embezzlement. He was sentenced on July 27, 1914, by Chief Justice Gummere and was taken to Trenton to serve his terms on July 7, 1914. Drum shot a policeman in front of a saloon where earlier they had quarreled over a game of cards. He was tried for murder, but the jury returned the verdict of manslaughter. His term was to have been from five to ten years, and began on Jan. 22, 1914.

PASSES FOR N. J. OFFICIALS.

Secretary of State to Issue Them, Despite Federal Administration.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 24.—After a conference with Governor Edge, Secretary of State Martin announced today that he would issue certificates entitling certain State officials to ride free on railroads in the State, despite the Federal Railroad Administration's recent order cutting off passes. It will then be necessary for the railroads to pay the fares of passholders to the Railroad Administration.

The Secretary of State holds that the railroads, through legislative enactment, have contractural relations with the State by which the railroads are bound to recognize pass-riding officials. Of the 400 officials who have usually ridden free, about 200 will be cut off. Mr. Martin's passes will be issued only to those entitled to free transportation under the original railroad act and railroad revision. These include members of the Legislature, Judges and the Governor.

City College Delegates.

City College will have eight representatives at the annual convention of the National Collegiate Association to be held at the Hotel Astor Friday. Dr. Frederick A. Woll, director of physical education, will be the Lavender's active delegate, and the alternates will be Lionel E. MacKenzie, Joe Deering and Walter Williamson. This delegation will be supplemented by a faculty committee, consisting of Professor Nelson P. Mead, Dean Paul Saurel and Professor John Redmond.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, silver and gold dials, No. 1 to 24, Saturday, Dec. —, shopping district, Brooklyn; birthday gift from husband in France. Return to Mrs. Nieber, 1,353 50th St., Brooklyn. Borough Park 684-W. Liberal reward.

LOST—Dark green trunk, nearly square, for hats, shoes, and dresses, red marking M. S. B.; lost by Transportation Company between Baltimore and New York, Nov. 24, 1918. Finder please notify Hershey, 17 Battery Place. Telephone Rector 615.

LOST—Liberal reward and no questions asked for return of small black purse containing diamond ring, also box containing Tiffany brooch, on Liberty St. Return Room 1102, 114 Liberty St. Rector 3800.

LOST—At 5th Av., near 45th St., lady's beaded gray handbag containing roll of bills, glasses, vanity case, &c. Finder may keep money for return of same intact. Mrs. Clark Miller, 100 West 59th St.

LOST—Diamond ring, initialed "G. W. to R. S.," on Sunday, 50th St. subway or Lenox Av. train; liberal reward. Mrs. Winsel, 1,851 7[illegible] Av.

LOST—$25 reward; between 34th and 38th Sts., on 5th Av., gold octagonal wrist watch, marked B. S.; return Room 702, 2 West 47th St.

LOST—Dec. 24, at Mirror Candy Store, 5th Av., pocketbook with money and keys. Keep money; kindly return keys to Hotel Langdon, 5th Av. and 66th St.

LOST—Pair gold rosary beads, initials "A. O. B.," lost on Brooklyn train; liberal reward. Alice O'Brien, 665 Hammels St., Far Rockaway.

LOST—Black net evening dress, white bead trimming, Lexington Av., subway, Thursday. Reward. Martin, 501 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Tuesday, skunk muff, 59th St. to Madison Av., to 53d St., thence Bloomingdale's. Return 139 East 66th St. Stetson. Reward.

LOST—Between 57th and 47th Sts., on west side of 5th Av., gold mesh bag with sapphire clasp; liberal reward. Plaza 8656.

LOST—Gold mesh vanity bag, between Lexington and 6th Avs., 59th St. Liberal reward. Room 525, Great Northern Hotel.

LOST—Small suitcase, left in taxicab at 7 P. M. Wednesday. Return to F. W. French, 20 West 40th St.; reward.

LOST—Plain gold wrist watch, Sunday, between 83d and 46th Sts., Broadway car. Communicate Room 1225, 156 5th Av.

LOST—Street car, Tuesday, black net bag, containing eyeglasses and other articles. Reward. Dodds, 327 West 22d.

LOST—Appointment certificate, Corporal, U. S. Armory. Reward. D. Rollins, Hotel Collingwood.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, at Ritz, opera, or taxi.—Liberal reward return. Wood, 208 East 62d.

LOST—By sailor, Sunday, diamond ring, two sapphires. Heirloom. Reward. W 807 Times.

LOST—Diamond and platinum, initial N, on 5th Av., Dec. 21; return, receive reward: 420 Riverside Drive, Apt. 2H.

LOST—Bar pin in Macy box, probably at 57th St. and Lexington Av.; reward. Dr. Kross, 20 West 50th St.

LOST—Pearl bar pin, in Tiffany box. Suitable reward. Mrs. Paine, 50 West 47th St.

MISSING—Gold locket with two ivory miniatures, name Carleton; prized for association. Will pawnbroker receiving same communicate with owner, 50 Pine St.? John 614.

$150 REWARD,
no questions asked, return diamond and platinum brooch, containing 3 large and 32 small diamonds, pointed at both ends, lost Dec. 19, between West 62d and 72d Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD for sapphire and diamond bar pin, platinum mounting, lost on Dec. 20 between 5th Av. and 50th St. and Park Av. and 55th St. Return to Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 43d St.

$2,000 REWARD,
no questions asked, return pearl necklace containing about 93 pearls, with diamond clasp; lost Dec. 17. Marcus & Co. 5th Av. and 45th St.

Found.

FOUND — Dec. 6, vicinity Gramercy Park, bracelet. Communicate with S 327 Times.

"OKEH" the new ARROW FORM-FIT COLLAR
25 CENTS EACH
CLUETT, PEABODY & Co. Inc. Makers

100 CARTOONS
IN BOOK FORM BY W. A. Rogers
Henry Watterson says: "The book is at once a Reveille and a Revelation, a History and a Slogan, and ought to be in the hands of every patriotic American." Autographed Copies sent, postage paid, price $3.85
W. A. Rogers 148 W. 57 St New York City

MESSAGE TO COLUMBIA MEN

Issued by President Butler to All in Service.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University has issued this Christmas message to every Columbia man in the service:

"One year ago, when the burdens of war were new and the outlook doubtful, Alma Mater was glad to send you a Christmas message of encouragement and good cheer. Today, as Americans all over the world respond to the President's call to give thanks for their blessings, and their mercies, it is possible to send overseas a message of grateful appreciation, of exultation, and of satisfaction that the great task which was before the world in its fight against Teuton military autocracy has been successfully accomplished. Free men and free nations have shown that, given a little time, they could so organize and so arm themselves as to beat back the forces of the long-prepared and perfectly organized military autocracies. This means that freedom is safe on a foundation of strength.

"We are now to prove by our bearing in the presence of the problems of the future that freedom is also safe on the foundations of reasonableness, of sympathy, and of justice. Those who have offered their lives are now to be called upon to offer their minds and their souls. The sacrifices of war are over, but the sacrifices of peace are only now to begin. These are sacrifices that will put behind us selfishness, greed, and a willingness to exploit the souls and the bodies of other men. These are sacrifices that will turn our minds away from bigness, from numbers, and from accumulations to character, to quality, and to spiritual power. We should no longer think of large nations and small nations, but only of free nations, joyfully competing together in service to mankind and in revelation of new and unsuspected powers of helpfulness and progress.

"Patriotism will not be superseded by sentimentalism. Patriotism will have both a deeper and a finer meaning than it has ever had before. Love of country will not grow less but greater because of the demands that each country has made upon its sons and their ready and willing response to its call. A new international order will not supersede nations, quite the contrary. It will build upon them. The part which each free nation can play in the new international order will depend primarily upon its own self-consciousness, its own self-respect, its own pride, and its own zeal for service.

"You have aided, and powerfully aided, in giving to the world a peace that is to be based upon justice, and that will last so long as justice rules the hearts and guides the conduct of men. There can be no lasting peace without justice, and justice is the only sure, the safe, and quick path to durable peace."

CLARK FOR PRESIDENT.

Speaker's Friends in Congress Say He Will Be a Candidate in 1920.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Friends of Speaker Clark in Congress said to day that the Speaker would be a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination in 1920, although no formal announcement on the subject could be expected for some time. Mr. Clark himself said:

"I have no announcement to make except to say that I know nothing about it."

According to the story going the rounds at the Capitol, Mr. Clark will be supported by William Jennings Bryan, having reconciled differences that began at the Baltimore Convention in 1912, when Mr. Bryan threw his support to Mr. Wilson."

Positively All Sales Final

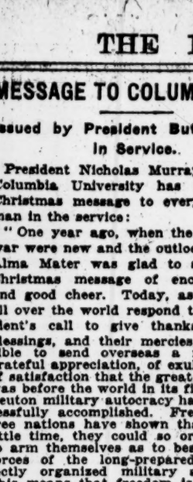
PAUL BERNARD
The Women's Shop for Values
22 EAST 34TH ST. ACROSS THE STREET FROM ALTMAN'S

Sale Thursday, Friday Saturday

Final Clearance Sale

Choice of Entire Stock

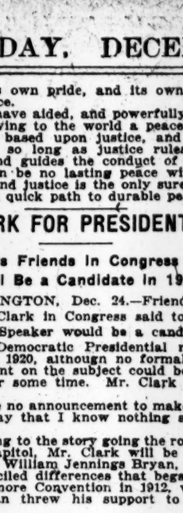
Afternoon, Dinner and Evening



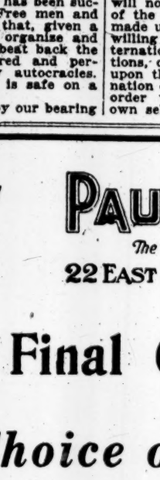
DRESSES

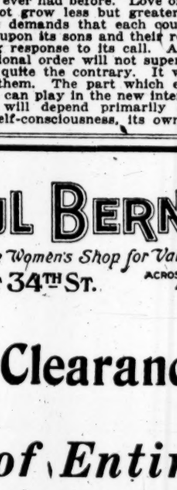
15.90

Regular Prices Were $25.00 to $75.00



On Sale Thursday Friday Saturday





Tailored

Heavily Embroidered

Elaborately Beaded

Tricotine | Tricolette | Georgette Crepe

Serge | Velveteen | Wool Velour

Crepe de Chine | Satin | Tulle

Beginning Tomorrow
We Offer Our Entire Stock of

Wallach Fancy Shirts

Excepting Plain White Shirts and Shirts with Collars Attached

At Prices that are Greatly

REDUCED

Woven and Printed Madras, formerly $2	$1.65	Fibre Silk and Silk Mixtures, formerly $5 and $6	$4.35
Silk Striped and Corded Effect Madras, formerly $2.50 & $3	1.95	Imported and Domestic Silks, formerly $6.50 and $7.50	5.95
Satin Striped Madras; Fibre Silks; formerly $3.50 and $4	2.95	Peau de Crepe and Jacquard Silks, formerly $8.50 and $9	7.65

Some of the more luxurious silks that were $10 and $12.50 are now $8.95; others that were $13.50 and $15 have been reduced to $10.65

The Wallach Label in Every Shirt is Your Guarantee of Perfect Satisfaction or Your Money Back

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

HEARN
Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

Christmas Greetings to All

Three Strong Features for HOLIDAY WEEK
DEC. 26TH TO 31ST

1st—ANNUAL APPAREL REDUCTION WEEK
2nd—ANNUAL "GIFT MONEY" SALES
3rd—A ROUSING THREE-DAY HOSIERY SALE

WOMEN'S AND MISSES'
COATS
An Apparel Reduction Week Sale

37.50

Our distinctive models for dress and practical wear are offered in this clearance sale at prices which are certain to charm every woman who needs a coat. Styles for women and misses, in the materials and models which the Winter has particularly favored.

Coats
Exceedingly smart, practical models of warm material, lined throughout with fancy silk—big, convertible collar, belt and pleated back are the outstanding style-features—colors are taupe, brown and Burgundy, also black—other coats at this price are in wool velour and cheviot—values $29.74 and $33.74 ..... 19.77

Plush Coats
Attractively made and lined—value $29.74 ..... 21.77

Misses' Fur Trimmed Coats
(One Model Illustrated.)
In various warm materials—with large shawl or sailor collars of raccoon or nutria—lined with fancy silks—value $49.74 ..... 37.50

No charge for alterations.

Apparel Week Reduction Sale
Smart Clothes for Junior Girls

These Comprehensive reductions include everything the young girl needs, from dress coats and frocks to the most practical play dresses.

Dress Coats
Of various warm materials—with velvet, plush or self trimming—pictureasque belts and collars—colors, navy, brown and green—8 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $17.94, $18.94 and $19.94 ..... 14.50

Winter Coats
Made of all-wool materials—full lined and very warm—majority trimmed with velvet—colors, Navy, brown and green—8 to 14—our reg. $14.94..... 10.00

Serge Dresses
Of fine quality all-wool serge—many styles to choose from—daintily trimmed dressy models—6 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $7.94 and $8.94 5.88

Serge Skirts
Navy blue serge skirts—full pleated models—cambric bodies—6 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $2.24..... 1.77

Middy Blouses
Of Lonsdale jean—white with pretty colored trimming—many styles—our reg. $1.94..... 1.66

Repp Dresses
Pink, blue and tan frocks, with pipings of white—large pockets and belts—8 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $1.24..... .88

Apparel Reduction Week Sale
BLOUSES

Everything that is exquisite in blouses, from the simplest to the most desirable styles, from the daintiest models in white and flesh to the darker toned costume shades, is offered at these really phenomenally low prices.

GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSES—white and costume shades—tucked and trimmed embroidery and beading—charming styles—our reg. $5.94 and $6.94.. 4.85

GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSES—beautiful models, featuring artistic color combinations, in contrasting material, as well as braid, embroidery, beading and other touches—our reg. $9.97.... 7.50

GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSES—lovely styles for wear with one's handsomest suit—many are lined throughout—all have a rich elaboration of fine embroidery, beading and original trimmings effects—these are some of our most exclusive blouses—our reg. $15.94 and $16.94.. 11.50

Apparel Reduction Week Values in
PETTICOATS

WOOL JERSEY PETTICOATS—with black sateen ruffle—our reg. $3.93..... 3.38

EXTRA SIZE PETTICOATS—Black Atlas cloth-top with taffeta flounce—well made with deep underlay ruffle and elastic belt—our reg. $6.93..... 5.50

BLACK PETTICOATS—cotton Jersey tops—silk ruffle—our reg. $2.93..... 2.50

SILK JERSEY PETTICOATS—black and colors—many different models, some showing introduction of contrast colors, others filled and shirred in new designs—our reg. $5.93..... 4.37

Apparel Reduction Week Values In
Boys' and Youths'
CLOTHING

"All wool and a yard wide" was the old time slogan for excellence. That is still our motto, for, in the face of a great scarcity, our splendid assortments have been kept up to the highest standards, in materials and in all the changes of style which the designers have put forth, and these we offer at prices which are below all competition. Just read these values:

LITTLE BOYS' OVERCOATS—wool khaki, chinchilla and fancy cheviot overcoatings—styles include coats which button to neck—full or half-belted and newest pockets—3 to 8 years in the lot—
Were $7.94 & $8.74..... 6.50 | Were $11.94..... 8.50
Were $9.74..... 7.50 | Were $13.50 and $14.50..... 10.00

BOYS' OVERCOATS—wool khaki, mixtures and cheviot overcoatings—double breasted models—belted back—convertible collar—12 to 18 years—
Our reg. $16.50..... 12.50 | Our reg. $19.50..... 16.50
Our reg. $18.50..... 14.50

LITTLE BOYS' MILITARY SUITS—khaki cloth—were $5.94 to $8.74..... Special 4.00.. 5.00

JUNIOR SUITS—sailor, trench, Russian and junior Norfolk models—in corduroy, velveteen, fancy mixtures, serge and velour—long and short trousers—various style collars—3 to 8 years—our reg. $5.94, $6.87 and $7.94..... 4.50 and 6.50

BOYS' SEMI-NORFOLK SUITS—in every variety of new patterns, color and novelties—excellent tailoring and finish—some have extra trousers—a number of different styles—9 to 18 years—
Our reg. $10.74..... 7.50
Our reg. $14.50..... 11.50
Our reg. $16.50..... 13.50
Our reg. $18.50..... 15.50

A Special Three-Day Sale
HOSIERY
Thursday—Friday—Saturday

A profitable way to make your gift money go far is afforded by this interesting sale. Stockings for every one. Prices cut to give record-breaking values.

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE—lisle silk, heel and toe—slight imperfections—price when perfect $1.35..... .97

WOMEN'S COTTON HOSE—black and white—double heel and toe—our reg. .28..... .21

CHILDREN'S HOSE—Black cotton—double heel and toe—our reg. .28..... .21

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE—black and white—our reg. .45..... .36

MEN'S HOSE—natural wool—medium weight—double heel and toe—our reg. .58..... .44

MEN'S COTTON HOSE—black and colors—our reg. .24..... .18

Apparel Reduction Week Sale
MILLINERY

Many exquisite models, trimmed and untrimmed, in the Winter's choicest styles, which we have priced to clear at the following remarkable values:

Trimmed Velvet Hats
Models for smart afternoon and evening wear, also strictly tailored styles—draped or simple shapes, suitable for every type—black and the season's favored colors—
our reg. $5.00 and $6.50... 3.25
our reg. $8.50..... 5.00
our reg. $10.00..... 7.50
our reg. $12.50 and $15.00.. 10.00

Ready-to-Wear Hats
A very attractive selection—our reg. $2.95 and $3.95.. 2.00

Untrimmed Hats
Velvets in various shapes—our reg. $1.87..... .74
our reg. $2.87..... 1.95
Trimmed free if materials are purchased here.

Girls' Hats
Youthful styles, daintily trimmed—our reg. $5.00 and $6.50..... 3.25

MORNING SPECIALS—Tomorrow (Thursday) Until 1 P. M.
To prevent dealers buying, quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

$7.94 Boys' Suits—9 to 17 yrs.....5.85
Semi-Norfolk models—dark gray and brown novelty mixtures.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$1.58 All Wool Epingles.....1.27
40-inch—poplin weave—Copenhagen, olive, myrtle, Havana and Seal brown, Burgundy, navy and black.
DRESS GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

$5.94 Little Boys' Suits.....4.85
Variety of junior model corduroys, velveteen and fancy mixtures — military, Eton or sailor collars.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$3.00 Men's Root Underwear.....2.35
Shirts—single breast—also Glastenbury—double breast shirts—drawers.
MEN'S UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.57 Extra Size Petticoats.....1.25
Black cotton—black—elastic fitted bands.
PETTICOATS—SECOND FLOOR.

$1.47 Crepe de Chines.....1.14
Double width—street and evening shades.
SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

48 ct. Curtain Madras.....35
36-inch—colored rosebud designs on cream grounds.
UPHOLSTERY—BASEMENT.

Apparel Week Reduction in
House Dresses and Kimonos
These are quality makes at economy prices.

SPECIAL PURCHASE OF EXTRA SIZE HOUSE DRESSES—Dainty, one-piece percale dresses, in neatest patterns of stripes and small plaids—shawl or sailor collars, variously shaped, made of white novelty material or colored chambray—one style is belted—cuffs and pockets are prettily made—48, 50, and 52—our reg. $3.74.... 2.85

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—flowered designs—elastic belt models—different styled collars—an attractive choice of colors—sizes 36 to 44—our reg. $2.24..... 1.74

FLANNELETTE KIMONOS—fine, fleecy quality—straight or elastic belt models—some with gathered backs—satin trimmed or scalloped collar—sizes 36 to 46—our reg. $3.24..... 2.57